### City of New Port Richey, Florida

# Comprehensive Annual Financial Report



Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2019

### City of New Port Richey, Florida

Council-Manager Form of Government

# Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2019

City Council

Robert Marlowe, Mayor

Jeff Starkey Chopper Davis Peter Altman Matt Murphy

City Manager

Debbie L. Manns

Prepared By: Finance Department

Crystal S. Feast, Finance Director

# City of New Port Richey, Florida

Listing of City Officials

As of September 30, 2019

### **Elected Officials**

Mayor-Council Member
Deputy Mayor-Council Member
Council Member
Council Member
Council Member

Robert Marlowe
Jeff Starkey
Chopper Davis
Peter Altman
Matt Murphy

### **Appointed Officials**

City Manager
City Attorney
Finance Director
Public Works Director
Police Chief
Fire Chief
Development Director
Economic Director
City Clerk
Parks & Recreation Director
Library Director

Debbie L. Manns
Timothy Driscoll
Crystal S. Feast
Robert Rivera
Kim Bogart
Christopher Fitch
George Romagnoli
Charles Rudd
Judy Meyers
Elaine Smith
Andrea Figart

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June 29, 2020

To the Honorable Mayor, Members of the City Council, City Manager and Citizens of the City of New Port Richey, Florida:

#### INTRODUCTION

The Finance Department is pleased to submit the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the City of New Port Richey, Florida, for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2019. This report is presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and was audited by an independent firm of certified public accountants, CliftonLarsonAllen LLP, as mandated by both local ordinances and State Statute. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the presented data and the completeness and fairness of the presented data, including all disclosures, rests with management of the City. We believe the data presented is accurate in all material respects and is reported in a manner designed to fairly set forth the financial position and results of operations of the City of New Port Richey as measured by the financial activity of its various funds.

Management of the City is responsible for establishing and maintaining a system of internal controls designed to ensure the assets of the City are protected from loss, theft or misuse and to ensure that adequate accounting data is compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The internal controls are designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that: (1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived; and (2) the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

Management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the independent auditors' report and provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the basic financial statements. The MD&A complements this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

#### CITY OF NEW PORT RICHEY PROFILE

The City of New Port Richey, incorporated in 1924, is located in Pasco County on Florida's central Gulf Coast, approximately thirty miles northwest of Tampa. The Gulf of Mexico coastline borders the west side and the Pithlachascotee River runs through the City. The City has a total area of 4.6 square miles and approximately 16,000 residents, which makes the City of New Port Richey the largest city in Pasco County. The City is empowered to levy a property tax on real property located within its boundaries. It is also empowered by state statute to extend its corporate limits by annexation, which it has done from time to time.

The City operates under the Council-Manager form of government. The City Council is comprised of the Mayor and four City Council Members and is responsible for enacting ordinances, resolutions, and regulations governing the City, as well as appointing members to various statutory and advisory boards. As chief administrative officer, the City Manager is responsible for implementing the City's policies and manages daily operations through an executive management staff.

The City provides a full range of municipal services, including police and fire protection, potable water, wastewater collection and treatment, reclaimed water, community planning, street repair and maintenance, stormwater repair and maintenance, recreation, parks, arts and library services.

#### LOCAL ECONOMY

The City of New Port Richey is the largest city in Pasco County, but is considered a small city by population standards. It is both a beautiful waterfront community with access to the Gulf of Mexico with an unmatched system of parks and recreation facilities and a City with an aging housing stock and challenges with employment opportunities for its residents.

The local economy has traditionally been centered on the medical community, hospitality and service industries. Historically a retirement community, the City's economy is in a transitional stage. The nursing homes, winter residences and empty nest retirees are still prominent, but many of the associated medical, legal, real estate, and other elder service providers have followed the eastward movement to areas with new housing. The City was fortunate to be chosen by Pasco County as the location for several development projects during FY 2016 and was identified by those experts as a prime location for a younger demographic. National demographic predictors have identified that Baby Boomers are integrating with emerging Millennials exceptionally well and at a rapid pace, which may bode well for the City.

There are many areas in the City that will qualify for Community Development Block Funds and other incentives and Pasco County has targeted the Commercial Highway Corridor of US Highway 19 for economic investment.

#### LONG-TERM FINANCIAL PLANNING

The City Council is required to adopt an operating budget for the fiscal year. The annual budget serves as the foundation for the City's financial planning and control. All departments of the City are required to submit requests to the City Manager. The City Manager uses these requests as the starting point for developing the proposed budget. The City Manager, with the assistance of the Finance Director, then presents the proposed budget to the City Council for review during several budget work sessions throughout the summer months. The City Council is required to hold public hearings on the proposed budget and to adopt a final budget no later than September 30<sup>th</sup>, the close of the City's fiscal year. The appropriated budget is prepared by fund and department. The City Manager may transfer resources within a department as needed. Transfers between departments, however, need special approval from the governing council. Budget-to-actual comparisons are provided in this report for each individual governmental fund for which an appropriated annual budget has been adopted.

By charter, the City prepares a maintains a five-year Capital Improvement Program (CIP), which serves as its planning document to ensure that its facilities, equipment, and infrastructure are well maintained and operating in peak condition. This process gives the City the ability to plan for its capital needs and allocate short- and long-term resources appropriately. As part of this process, the City identifies and quantifies the operational costs associated with its capital projects and budgets resources accordingly. The fiscal year 2018-2019 Capital Improvement Program anticipates approximately \$14.4 million in capital projects, which included approximately \$463,000 for stormwater utility projects, \$4.1 million in water & sewer improvement projects, \$3.0 million in street improvement projects, \$3.1 million in public safety and public facility projects, \$1.1 million in recreational and environmental projects, \$1.1 million for transportation projects, and \$1.5 million for various economic development and community redevelopment projects.

The City Council must adopt a Capital Improvement Program in accordance with requirements of the City Charter and the State of Florida. The CIP is an integral component of the City's financial management system, but does not appropriate funds. Projections are updated and the first year's projects are incorporated into the adopted operating budget.

The City of New Port Richey is projected to remain in relatively stable but fair financial condition over the next several years. The City's responsible fiscal policies have placed the City in a better financial condition than it was in several years ago.

Ending fund balances are deemed adequate, with the exception of the Community Redevelopment Fund. Overall, Governmental fund balances have inched up slightly in the past five years, primarily due to conservative spending by city management and the City Council.

#### RELEVANT FINANCIAL POLICIES

The City Council has adopted sound accounting policies to guide the City's financial activities. Policy descriptions are included in the Financial Statements section of the CAFR. Policies cover the following areas:

- Operating Budget
- Purchasing
- Revenues
- Reserves
- Debt
- Investment Management

- Accounting, Auditing & Financial Reporting
- Long-term Financial Planning
- Capital Improvements

Additional financial management policies are included in the Adopted Budget document each year.

#### **INDEPENDENT AUDIT**

The City Charter requires an annual audit of the City's financial statements by independent accountants, selected by the City Council. This requirement has been complied with and the independent auditors' report is included in the financial section of this report.

#### **AWARDS AND ACKNOWLEDGMENTS**

The City received the GFOA's Distinguished Budget Presentation Award for its FY 2019 annual budget. To qualify for the Distinguished Budget Presentation Award, the government's budget document had to be judged proficient as a policy document, a financial plan, an operations guide, and a communications medium.

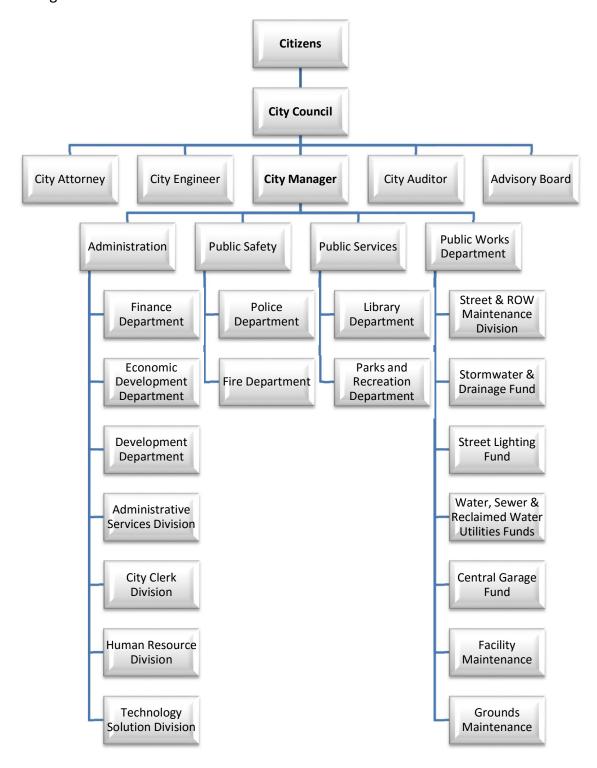
This report represents countless hours of preparation and could not have been accomplished without the dedicated efforts of the employees in the Finance Department. We wish to thank all government departments for their assistance in providing the data necessary to prepare this report. Credit also is due to the Mayor and the City Council for their unfailing support for maintaining the highest standards of professionalism in the management of the City's finances.

Respectfully submitted,

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Crystal S. Feast Finance Director

#### Citywide Organization Chart





#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor, Members of the City Council, and City Manager
City of New Port Richey, Florida

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of New Port Richey, Florida (the City), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the Police Officers' Retirement System and the Firefighters' Pension Plan, which represent 100% of the total assets, total revenues, and total net position of these pension trust funds and represent 92% of the total assets, 45% of the total revenues, and 95% of the total net position of the aggregate remaining fund information. Those financial statements were audited by other auditors whose reports thereon have been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it related to the amounts included for those components, is based solely on the reports of other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.



To the Honorable Mayor, Members of the City Council, and City Manager
City of New Port Richey, Florida

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, based on our audit and the reports of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City as of September 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof, for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Other Matters

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that management's discussion and analysis (MD&A), budgetary comparison schedules for the general fund and community redevelopment agency fund, and pension and other postemployment benefit schedules as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, and budget and actual schedules and statistical section, as listed in the table of contents, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and budget and actual schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

To the Honorable Mayor, Members of the City Council, and City Manager
City of New Port Richey, Florida

The introductory section and the statistical section have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 29, 2020, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Tampa, Florida June 29, 2020 MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

#### INTRODUCTION

The City of New Port Richey's (the City's) Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) was prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) applicable to government entities. This Management's Discussion and Analysis report (MD&A) is required supplementary information (RSI), which must be presented to remain in compliance with GAAP. Additional RSI is also included throughout the CAFR. The CAFR and MD&A are published and hereby distributed to inform all interested parties of the activities undertaken and the financial resources committed over the fiscal year which began on October 1, 2018 and ended on September 30, 2019. While some interested parties may require more details of the City's operations, this MD&A has been prepared to provide most readers with enough analysis to inform them of the City's general financial condition at the conclusion of the stated fiscal year.

The MD&A presents an overview of financial information included in the CAFR. Readers are encouraged to consider MD&A information in conjunction with information provided in the basic financial statements, the Letter of Transmittal, and the notes to the financial statements.

#### **FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS**

- ♦ The City's total assets and deferred outflows of resources (\$142.7 million) exceeded total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources (\$43.2 million) by \$99.5 million at year-end (net position). Of this amount, \$24.6 million (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The City's total net position increased over prior period by \$8.8 million or 9.7%.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$11,527,395, a decrease of \$391,452 in comparison to prior year's fund balance.
- The City's total debt for revenue bonds and notes increased by \$7,031,283 or 42.4% during the fiscal year. This increase is net of the addition of new W&S Revenue Bonds, Series 2019, which was used to fund the purchase of the Orangewood Utility System and other water and sewer construction projects, and the repayment of principal.

#### **COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT (CAFR) OVERVIEW**

As shown in Graph 1, the CAFR is organized into four main sections. The Financial Section is the CAFR's main section and is organized into three subsections, as shown in Graph 2.





The discussion and analysis provided here are intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements consist of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) the notes to financial statements. This report also includes supplementary information intended to furnish additional detail to support the basic financial statements themselves.

**Government-Wide Financial Statements.** The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents financial information on all of the City's assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows/outflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). The governmental activities of the City include general government, public safety, public works, and culture and recreation. The business-type activities of the City include water & sewer utilities and stormwater utilities.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the City itself, but also a legally separate community redevelopment agency for which the City is financially accountable. Financial information for this component unit is blended into the financial statements of the primary government as a special revenue fund.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 18-21 of this report.

**Fund Financial Statements.** A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, or fiduciary funds.

**Governmental Funds**. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in assessing a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The City maintains six individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund, the community redevelopment fund, debt service fund, and capital projects fund, which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other two governmental funds are combined into a single aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements in the combining and individual fund statements and schedules section of this report.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 22-25 of this report.

**Proprietary Funds**. The City maintains two different types of proprietary funds. *Enterprise funds* are used to report the same functions presented as *business-type activities* in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprises funds to account for its water & sewer utility operations and stormwater utility operations. *Internal service funds* are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City's various functions. The City uses internal service funds to account for the repair and maintenance of its vehicle fleet. Because this service predominantly benefits governmental rather than business-type functions, they have been included within *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the water & sewer operations and the stormwater operations, both of which are considered to be major funds of the City. The internal service fund is also presented separately in the proprietary fund financial statements.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 26-29 of this report.

**Fiduciary Funds**. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside of the government. Fiduciary funds are *not* reported in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds *are* not available to support the City's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds. The fiduciary fund financial statements include the pension plans of the City.

The fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on pages 30-31 of this report.

**Notes to Financial Statements**. The notes provide additional information that is necessary to acquire a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 33-78 of this report.

**Other Information**. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents *required supplementary information* concerning the City's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension and OPEB benefits to its employees and budgetary comparison schedules for the major governmental funds. Required supplementary information can be found on pages 81-92 of this report.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information. Combining and individual fund statements and schedules can be found on pages 95-98 of this report.

#### **GOVERNMENT WIDE-FINANCIAL ANALYSIS**

**Summary Statement of Net Position.** Net position over time may serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. For the current year, the City's assets and deferred outflows exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows by \$99.5 million. The following table reflects the condensed Statement of Net Position compared to the prior year. Throughout this report, increases and decreases are reflected based on current year impacts.

		G	vernmental																		
			Activities			Activities							Total								
	 2019		2018		2017	2019 2018 2017					2019		2018		2017						
Current assets	\$ 15,239,387	\$	14,740,132	\$	16,195,364	\$	20,920,691	\$	11,051,887	\$	9,411,045	\$	36,160,078	\$	25,792,019	\$	25,606,409				
Capital assets	42,661,524		39,672,828		36,427,594		49,892,559		49,226,114		49,871,698		92,554,083		88,898,942		86,299,292				
Other noncurrent assets	4,356,286		18,650		-		5,471,445		6,016,399		6,535,255		9,827,731		6,035,049		6,535,255				
Total assets	62,257,197		54,431,610		52,622,958		76,284,695		66,294,400		65,817,998		138,541,892		120,726,010		118,440,956				
Deferred Outflows	3,593,879		4,042,464		5,157,099		560,748		731,346		808,155		4,154,627		4,773,810		5,965,254				
												_									
Current liabilities	3,808,079		2,928,056		3,309,529		3,797,612		2,305,202		2,595,300		7,605,691		5,233,258		5,904,829				
Noncurrent liabilities	16,836,454		18,485,590		19,700,269		15,258,448		8,470,999		8,737,018		32,094,902		26,956,589		28,437,287				
Total liabilities	20,644,533		21,413,646		23,009,798		19,056,060		10,776,201		11,332,318		39,700,593		32,189,847		34,342,116				
Deferred Inflows	3,344,482		2,393,269		1,356,046		200,068		258,165		129,421		3,544,550		2,651,434		1,485,467				
Net position:																					
Net investment in																					
capital assets	32,085,630		28,997,102		25,979,394		34,752,277		42,368,692		42,717,025		66,837,907		71,365,794		68,696,419				
Restricted	4,405,687		4,734,833		5,953,485		3,633,277		3,429,235		3,429,235		8,038,964		8,164,068		9,382,720				
Unrestricted	5,370,744		935,224		1,481,334		19,203,761		10,193,453		9,018,154		24,574,505		11,128,677		10,499,488				
Total net position	\$ 41,862,061	\$	34,667,159	\$	33,414,213	\$	57,589,315	\$	55,991,380	\$	55,164,414	\$	99,451,376	\$	90,658,539	\$	88,578,627				

By far, the largest portion of the City's net position, \$66,837,907 (72.0%), reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery, equipment, vehicles, and infrastructure), less any related outstanding debt that was used to acquire those assets. The City uses these capital assets to provide a variety of services to its citizens. Accordingly, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources used to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional portion of the City's net position, \$8,038,964 (8.7%), represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used (e.g. for debt and capital improvements). Restricted net position decreased by \$125,104 during the year, mainly due to completion of street improvement projects.

The remaining balance represents the City's unrestricted net position. As of September 30, 2019, the City's unrestricted net position was \$24,574,505, an increase of \$13,445,828 from the previous fiscal year-end. This portion of net position may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to its citizens and creditors.

**Summary Statement of Activities.** The manner in which the City's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year is reflected in the statement of activities, a summary of which is shown in the table below. This schedule compares the revenues, expenses and other sources/uses of funds for the current and previous fiscal year and divides the activities between governmental activities and business-type activities.

			overnmental Activities		Business Type Activities						(	Gov	Primary ernment Total	
		2019	2018	2017	_	2019		2018	2017		2019		2018	2017
Revenues:									<u>.</u>					<u>.</u>
Program Revenues:														
Charges for services	\$	3,965,096	\$ 3,956,099 \$	3,280,464	\$	15,249,322	\$	14,494,331 \$	13,649,846	\$	19,214,418	\$	18,450,430 \$	16,930,310
Operating grants and														
contributions		721,346	1,015,975	935,042		-		-	-		721,346		1,015,975	935,042
Capital grants and														
contributions		393,313	189,541	140,457		30,000		-	55,337		423,313		189,541	195,794
General Revenues:														
Taxes		13,986,772	13,013,856	12,359,195		-		-	-		13,986,772		13,013,856	12,359,195
State revenue sharing		1,908,488	1,850,325	1,794,217		-		-	-		1,908,488		1,850,325	1,794,217
Investment income		14,577	(339,826)	(732,379)		488,250		421,809	409,836		502,827		81,983	(322,543)
Miscellaneous		822,001	736,011	158,389		19,734		17,357	124,065		841,735		753,368	282,454
Total revenues		21,811,593	20,421,981	17,935,385		15,787,306		14,933,497	14,239,084		37,598,899		35,355,478	32,174,469
Expenses:									<u>.</u>					<u>.</u>
General government		5,451,679	5,122,749	5,255,579		-		-	-		5,451,679		5,122,749	5,255,579
Public safety		6,542,323	10,713,611	9,867,703		-		-	-		6,542,323		10,713,611	9,867,703
Public works		3,021,911	3,004,870	2,959,339		-		-	-		3,021,911		3,004,870	2,959,339
Culture and recreation		3,603,000	3,524,029	3,422,156		-		-	-		3,603,000		3,524,029	3,422,156
Interest on long-term debt		244,708	260,118	282,297		-		-	-		244,708		260,118	282,297
Water, reclaimed water,														
and sewer		-	-	-		9,422,740		8,336,216	8,459,773		9,422,740		8,336,216	8,459,773
Stormwater utility		-	-	-		519,701		838,209	675,874		519,701		838,209	675,874
Total expenses		18,863,621	22,625,377	21,787,074		9,942,441		9,174,425	9,135,647		28,806,062		31,799,802	30,922,721
Insurance proceeds		-	43,826	-		-		-	-		-		43,826	-
Transfers	_	4,246,930	4,697,700	5,236,119		(4,246,930)		(4,697,700)	(5,236,119)		-		-	-
NET INCREASE(DECREASE)														
IN NET POSITION		7,194,902	2,538,130	1,384,430		1,597,935		1,061,372	(132,682)		8,792,837		3,599,502	1,251,748
Net position - beginning of year		34,667,159	32,129,029	32,029,783	_	55,991,380		54,930,008	55,297,096		90,658,539		87,059,037	87,326,879
Net position - end of year	\$	41,862,061	\$ 34,667,159 \$	33,414,213	\$	57,589,315	\$	55,991,380 \$	55,164,414	\$	99,451,376	\$	90,658,539 \$	88,578,627

The City's overall net position increased \$5,193,335 from the prior fiscal year. The reasons for this overall increase are discussed in the following sections for governmental activities and business-type activities.

**Governmental Activities**. During the current fiscal year, net position for governmental activities increased \$7,194,902 from the prior fiscal year for an ending balance of \$41,862,061.

Total revenues for the City's governmental activities increased by \$1,389,612 over prior year. Key elements are as follows:

- ♦ Program Revenues decreased by \$81,860 or 1.6%.
  - Charges for Services increased by only \$8,997, which demonstrates minimal change in the services provided by the City and those that received the services.
  - Operating and capital grants and contributions decreased by \$90,857, mainly due to expiration of three grants received from Florida Department of Transportation.
- ♦ General Revenues increased by \$1,471,472 or 9.6%.
  - Taxes increased by \$972,916, as a result of increased property values and better economic conditions.
  - State Revenue Sharing increased by \$58,163.
  - o Investment Income increased by \$354,403, due to the smaller write down of certain property held for resale in the current year compared to the write down in the previous year.

Expenditures for the City's governmental activities decreased by \$3,761,756 or 16.6%. The key element of this net decrease is related to a decline of Public Safety expenditures, which decreased by \$4,171,288. This decrease can be attributed to pension assets recorded for the Police and Firefighter Retirement Funds offset with an increase in payroll costs and the purchase of capital equipment that was not purchased in the previous fiscal year. There were increases in the General Government, Public Works, and Culture and Recreation expenses, which subtracted from the overall decrease in expenditures.

**Business-Type Activities.** Business-type activities resulted in an increase in the City's net position by \$1,597,935.

Revenues for the City's business-type activities increased by \$853,809. The key elements are as follows:

- ♦ *Program Revenues* increased by \$784,991or 5.4%.
  - Charges for services increased by \$754,991. This is a result of an annual 4% increase of water and sewer rates charged to customers. During the fiscal year, the City purchased a new utility system, so part of the increase is also due to an increase in utility customers.
  - Capital grants and contributions increased by \$30,000, due to the receipt of grants from the Southwest Florida Water Management District for the reimbursement of stormwater related costs.

Expenses for the City's business-type activates increased by \$768,016, or 8.4%. The key element of this net change is related to an increase in the cost to provide water and sewer management services.

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

**Governmental Funds**. The focus of the City's *governmental funds* is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for discretionary use as they represent the portion of fund balance which has not yet been limited to use for a particular purpose by either an external party, the City itself, or a group or individual that has been delegated authority to assign resources for use for particular purposes by the City's Council.

At September 30, 2019, the City's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$11,527,395, a decrease of \$391,452 in comparison to prior year's fund balance. This balance represents *nonspendable*, restricted, committed, assigned, or unassigned, which indicate that the funds are 1) not in spendable form, 2) restricted for particular purposes, 3) committed for particular purposes, 4) assigned for particular purposes, or 5) available for spending at the City's discretion.

The City is reporting four major governmental funds: General, Redevelopment, Debt Service and Capital Projects, which comprise the majority of the City's governmental activities. To be classified as a major fund, a fund must report at least 10% of the City's total governmental funds' assets plus deferred outflows, liabilities plus deferred inflows, revenues or expenses, and must report at least 5% of the City's total governmental funds' plus enterprise funds' total assets plus deferred outflows, liabilities plus deferred inflows, revenues or expenses. The 10% and 5% tests must be passed for the same element (e.g., for assets) and the tests need only be passed for one of the four elements.

**General Fund.** The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At the end of the current fiscal year, unrestricted fund balance of the general fund was \$2,674,063, inclusive of committed fund balance for emergency reserve and assigned fund balance for future expenditures. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both non-spendable and restricted fund balance as well as unrestricted fund balance to total general fund expenditures. Fund balance that is either non-spendable (advances, inventories, and prepaids) or restricted for a specific purpose is 43.8% of total general fund expenditures, while unrestricted fund balance is 13.0% of total general fund expenditures.

General Fund balance decreased by \$538,165 during the current year. Key elements of the decrease are as follows:

- Expenditures of \$20,516,412 increased by \$627,667, or 3.2% compared to the prior year.
  - General Government increased by \$417,145 compared to the prior year. This can be attributed to an increase in expenditures related to the conversion of the City's ERP software system.

The following table presents the General Fund's largest revenues components for the past five years, excluding transfers and extraordinary revenues. These revenues comprise 80% - 100% of General Fund revenues, which means any changes can significantly impact the General Fund.

As indicated in the table below, most major sources of funds increased, representing some economic growth in the City.

	FY 2015		FY 2016	 FY 2017	FY 2018	 FY 2019
Property taxes	\$ 4,510,864	\$	4,476,414	\$ 4,561,087	\$ 4,693,290	\$ 4,975,974
Utility taxes/franchise fees	1,247,460		1,174,076	1,279,322	2,756,644	2,983,567
Communications taxes	656,780		651,949	655,342	674,449	647,355
State shared revenue	2,000,972		2,060,565	2,137,479	2,202,397	2,237,609
Grants and contributions	336,758		583,788	459,397	390,304	821,346
Other revenues	2,904,603		3,987,227	3,435,186	4,030,132	4,125,628
Total	\$ 11,657,437	\$	12,934,019	\$ 12,527,813	\$ 14,747,216	\$ 15,791,479

Of the sources presented in the graph, only property taxes and charges for services can be increased by the City. All other revenues presented are uncontrollable by the City, because: rates are set at the maximum amount allowed by law; the tax base cannot be expanded by the City; revenue is based on a predetermined fixed formula; or, revenue is determined by contract.

**Capital Improvement Fund.** The One-Cent *Penny for Pasco* local discretionary infrastructure surtax was originally approved for a 10-year period beginning in January 2005 and ending December 31, 2014. A voter referendum in November, 2012 approved a second ten-year term for this surtax which will be effective until December 31, 2024.

The "Penny for Pasco" revenue may be expended to: finance, plan and construct infrastructure; acquire land; and purchase public safety vehicles and equipment with a life expectancy of at least five years. Revenue cannot be used for operating costs, such as salaries, utilities, or repairs, including the operating costs related to the projects constructed or purchased with P4P revenue.

The following table presents *Penny for Pasco* revenue for the past five years.

Penny for Pasco	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019
Revenues	\$ 2,003,421	\$ 2,186,944	\$ 2,262,697	\$ 2,409,524	\$ 2,632,026

Projections from Pasco County indicate that the City's share of *Penny for Pasco* will continue to grow in 2019 and beyond.

The Capital Improvement Program (CIP) Fund's total fund balance increased by \$43,850 in comparison to prior year's fund balance. Fund balance in the CIP Fund can vary widely, due to the variability of capital projects between years. Any increase in available fund balance increases the City's flexibility to consider future major capital projects.

#### CAPITAL ASSETS, INFRASTRUCTURE, AND DEBT

**Capital assets.** The City's investment in capital assets is summarized below for the past three fiscal years, including additions and deletions during the year. Additional information on all capital assets can be found in Note F of the CAFR. No major changes in capital assets are reported from the prior year.

	Governmental					Business Type							Primary						
				Activities				Activities						Government					
		2019		2018		2017		2019		2018		2017		2019		2018		2017	
Land, land rights, and improvements	\$	5,540,752	\$	3,822,002	\$	3,822,012	\$	1,220,787	\$	1,220,787	\$	1,220,787	\$	6,761,539	\$	5,042,789	\$	5,042,799	
Building and improvements		27,954,422		27,541,630		25,200,593		36,324,433		35,093,677		34,937,090		64,278,855		62,635,307		60,137,683	
Improvements other than buildings		11,023,798		10,959,336		10,588,896		-		-		-		11,023,798		10,959,336		10,588,896	
Machinery and equipment		12,477,922		11,838,648		11,947,894		7,127,237		5,716,734		5,226,931		19,605,159		17,555,382		17,174,825	
Infrastructure		25,418,883		22,242,546		21,137,245		45,631,130		44,432,572		44,021,241		71,050,013		66,675,118		65,158,486	
Less: Accumulated depreciation		(43,145,066)		(40,779,036)		(39,117,896)		(41,620,418)		(39,415,870)		(37,603,221)		(84,765,484)		(80,194,906)		(76,721,117)	
Sub-total		39,270,711		35,625,126		33,578,744		48,683,169		47,047,900		47,802,828		87,953,880		82,673,026		81,381,572	
Construction in progress		3,390,813		4,047,702		2,848,850		1,209,390		2,178,214		2,068,870		4,600,203		6,225,916		4,917,720	
Total	\$	42,661,524	\$	39,672,828	\$	36,427,594	\$	49,892,559	\$	49,226,114	\$	49,871,698	\$	92,554,083	\$	88,898,942	\$	86,299,292	

**Long-term liabilities.** The cornerstone of a city's good financial condition is a conservative debt policy. At year-end, the City reported total loans outstanding of approximately \$23.6 million compared to \$16.6 million at the end of the prior year. The City also has other long-term liabilities such as Compensated Absences payable (unused vacation leave), Other Postemployment Benefits payable (implicit "subsidized" retiree healthcare premiums), and other items as listed in Note I in the CAFR.

The following table presents the City's loans outstanding for Governmental Activities and Business-type Activities (Water-Sewer Fund). Total loans outstanding increased approximately \$7.0 million. Details on all long-term loans are included in Note G in the CAFR.

			Totals	
		2019	2018	2017
Governmental:	' <u>-</u>		 	
Redevelopment note, Series 2016	\$	9,080,000	\$ 9,720,000	\$ 10,345,000
Sub-total	\ <u>-</u>	9,080,000	9,720,000	10,345,000
Business Type:				
W&S Revenue bond, Series 2012		5,226,248	5,807,261	6,373,551
W&S Revenue bond, Series 2017A		665,000	712,000	758,000
W&S Revenue bond, Series 2019		8,378,000	-	-
Capital lease, Equipment		251,700	330,404	-
Sub-total		14,520,948	6,849,665	7,131,551
Total	\$	23,600,948	\$ 16,569,665	\$ 17,476,551

The City now maintains a "pay-as-you-go" policy for most capital purchases. Borrowing is only used for large, infrequent capital projects after considering many factors, including the City's ability to repay the debt, prioritization of needs versus wants and the related asset's useful life. A measure of a City's debt levels is the amount of debt outstanding compared to the cost of the City's capital assets.

#### **ECONOMIC CONDITIONS, NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET, AND NEXT YEAR'S RATES**

**Economic Conditions.** The City is cautiously optimistic about future conditions, excluding the impact from the COVID-19 pandemic, which is projected to be significant, but hopefully for only a short-term. Subsequent to year-end, the World Health Organization declared the spread of Coronavirus Disease (COVID-19) a worldwide pandemic. The COVID-19 pandemic is having significant effects on global markets, supply chains, businesses, and communities. Management believes the City is taking appropriate actions to mitigate negative impact. However, the full impact of COVID-19 is unknown and cannot be reasonably estimated as these events occurred subsequent to year-end and are still developing.

The City's capital assets are in good condition and replacement provisions have been made in the City's long-term financial plan. The housing market is gradually growing stronger and unemployment is at an historical low.

As a mature city, New Port Richey has a well-established base of quality services. The City's future challenge will be to maintain its service quality with continued declining revenues.

**Next Year's Budget and Rates.** The 2020 property tax rate has been reduced to 8.7500 mills, from 8.9000 mills in the previous year.

Most major revenues are projected to exhibit low or no growth, while many costs are projected to continue to increase, including fuel, health insurance, and pension expenses. However, pension expenses are heavily dependent on investment returns, which can be volatile.

The FY 2020 budget includes cost of living raises for non-represented employees and as allowable for firefighters and police officers for the first time in five years.

Fund balance is projected to remain steady in the General Fund and in most Government funds. The Redevelopment fund will see declines due to the levels of assigned debt. The Utility funds will continue to see increase in net position.

The City is faced with balancing growth in some revenue categories against others that can be highly volatile with significant fluctuations through economic cycles. As such, a thoughtful and disciplined approach to budgeting and spending is necessary.

**Long-Term Projections.** Most of the City's major tax rates are set at the maximum amounts allowed by law; therefore, growth is dependent on the growth in the tax base, which is projected to be negligible for most revenues. Competitive pressures have limited growth in the communications services tax base.

The most critical element on the horizon is the City's commitment to exploring all viable alternatives to enhance the commercial infrastructure within the city limits, to encourage future economic growth and future economic opportunities.

**Economic Condition Summary.** The City of New Port Richey has addressed the continuation of the prolonged period of economic weakness with numerous budget reductions and currently remains in a strong financial condition and maintains adequate fund balances. The City has also maintained city facilities and infrastructure and the City's workforce is highly trained and productive.

The City maintains a diversified revenue base, which helps mitigate revenue reductions in a single source and has significant operating flexibility to reduce most costs, because most general government costs are variable. However, additional cost reductions cannot be made as easily as over the past few years, due to several years of budget reductions.

#### REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This CAFR provides an overview of the City of New Port Richey's financial position, financial condition, and results of operations as of and for the year ended September 30, 2019. More financial information, including a copy of the City's Annual Operating Budget and the City's Long-term Financial Plan and Capital Improvements Program can be obtained from the City's website, at: www.citynpr.org. Telephone inquiries may be directed to the Finance Director at (727) 853-1053. Written questions requests for information may be addressed to the Finance Director, 5919 Main Street, New Port Richey, FL 34652 or may be emailed to the Finance Director at: nprfinance@cityofnewportrichey.org.

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#### **BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The basic financial statements include the government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and notes to the financial statements. The government-wide financial statements present financial information about the reporting government as a whole, except for its fiduciary activities. The fund financial statements present financial information about major funds individually and nonmajor funds in the aggregate for the governmental and enterprise funds and the fiduciary funds in the aggregate. The notes to the financial statements present information essential for fair presentation of the financial statements that is not displayed on the face of the financial statements.

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#### CITY OF NEW PORT RICHEY, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
ASSETS			
CURRENT ASSETS			
Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments	\$ 10,398,390	\$ 12,687,617	\$ 23,086,007
Restricted Assets:			
Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments			
Impact Fees	-	3,633,277	3,633,277
Customer Deposits	-	1,206,742	1,206,742
Receivables (Net of Allowance):			
Accounts, Billed	566,933	2,045,681	2,612,614
Taxes	293,842	-	293,842
Special Assessments	41,567	1,453	43,020
Note Receivable - Current Portion	- 	544,954	544,954
Due from Other Governments	1,485,698	429,268	1,914,966
Redevelopment Properties Held for Resale	2,344,368	<b>-</b>	2,344,368
Inventories - at Cost	103,547	371,699	475,246
Prepaid Items	5,042		5,042
Total Current Assets	15,239,387	20,920,691	36,160,078
NONCURRENT ASSETS			
Capital Assets:			
Nondepreciable	8,931,565	2,430,177	11,361,742
Depreciable, Net of Accumulated Depreciation	33,729,959	47,462,382	81,192,341
Note Receivable - Long-Term Portion	-	5,471,445	5,471,445
Net Pension Asset	4,356,286		4,356,286
Total Noncurrent Assets	47,017,810	55,364,004	102,381,814
Total Assets	62,257,197	76,284,695	138,541,892
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Pension Related Amounts	3,540,658	550,284	4,090,942
OPEB Related Amounts	53,221	10,464	63,685
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	3,593,879	560,748	4,154,627

#### CITY OF NEW PORT RICHEY, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION (CONTINUED) SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
LIABILITIES			
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Accounts Payable	\$ 2,332,474	\$ 761,135	\$ 3,093,609
Accrued Liabilities	586,812	104,851	691,663
Due to Other Governments	20,927	53,475	74,402
Customer Deposits		1,206,742	1,206,742
Unearned Revenue	110,214	84,156	194,370
Current Portion of:	-,	, , , , ,	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Revenue Bonds Payable	-	1,482,120	1,482,120
Capital Lease Payable - Current Portion	_	81,247	81,247
Redevelopment Revenue Notes Payable	657,000	-	657,000
Net Pension Liability	30,049	8,976	39,025
Net OPEB Obligation - Current Portion	53,274	10,413	63,687
Compensated Absences	17,329	4,497	21,826
Total Current Liabilities	3,808,079	3,797,612	7,605,691
NONCHEDENT LIABILITIES			
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES		40 707 400	40 707 400
Revenue Bonds Payable	-	12,787,128	12,787,128
Capital Lease Payable	9 422 000	170,453	170,453
Redevelopment Revenue Notes Payable	8,423,000	1 726 500	8,423,000
Net OPER Obligation	5,339,933	1,726,598	7,066,531
Net OPEB Obligation	2,612,758	510,676	3,123,434
Compensated Absences Total Noncurrent Liabilities	460,763	63,593	524,356
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	16,836,454	15,258,448	32,094,902
Total Liabilities	20,644,533	19,056,060	39,700,593
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Pension Related Amounts	3,241,409	179,922	3,421,331
OPEB Related Amounts	103,073	20,146	123,219
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	3,344,482	200,068	3,544,550
NET POSITION			
NET POSITION			
Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted:	32,085,630	34,752,277	66,837,907
Law Enforcement Programs	66,760	-	66,760
Debt Service	704,317	-	704,317
Impact Fees	-	3,633,277	3,633,277
Infrastructure	2,065,298	-	2,065,298
Transportation	1,569,312	-	1,569,312
Unrestricted	5,370,744	19,203,761	24,574,505
Total Net Position	\$ 41,862,061	\$ 57,589,315	\$ 99,451,376

#### CITY OF NEW PORT RICHEY, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

			Program Revenues						
			Operating					Capital	
			(	Charges for	G	rants and	Grants and		
Functions/Programs	Expenses			Services	Co	ntributions	Contributions		
				_					
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES									
General Government	\$	5,451,679	\$	2,951,834	\$	-	\$	-	
Public Safety		6,542,323		289,751		-		-	
Public Works		3,021,911		43,569		522,069		-	
Culture and Recreation		3,603,000		679,942		199,277		393,313	
Interest and Fiscal Charges on									
Long-Term Debt		244,708		-		-		-	
Total Governmental Activities		18,863,621	•	3,965,096		721,346		393,313	
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES									
Water and Sewer		9,422,740		14,157,097		-		-	
Stormwater Utility		519,701		1,092,225		-		30,000	
Total Business-Type Activities		9,942,441		15,249,322		-		30,000	
Total	\$	28,806,062	\$	19,214,418	\$	721,346	\$	423,313	

General Revenues:

Taxes:

Ad Valorem

Franchise Taxes

**Utility Taxes** 

Communication Services Tax

Infrastructure Tax

Local Option Gas Tax

Insurance Premium Taxes

State Revenue Sharing

Investment Income (Loss)

Miscellaneous

**Total General Revenues** 

Insurance Proceeds

Transfers

Total General Revenue and Transfers

Change in Net Position

Net Position - Beginning of Year

Net Position - End of Year

#### CITY OF NEW PORT RICHEY, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

### Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

G	Sovernmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
\$	(2,499,845) (6,252,572) (2,456,273) (2,330,468)	\$ - - - -	\$ (2,499,845) (6,252,572) (2,456,273) (2,330,468)
	(244,708) (13,783,866)	<u> </u>	 (244,708) (13,783,866)
	- - -	4,734,357 602,524 5,336,881	4,734,357 602,524 5,336,881
	(13,783,866)	5,336,881	(8,446,985)
	6,089,939 1,437,438 1,546,129 647,355 3,103,243 833,547 329,121 1,908,488	- - - - - -	6,089,939 1,437,438 1,546,129 647,355 3,103,243 833,547 329,121 1,908,488
	14,577 822,001 16,731,838	488,250 19,734 507,984	 502,827 841,735 17,239,822
	4,246,930	(4,246,930)	- -
	20,978,768	(3,738,946)	17,239,822
	7,194,902	1,597,935	8,792,837
	34,667,159	55,991,380	90,658,539
\$	41,862,061	\$ 57,589,315	\$ 99,451,376

#### CITY OF NEW PORT RICHEY, FLORIDA GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	General		Redevelopment		Debt Service		Capital Projects		Other Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds	
ASSETS												
Cash, Cash Equivalents, and												
Investments	\$	2,536,176	\$	1,903,577	\$	742,328	\$	1,808,341	\$	2,766,349	\$	9,756,771
Receivables (Net of Allowance):												
Accounts, Billed		524,109		42,824		-		-		-		566,933
Taxes		293,842		-		-		_		_		293,842
Special Assessments		-		-		-		_		41,567		41,567
Advances to Other Funds		8,885,703		-		_		-		, -		8,885,703
Due from Other Governments		663,965		225,000		-		459,086		137,647		1,485,698
Redevelopment Properties Held		•		•				•		,		
for Resale		-		2,344,368		-		_		_		2,344,368
Inventories - at Cost		23,805		· · ·		_		-		-		23,805
Prepaid Items		5,042		-		_		-		-		5,042
				-			_					- , -
Total Assets	\$	12,932,642	\$	4,515,769	\$	742,328	\$	2,267,427	\$	2,945,563	\$	23,403,729
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:												
Accounts Payable	\$	656,804	\$	134,480	\$	-	\$	202,129	\$	1,325,339	\$	2,318,752
Accrued Liabilities		539,808		930		-		-		-		540,738
Advances from Other Funds		-		8,885,703		-		-		-		8,885,703
Due to Other Governments		20,927		-		-		-		-		20,927
Unearned Revenues		59,730				(428)		-		50,912		110,214
Total Liabilities		1,277,269		9,021,113		(428)		202,129		1,376,251		11,876,334
Fund Balances:												
Nonspendable:												
Advances from Oher Funds		8,885,703		-		-		-		-		8,885,703
Inventories		23,805		-		-		-		-		23,805
Prepaid Items		5,042		-		-		-		-		5,042
Assets Held for Resale				2,344,368								2,344,368
Restricted for:												
Law Enforcement Programs		66,760		-		-		-		-		66,760
Debt Service		-		-		742,756		-		-		742,756
Infrastructure		-		-		-		2,065,298		-		2,065,298
Transportation		-		-		-		-		1,569,312		1,569,312
Committed to:												
Emergency Reserve		2,319,371		-		-		-		-		2,319,371
Assigned to:												
Tree Removal		66,218		-		-		-		-		66,218
Senior Programming (Library)		1,400		-		-		-		-		1,400
Youth Education		4,513		-		-		-		-		4,513
Unassigned:												
General Fund		282,561		-		-		-		-		282,561
Redevelopment Fund		-		(6,849,712)		-		-		-		(6,849,712)
Total Fund Balances		11,655,373		(4,505,344)		742,756		2,065,298		1,569,312		11,527,395
Total Liabilities and												
Fund Balances	\$	12,932,642	\$	4,515,769	\$	742,328	\$	2,267,427	\$	2,945,563	\$	23,403,729

# CITY OF NEW PORT RICHEY, FLORIDA GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 11,527,395
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds	
Governmental Capital Assets \$85,255,887 Less: Accumulated Depreciation (42,823,996)	42,431,891
Deferred outflows of resources relating to net pension liabilities and OPEB do not have a current financial resources focus, and therefore are not recognized in the governmental fund financial statements	7,882,134
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds:	
Redevelopment Revenue Notes Payable (9,080,000) Compensated Absences (471,326) Net Pension Liability (5,156,815) Net OPEB Obligation (2,622,805)	(17,330,946)
Certain liabilities which do not require current financial resources are reported on the statement of net position	(,,,
Accrued Interest on Long-Term Liabilities	(38,439)
Deferred inflows of resources relating to net pension and OPEB liabilities do not have a current financial resources focus, and therefore are not recognized in the governmental fund financial statements	(3,320,560)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to individual funds. The assets, deferred outflows, of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources of	710,586
internal service funds are reported with governmental activities  Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 41,862,061

# CITY OF NEW PORT RICHEY, FLORIDA GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	General	Redevelopment	Debt Service	Capital Projects	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds	
REVENUES							
Taxes	\$ 8,606,896	\$ 1,133,053	\$ -	\$ 2,632,026	\$ 1,292,763	\$ 13,664,738	
Licenses and Permits	429,997	-	-	-	-	429,997	
Intergovernmental Revenue	3,058,955	275,000	-	-	-	3,333,955	
Charges for Services	1,080,354	-	-	-	-	1,080,354	
Fines and Forfeitures	2,453,406	1,339	-	-	-	2,454,745	
Investment Income (Loss)	51,617	(264,085)	-	128,476	77,955	(6,037)	
Miscellaneous Revenues	110,254	40,725			702,860	853,839	
Total Revenues	15,791,479	1,186,032	-	2,760,502	2,073,578	21,811,591	
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
General Government	4,149,814	420,956	-	-	432,626	5,003,396	
Public Safety	10,470,824	-	-	-	-	10,470,824	
Public Works	2,169,660	-	-	-	18,167	2,187,827	
Culture and Recreation	2,285,871	-	-	-	-	2,285,871	
Capital Outlay	1,440,243	-	-	1,994,454	2,179,941	5,614,638	
Debt Service							
Principal Retirement	-	-	640,000	-	-	640,000	
Interest and Fiscal Charges	-	-	247,417	-	-	247,417	
Total Expenditures	20,516,412	420,956	887,417	1,994,454	2,630,734	26,449,973	
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER							
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(4,724,933)	765,076	(887,417)	766,048	(557,156)	(4,638,382)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers In	5,824,878	1,338,110	886,890	353,000	500,000	8,902,878	
Transfers Out	(1,638,110)	(1,592,640)	-	(1,075,198)	(350,000)	(4,655,948)	
Total Other Financing Sources							
(Uses)	4,186,768	(254,530)	886,890	(722,198)	150,000	4,246,930	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(538,165)	510,546	(527)	43,850	(407,156)	(391,452)	
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING							
OF YEAR	12,193,538	(5,015,890)	743,283	2,021,448	1,976,468	11,918,847	
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$ 11,655,373	\$ (4,505,344)	\$ 742,756	\$ 2,065,298	\$ 1,569,312	\$ 11,527,395	

### CITY OF NEW PORT RICHEY, FLORIDA GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

# RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds		\$ (391,452)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures.  However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is depreciated over their estimated useful lives.		
Expenditures for Capital Assets Less: Current Year Depreciation	\$ 5,663,164 (2,662,675)	3,000,489
Debt issuances provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases the long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Repayment of debt is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. This is the amount by which repayments exceeded proceeds:		
Principal Payments - Refunding Notes		640,000
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds:		
Change in Lawsuit Settlement Payable Change in Pension Related Amounts Change in Accrued Interest Payable Change in Net OPEB Obligation Change in Compensated Absences	50,000 3,428,375 2,709 554,322 (108)	4,035,298
Disposition of capital assets do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds		
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to individual funds. The change in net position of the internal service funds are reported with governmental activities.		(89,433)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$ 7,194,902

# CITY OF NEW PORT RICHEY, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION – PROPRIETARY FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	E	Business-Type Activitie Enterprise Funds	es	Governmental Activity	
	Water and	Stormwater		Internal	
ASSETS	Sewer	Utility	Total	Service	Total
CURRENT ASSETS					
Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments Restricted:	\$ 11,911,373	\$ 776,244	\$ 12,687,617	\$ 641,619	\$ 13,329,236
Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments	2.022.277		2 022 277		2 622 277
Impact Fees Customer Deposits	3,633,277 1,206,742	-	3,633,277 1,206,742	-	3,633,277 1,206,742
Receivables (Net of Allowance):	1,200,142		1,200,742		1,200,742
Accounts, Billed	2,045,681	-	2,045,681	-	2,045,681
Special Assessments	1,453	-	1,453	-	1,453
Note Receivable - Current Portion  Due from Other Governments	544,954 397,469	31,799	544,954 429,268	-	544,954 429,268
Inventories - at Cost	371,699	51,799	371,699	79,742	451,441
Total Current Assets	20,112,648	808,043	20,920,691	721,361	21,642,052
NONCURRENT ASSETS					
Capital Assets:					
Nondepreciable:					
Land, Land Rights, and Improvements	1,016,036	204,751	1,220,787	-	1,220,787
Construction in Progress Depreciable:	872,576	336,814	1,209,390	-	1,209,390
Buildings and Improvements	35.985.105	339,328	36,324,433	17,927	36,342,360
Machinery and Equipment	6,321,381	805,767	7,127,148	210,381	7,337,529
Infrastructure and Other Improvements	36,930,251	8,700,878	45,631,129	322,395	45,953,524
Accumulated Depreciation	(37,590,201)	(4,030,127)	(41,620,328)	(321,070)	(41,941,398)
Note Receivable - Long-Term Portion	5,471,445		5,471,445	-	5,471,445
Total Noncurrent Assets	49,006,593	6,357,411	55,364,004	229,633	55,593,637
Total Assets	69,119,241	7,165,454	76,284,695	950,994	77,235,689
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Pension Related Amounts	478,902	71,382	550,284	67,069	617,353
OPEB Related Amounts  Total Deferred Outflows	9,677 488,579	787 72,169	10,464 560,748	962 68,031	11,426 628,779
Total Deletted Outilows	400,579	72,109	300,748	00,031	020,779
LIABILITIES					
CURRENT LIABILITIES	744 004	40.044	704 405	40.700	774.057
Accounts Payable Accrued Liabilities	741,821 97,090	19,314 7,761	761,135 104,851	13,722 7,635	774,857 112,486
Due to Other Governments	53,475	-	53,475		53,475
Customer Deposits	1,206,742	-	1,206,742	-	1,206,742
Unearned Revenue	84,156	-	84,156	-	84,156
Revenue Bonds Payable - Current Portion	1,482,120	-	1,482,120	-	1,482,120
Capital Lease Payable - Current Portion	81,247	4.504	81,247	- 4 474	81,247
Net Pension Liability - Current Portion Net OPEB Obligation - Current Portion	7,415 9,675	1,561 738	8,976 10,413	1,171 864	10,147 11,277
Compensated Absences - Current Portion	4,497	-	4,497	-	4,497
Total Current Liabilities	3,768,238	29,374	3,797,612	23,392	3,821,004
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES					
Revenue Bonds Payable	12,787,128	-	12,787,128	-	12,787,128
Capital Lease Payable	170,453	-	170,453	-	170,453
Net OPEB Obligation	474,506	36,170	510,676	42,363	553,039
Net Pension Liability	1,494,584	232,014	1,726,598	211,996	1,938,594
Compensated Absences Total Noncurrent Liabilities	59,375 14,986,046	4,218 272,402	63,593 15,258,448	6,766 261,125	70,359 15,519,573
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	14,900,040	272,402	15,256,446	201,125	15,519,573
Total Liabilities	18,754,284	301,776	19,056,060	284,517	19,340,577
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	454.000	0.1.00=	170 000	22.25	200 172
Pension Related Amounts OPEB Related Amounts	154,923 18,719	24,999 1,427	179,922 20,146	22,251 1,671	202,173 21,817_
Total Deferred Inflows	173,642	26,426	200,068	23,922	223,990
NET POSITION					
Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted:	28,409,703	6,342,574	34,752,277	229,633	34,981,910
Water and Sewer Impact Fees Unrestricted	3,633,277 18,636,914	566,847	3,633,277 19,203,761	480,953	3,633,277 19,684,714
Total Net Position	\$ 50.679.894	\$ 6.909.421	\$ 57.589.315	\$ 710.586	\$ 58.299.901

# CITY OF NEW PORT RICHEY, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION – PROPRIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	Bu	siness-Type Activit	ties	Governmental	
	\\/ = 1 = 0 = 0 = 1	Enterprise Funds		Activity	
	Water and	Stormwater Utility	Total	Internal	Total
OPERATING REVENUE	Sewer	Othlity	1 Otal	Service	TOTAL
Charges for Services	\$ 13,736,032	\$ 1,092,225	\$ 14,828,257	\$ 801,638	\$ 15,629,895
Impact Fees	421,065	\$ 1,092,225 -	421,065	φ 601,036	421,065
Total Operating Revenue	14,157,097	1,092,225	15,249,322	801,638	16,050,960
OPERATING EXPENSES					
Personal Services	2,535,585	76,807	2,612,392	287,778	2,900,170
Contractual Services	259,817	36,103	295,920	80,836	376,756
Operating Supplies	703,598	82,253	785,851	489,095	1,274,946
Repairs and Maintenance	219,206	21,845	241,051	12,755	253,806
Utilities	1,159,142	28,277	1,187,419	2,334	1,189,753
Depreciation	1,939,208	251,208	2,190,416	21,779	2,212,195
Subsidy from County	(1,133,289)	-	(1,133,289)	-	(1,133,289)
Other Operating Expenses	3,414,103	23,208	3,437,311	25	3,437,336
Total Operating Expenses	9,097,370	519,701	9,617,071	894,602	10,511,673
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	5,059,727	572,524	5,632,251	(92,964)	5,539,287
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)					
Investment Income	455,146	33,104	488,250	-	488,250
Capital grants	-	30,000	30,000	-	30,000
Miscellaneous Revenues	19,734	-	19,734	3,531	23,265
Interest and Fiscal Charges	(325,370)		(325,370)		(325,370)
Total Net Nonoperating Revenues	149,510	63,104	212,614	3,531	216,145
INCOME BEFORE CONTRIBUTIONS					
AND TRANSFERS	5,209,237	635,628	5,844,865	(89,433)	5,755,432
Transfers Out	(3,763,930)	(483,000)	(4,246,930)		(4,246,930)
Total Transfers	(3,763,930)	(483,000)	(4,246,930)	-	(4,246,930)
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	1,445,307	152,628	1,597,935	(89,433)	1,508,502
NET POSITION - BEGINNING OF YEAR	49,234,587	6,756,793	55,991,380	800,019	56,791,399
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$ 50,679,894	\$ 6,909,421	\$ 57,589,315	\$ 710,586	\$ 58,299,901

# CITY OF NEW PORT RICHEY, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS – PROPRIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES   Severa   Utility   Total   Severa   International Severa   Utility   Total   Severa   International Severa   Utility   Total   Severa   International Severa   Utility   Total   Severa   Total   Severa   Utility   Total   Severa   Total   Severa   Utility   Total   Severa   Total   Severa   Total   Severa   Utility   Total   Severa   Total   Severa   Utility   Severa   Utility   Severa   Utility   Severa   Utility   Severa   Utility
Sewin
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES   \$14,204,080   \$1,084,600   \$15,268,680   \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$
Cash Received from Customers         \$ 14,204,080         \$ 1,064,600         \$ 15,268,680         \$ - \$ 15,268,680           Cash Received from Interfund Services Provided Cash Paid to Supplies for Goods and Services         (3,993,259)         (181,790)         (4,175,049)         (663,288)         (2,734,934)           Cash Paid to and for the Benefit of Employees Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities         (2,340,324)         (181,006)         (2,521,330)         (213,604)         (2,734,934)           CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FlixAncing Activities         7,870,497         701,804         8,572,301         24,736         8,597,037           CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FlixAncing Activities         (3,763,930)         (483,000)         (4,246,930)         - (4,246,930)           Proceeds from Issuance of Revenue Bonds and Capital Lease         (325,370)         - (325,370)         - (325,370)         - (325,370)           Proceeds from Issuance of Revenue Bond Acquisition and Construction of Capital Lease         (1,051,717)         - (1,051,717)         - (1,051,717)         - (1,051,717)         - (1,051,717)         - (1,051,717)         - (1,051,717)         - (1,051,717)         - (1,051,717)         - (1,051,717)         - (2,286,861)         (9,986)         (5,027,922           Cash Equivalent Simple of Value Rights         518,856         - 518,856         - 518,856         - 518,856
Cash Received from Interfund Services Provided Cash Paid to Suppliers for Goods and Services (3,993,259) (181,790) (4,175,049) (563,298) (4,738,347) (234,041) (181,006) (2,521,330) (213,604) (2,734,9347) (2734,934) (181,006) (2,521,330) (213,604) (2,734,934) (273
Cash Paid to Suppliers for Goods and Services (3,993,259) (181,790) (4,175,049) (563,288) (4,738,347) (234 Paid to and for the Benefit of Employees (2,340,324) (181,006) (2,521,330) (213,604) (2,734,934) Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities 7,870,497 701,804 8,572,301 24,736 8,597,037 (24,736) Paid to and for the Benefit of Employees (2,340,324) (181,006) (2,521,330) (213,604) (2,734,934) Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities 7,870,497 701,804 8,572,301 24,736 8,597,037 (24,736) Paid to Activities (2,340,324) Paid to Activities (3,763,930) (483,000) (4,246,930) Paid to Activities (2,340,324) Paid to Activities (3,763,930) Paid to Activities (3,25,370) Paid to Activities (3,25,370) Paid to Activities (3,25,370) Paid to Activities (3,25,370) Paid to Activities (2,593,039) (2,33,822) Paid to Activities (2,593,039) Paid to Activities (2,593,039) (233,822) Paid to Activities (2,593,039) Paid to Activities (2,593,
Cash Paid to and for the Benefit of Employees   (2,340,324)   (181,006)   (2,521,330)   (213,604)   (2,734,934)   (27,34,934)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities   7,870,497   701,804   8,572,301   24,736   8,597,037
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Cash Transfers to Other Funds (3,763,930) (483,000) (4,246,930) - (4,246,930)  CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Interest and Fiscal Charges Paid on Revenue Bonds and Capital Lease (325,370) - (325,370) - (325,370) - 8,723,000 Principal Paid on Revenue Bond 8,723,000 - 8,723,000 - 8,723,000 Principal Paid on Revenue Bonds, including Current Refinancing, and Capital Lease (1,051,717) - (1,051,717) - (1,051,717) Acquisition and Construction of Capital Assets (2,593,039) (233,822) (2,826,861) (9,986) (2,836,847) Proceeds from Sale of Water Rights 518,856 - 518,856 - 518,856 Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities 5,271,730 (233,822) 5,037,908 (9,986) 5,027,922  CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Earnings on Investments 455,146 33,104 488,250 - 488,250 Other Revenues 19,734 - 19,734 3,531 23,265 Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities 474,880 33,104 507,984 3,531 511,515  NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS 9,853,177 18,086 9,871,263 18,281 9,889,544  Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year 6,898,215 758,158 7,656,373 623,338 8,279,711  CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR \$ 16,751,392 \$ 776,244 \$ 17,527,636 \$ 641,619 \$ 18,169,255
Cash Transfers to Other Funds
Cash Transfers to Other Funds         (3,763,930)         (483,000)         (4,246,930)         - (4,246,930)           CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES           Interest and Fiscal Charges Paid on Revenue Bonds and Capital Lease         (325,370)         - (325,370)         - 8,723,000           Proceeds from Issuance of Revenue Bond         8,723,000         - 8,723,000         - 8,723,000           Principal Paid on Revenue Bonds, including         Current Refinancing, and Capital Lease         (1,051,717)         - (1,051,717)         - (1,051,717)           Acquisition and Construction of Capital Assets         (2,593,039)         (233,822)         (2,826,861)         (9,986)         (2,836,847)           Proceeds from Sale of Water Rights         518,856         - 518,856 <t< td=""></t<>
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Interest and Fiscal Charges Paid on Revenue Bonds and Capital Lease (325,370) . (325,370) . (325,370) . (325,370) . (325,370) . (325,370) . Proceeds from Issuance of Revenue Bond 8,723,000 . 8,723,000 . 8,723,000 . Revenue Bond Principal Paid on Revenue Bonds, including Current Refinancing, and Capital Lease (1,051,717) .
Interest and Fiscal Charges Paid on Revenue Bonds and Capital Lease (325,370) - (325,370) - (325,370) - (325,370)
Interest and Fiscal Charges Paid on Revenue Bonds and Capital Lease (325,370) - (325,370) - (325,370) Proceeds from Issuance of Revenue Bond 8,723,000 - 8,723,000 - 8,723,000 Principal Paid on Revenue Bonds, including Current Refinancing, and Capital Lease (1,051,717) - (1,051,717) - (1,051,717) Acquisition and Construction of Capital Assets (2,593,039) (233,822) (2,826,861) (9,986) (2,836,847) Proceeds from Sale of Water Rights 518,856 - 518,856 - 518,856 Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities 5,271,730 (233,822) 5,037,908 (9,986) 5,027,922 CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES  Earnings on Investments 455,146 33,104 488,250 - 488,250 Other Revenues 19,734 - 19,734 3,531 23,265 Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities 474,880 33,104 507,984 3,531 511,515 NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS 9,853,177 18,086 9,871,263 18,281 9,889,544 Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year 6,898,215 758,158 7,656,373 623,338 8,279,711 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS \$ 16,751,392 \$ 776,244 \$ 17,527,636 \$ 641,619 \$ 18,169,255
and Capital Lease (325,370) - (325,370) - (325,370) Proceeds from Issuance of Revenue Bond 8,723,000 - 8,723,000 - 8,723,000 Principal Paid on Revenue Bonds, including Current Refinancing, and Capital Lease (1,051,717) - (1,051,717) - (1,051,717) Acquisition and Construction of Capital Assets (2,593,039) (233,822) (2,826,861) (9,986) (2,836,847) Proceeds from Sale of Water Rights 518,856 - 518,856 - 518,856 Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities 5,271,730 (233,822) 5,037,908 (9,986) 5,027,922  CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Earnings on Investments 455,146 33,104 488,250 - 488,250 Other Revenues 19,734 - 19,734 3,531 23,265 Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities 474,880 33,104 507,984 3,531 511,515  NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS 9,853,177 18,086 9,871,263 18,281 9,889,544  Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year 6,898,215 758,158 7,656,373 623,338 8,279,711  CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR \$ 16,751,392 \$ 776,244 \$ 17,527,636 \$ 641,619 \$ 18,169,255
Proceeds from Issuance of Revenue Bond         8,723,000         -         8,723,000         -         8,723,000           Principal Paid on Revenue Bonds, including         (1,051,717)         -         (1,051,717)         -         (1,051,717)           Acquisition and Construction of Capital Assets         (2,593,039)         (233,822)         (2,826,861)         (9,986)         (2,836,847)           Proceeds from Sale of Water Rights         518,856         -         518,856         -         518,856         -         518,856           Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities         5,271,730         (233,822)         5,037,908         (9,986)         5,027,922           CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES         Earnings on Investments         455,146         33,104         488,250         -         488,250           Other Revenues         19,734         -         19,734         3,531         23,265           Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities         474,880         33,104         507,984         3,531         511,515           NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS         9,853,177         18,086         9,871,263         18,281         9,889,544           Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year         6,898,215         758,158         7,656,373
Principal Paid on Revenue Bonds, including           Current Refinancing, and Capital Lease         (1,051,717)         - (1,051,717)         - (1,051,717)           Acquisition and Construction of Capital Assets         (2,593,039)         (233,822)         (2,826,861)         (9,986)         (2,836,847)           Proceeds from Sale of Water Rights         518,856         - 518,856
Current Refinancing, and Capital Lease         (1,051,717)         - (1,051,717)         - (1,051,717)           Acquisition and Construction of Capital Assets         (2,593,039)         (233,822)         (2,826,861)         (9,986)         (2,836,847)           Proceeds from Sale of Water Rights         518,856         - 518,856         - 518,856         - 518,856           Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities         5,271,730         (233,822)         5,037,908         (9,986)         5,027,922           CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES           Earnings on Investments         455,146         33,104         488,250         - 488,250           Other Revenues         19,734         - 19,734         3,531         23,265           Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities         474,880         33,104         507,984         3,531         511,515           NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS         9,853,177         18,086         9,871,263         18,281         9,889,544           Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year         6,898,215         758,158         7,656,373         623,338         8,279,711           CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR         \$ 16,751,392         \$ 776,244         \$ 17,527,636         \$ 641,619         \$ 18,169,255     <
Acquisition and Construction of Capital Assets       (2,593,039)       (233,822)       (2,826,861)       (9,986)       (2,836,847)         Proceeds from Sale of Water Rights       518,856       -       518,856       -       518,856         Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities       5,271,730       (233,822)       5,037,908       (9,986)       5,027,922         CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES         Earnings on Investments       455,146       33,104       488,250       -       488,250         Other Revenues       19,734       -       19,734       3,531       23,265         Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities       474,880       33,104       507,984       3,531       511,515         NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS       9,853,177       18,086       9,871,263       18,281       9,889,544         Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year       6,898,215       758,158       7,656,373       623,338       8,279,711         CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR       \$16,751,392       776,244       \$17,527,636       641,619       \$18,169,255
Proceeds from Sale of Water Rights         518,856         -
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities         5,271,730         (233,822)         5,037,908         (9,986)         5,027,922           CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES         Earnings on Investments         455,146         33,104         488,250         -         488,250           Other Revenues         19,734         -         19,734         3,531         23,265           Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities         474,880         33,104         507,984         3,531         511,515           NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS         9,853,177         18,086         9,871,263         18,281         9,889,544           Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year         6,898,215         758,158         7,656,373         623,338         8,279,711           CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR         \$ 16,751,392         \$ 776,244         \$ 17,527,636         \$ 641,619         \$ 18,169,255
Related Financing Activities         5,271,730         (233,822)         5,037,908         (9,986)         5,027,922           CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES         Earnings on Investments         455,146         33,104         488,250         -         488,250           Other Revenues         19,734         -         19,734         3,531         23,265           Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities         474,880         33,104         507,984         3,531         511,515           NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS         9,853,177         18,086         9,871,263         18,281         9,889,544           Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year         6,898,215         758,158         7,656,373         623,338         8,279,711           CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR         \$ 16,751,392         776,244         \$ 17,527,636         \$ 641,619         \$ 18,169,255
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES         Earnings on Investments       455,146       33,104       488,250       - 488,250         Other Revenues       19,734       - 19,734       3,531       23,265         Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities       474,880       33,104       507,984       3,531       511,515         NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS       9,853,177       18,086       9,871,263       18,281       9,889,544         Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year       6,898,215       758,158       7,656,373       623,338       8,279,711         CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR       \$ 16,751,392       776,244       \$ 17,527,636       \$ 641,619       \$ 18,169,255
Earnings on Investments         455,146         33,104         488,250         -         488,250           Other Revenues         19,734         -         19,734         3,531         23,265           Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities         474,880         33,104         507,984         3,531         511,515           NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS         9,853,177         18,086         9,871,263         18,281         9,889,544           Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year         6,898,215         758,158         7,656,373         623,338         8,279,711           CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR         \$ 16,751,392         776,244         \$ 17,527,636         \$ 641,619         \$ 18,169,255
Other Revenues Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities         19,734 474,880         - 19,734 33,104         3,531 507,984         23,265 3,531           NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS         9,853,177         18,086 9,871,263         9,871,263         18,281         9,889,544           Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year         6,898,215         758,158         7,656,373         623,338         8,279,711           CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR         \$ 16,751,392         776,244         \$ 17,527,636         \$ 641,619         \$ 18,169,255
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities         474,880         33,104         507,984         3,531         511,515           NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS         9,853,177         18,086         9,871,263         18,281         9,889,544           Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year         6,898,215         758,158         7,656,373         623,338         8,279,711           CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR         \$16,751,392         776,244         \$17,527,636         \$641,619         \$18,169,255
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS         9,853,177         18,086         9,871,263         18,281         9,889,544           Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year         6,898,215         758,158         7,656,373         623,338         8,279,711           CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR         \$ 16,751,392         776,244         \$ 17,527,636         \$ 641,619         \$ 18,169,255
CASH EQUIVALENTS         9,853,177         18,086         9,871,263         18,281         9,889,544           Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year         6,898,215         758,158         7,656,373         623,338         8,279,711           CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR         \$ 16,751,392         \$ 776,244         \$ 17,527,636         \$ 641,619         \$ 18,169,255
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year         6,898,215         758,158         7,656,373         623,338         8,279,711           CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR         \$ 16,751,392         \$ 776,244         \$ 17,527,636         \$ 641,619         \$ 18,169,255
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR \$ 16,751,392 \$ 776,244 \$ 17,527,636 \$ 641,619 \$ 18,169,255
RECONCILIATION OF CASH AND CASH
EQUIVALENTS TO BALANCE SHEET
Unrestricted Cash and Pooled Cash, Cash
Equivalents, and Investments \$ 11,911,373 \$ 776,244 \$ 12,687,617 \$ 641,619 \$ 13,329,236
Restricted Cash and Pooled Cash, Cash
Equivalents, and Investments:
Impact Fees 3,633,277 - 3,633,277 - 3,633,277
Customer Deposits 1,206,742 - 1,206,742 - 1,206,742
Total \$ 16,751,392 \$ 776,244 \$ 17,527,636 \$ 641,619 \$ 18,169,255

# CITY OF NEW PORT RICHEY, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS – PROPRIETARY FUNDS (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

		Bus		s-Type Activi rprise Funds	ties		 vernmental Activity	
	V	Vater and	St	ormwater			Internal	
		Sewer		Utility		Total	Service	Total
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)								
TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY								
OPERATING ACTIVITIES								
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	5,059,727	\$	572,524	\$	5,632,251	\$ (92,964)	\$ 5,539,287
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to								
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities:								
Depreciation		1,939,208		251,208		2,190,416	21,779	2,212,195
Changes in Assets, Liabilities, and Deferred Items:								
(Increase) Decrease in Accounts Receivable		1,844		-		1,844	-	1,844
(Increase) Decrease in Due from								
Other Governments		45,139		(27,625)		17,514	-	17,514
(Increase) Decrease in Inventories		9,199		-		9,199	20,224	29,423
Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable		577,459		9,896		587,355	1,523	588,878
Increase (Decrease) in Accrued Liabilities		10,686		1,755		12,441	(1,182)	11,259
Increase (Decrease) in Customer Deposits		33,044		-		33,044	-	33,044
Increase (Decrease) in Due to Other Governments		16,162		-		16,162	-	16,162
Increase (Decrease) in Unearned Revenue		(6,546)		-		(6,546)	-	(6,546)
Increase (Decrease) in Compensated Absences		7,499		(1,302)		6,197	(1,828)	4,369
Increase (Decrease) in Net Pension Liability		207,525		(154,141)		53,384	103,106	156,490
(Increase) Decrease In Deferred Outflows - OPEB		(13,286)		(787)		(14,073)	(962)	(15,035)
(Increase) Decrease in Deferred Outflows								
Relating to Pensions		93,558		87,504		181,062	(17,780)	163,282
Increase (Decrease) in Deferred Inflows								
Relating to Pensions		(48,886)		(29,357)		(78,243)	4,441	(73,802)
Increase (Decrease) in Net OPEB Obligation		(61,835)		(7,871)		(69,706)	(11,621)	(81,327)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$	7,870,497	\$	701,804	\$	8,572,301	\$ 24,736	\$ 8,597,037

# CITY OF NEW PORT RICHEY, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	Employee Retirement Funds	
ASSETS	¢ 20.440	,
Cash	\$ 30,142	-
Investments:	2 242 004	
U.S. Government Obligations	3,312,001	
U.S. Government Agency Obligations	1,709,385	
Domestic Corporate Bonds and Stocks Real Estate Investment Trust	28,191,429	
	3,524,471	
Temporary Investment Funds	419,298	
Pooled Equity and Fixed Income Funds  Total Investments	5,337,016	_
Total investments	42,493,600	,
Receivables:		
Employee	1,620	)
Accrued Dividends and Interest	79,080	
Intergovernmental	329,121	Í
Total Receivables	409,821	_
Prepaid Items	196,105	5
Total Assets	43,129,668	
LIABILITIES		
Accounts Payable	70,890	)
Total Liabilities	70,890	_
NET POSITION		
Restricted for Pension Benefits	<u>\$ 43,058,778</u>	}

# CITY OF NEW PORT RICHEY, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

		imployee etirement Funds
ADDITIONS		
Contributions:	_	
Employer	\$	750,380
Employee		259,880
State		329,121
Total Contributions		1,339,381
Investment Earnings:		
Net Increase in Fair Value of Investments		468,689
Interest and Dividends		811,059
Other		6,478
Total Investment Earnings		1,286,226
Less Investment Expense		226,019
Net Investment Earnings		1,060,207
Total Additions		2,399,588
DEDUCTIONS		
Benefits		2,246,965
Refunds of Contributions		57,340
Administrative Expense		155,931
Total Deductions	_	2,460,236
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		(60,648)
Net Position - Beginning of Year		43,119,426
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$	43,058,778

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### NOTE A SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The City of New Port Richey, Florida (the City) is a political subdivision of the state of Florida. The City was originally incorporated on October 27, 1924, and officially established on May 15, 1925 by Chapter 10929, Laws of Florida, Acts of 1925 (regular session), an act of the Florida legislature, approved by the Governor and filed with the Secretary of State. This act was amended by Chapter 11647, No. 312, Laws of Florida, extraordinary session, November 1925, and approved by the Governor and filed with the Secretary of State on December 18, 1925. House Bill 1132, enacted by act of legislature, Special Laws of Florida, Acts of 1941, abolished the old municipality and created a new municipality, becoming a law (Chapter 21419) without Governor's approval after its filing with the Secretary of State on May 28, 1941, later being sealed by the Secretary of State on June 14, 1941, Various amendments were made to the charter during the 1950's, 1960's, and 1970's, The City of New Port Richey amended its charter with Ordinance #947-100 on November 2, 1982 and on December 7, 1982; the citizens of the City ratified this charter. More recently, the City amended its charter with Ordinance #1354, adopted on February 7, 1995, and on April 11, 1995, the citizens of the City ratified this charter. The charter, as amended, provides for a Council-Manager form of government. The government of the City is operated by the authority of the powers granted by its charter, as limited by the State Legislature. The City provides a full complement of municipal services, except for certain education, health, and welfare services that are administered by other governmental entities.

The City's financial statements are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applicable to governmental units, in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

1. Defining the Financial Reporting Entity: In evaluating the City as a reporting entity, management has addressed all potential component units (traditionally separate reporting entities) for which the City may or may not be financially accountable, and, as such be included in the City's financial statements. The City (the primary government) is financially accountable if it appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) it is able to impose its will on the organization or (2) there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefit to or impose specific financial burden on the City. Additionally, the primary government is required to consider other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

The City has determined that the Community Redevelopment Agency (CRA) is the only organization that meets these requirements, and therefore, has appropriately blended the component unit in the financial statements as a Special Revenue Fund. Although legally separate, the City Council serves as the CRA Board. The CRA was created pursuant to Chapter 163.356, Florida Statutes, City Ordinance 1202 and City Resolutions 885, 8826, and 897. The CRA was modified and the redevelopment plan revised with the adoption of City Resolution 0105. Separate financial statements are not prepared for the CRA.

The City includes advisory boards and commissions within the City in its financial statements in circumstances where the City selects the governing authority, designates management, has the ability to influence operations, and has accountability for fiscal matters of the advisory boards and commissions.

Jointly Governed Organization - Tampa Bay Water Authority (TBWA): The TBWA was organized in 1998, by an inter-local agreement pursuant to Chapter 98-402 of the Florida Statutes between the counties of Hillsborough, Pasco, and Pinellas and the cities of New Port Richey, St. Petersburg, and Tampa, Florida (the members). The purpose of the TBWA is to develop regional water supplies and to supply water to its members at a wholesale price. The TBWA is the reorganized West Coast Regional Water Supply Authority with a governing board of nine voting members, two from each of the county governments and one from each of the city governments.

### NOTE A SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements: The basic financial statements are made up of the government-wide financial statements and fund financial statements. Both of these set of financial statements distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities of the City of New Port Richey. These statements consist of a Statement of Net Position and a Statement of Activities. These statements report on the financial condition of the City of New Port Richey, at the reporting entity level. Internal balances represent net amounts due between the governmental and business-type activities. As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Internal service fund activity is reported as a single column in the proprietary fund financial statements. Fiduciary funds are not included in these presentations as their assets due not represent amounts that are available for City of New Port Richey government operations. The Statement of Net Position reports all financial and capital resources of the City's governmental and business-type activities. Net position equals assets plus deferred outflows of resources minus liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources, and is shown in three categories: net investment of capital assets, restricted net position, and unrestricted net position. The Statement of Activities reports results of operations on a functional activity (program) basis and demonstrates to what degree the particular program has been self-supporting.

Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program, or department and, thus are clearly identifiable to a particular function. The effect of indirect expense allocations has been eliminated at the government-wide financial statements. Depreciation expense for capital assets that can be specifically identified with a function is recorded as a direct expense of that function. Depreciation expense for capital assets that serve all functions is recorded as a direct expense of the general government function on the government-wide Statement of Activities. All interest on general long-term debt is considered indirect and reported separately in the government-wide Statement of Activities.

Program revenues are reported in the following three categories: charges for services, operating grants and contributions, and capital grants and contributions. Charges for services include revenues arising from charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from the goods, services, or privileges provided. Operating grants and capital grants consist of revenues received from other governments, organizations, or individuals that are specifically attributable to a program and are restricted for either capital or operational use in a particular program.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the City's enterprise funds and internal service fund are charges to customers for services. Operating expenses for the City's enterprise funds and internal service fund include cost of services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

The fund financial statements follow the government-wide statements and report more detailed information about operations of major funds on an individual basis and nonmajor funds on an aggregate basis for the governmental and proprietary funds. Following the governmental fund balance sheet and statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances are reconciliations explaining the differences between governmental fund presentation and the government-wide presentation.

### NOTE A SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

3. Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus: Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made regardless of the measurement focus applied.

The government-wide financial statements, as well as the fund financial statements for the proprietary funds, are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The governmental funds in the fund financial statements are presented on a modified accrual basis of accounting.

All proprietary funds are maintained on the accrual basis of accounting with revenues being recognized when earned and expenses recognized when incurred. Operating revenues and expenses of the proprietary funds are defined revenues or expenses related to the provision of applicable service. Nonoperating revenues and expenses include items unrelated to the provision of services.

Under the modified accrual basis, revenues are recognized in the accounting period when they become measurable and available. Revenues are generally considered available when they are received in cash (unless legally restricted to some future period) or when earned and expected to be collected soon enough after year-end to pay liabilities of the current period (i.e., within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period). In addition, grant revenues are considered available if they are expected to be collected within one year of the end of the fiscal period.

Expenditures are recognized at the time the fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Interest and principal payments on general long-term debt and compensated absences are recognized when paid. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as needed.

**4. Fund Financial Statements:** Separate financial statements are provided by governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from government-wide financial statements. An emphasis is on the major funds in either the governmental or business-type categories. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. Nonmajor funds (by category) are summarized into a single column.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u>: The General Fund is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Redevelopment Fund: This fund is used to account for the proceeds of tax incremental funding and the associated costs for redevelopment initiatives. In addition, other development service proceeds (i.e., building permits and zoning fees) are accounted for in this fund along with the associated operating costs of this function.

<u>Debt Service Fund</u>: This fund accounts for the accumulation of resources for and payment of principal, interest, and related costs of the City's general long-term debt.

<u>Capital Projects Fund</u>: This fund accounts for financial resources earmarked or segregated for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities and other project-oriented activities, except for those financed by and accounted for the Redevelopment Fund or proprietary funds.

# NOTE A SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

The City reports the following major enterprise funds:

<u>The Water and Sewer Fund</u>: This fund is used to account for the financing, construction, operation, and maintenance of the water and sewer services of the City from charges made to users of the service.

<u>The Stormwater Utility Fund</u>: This fund is used to account for the financing, construction, operation, and maintenance of the stormwater management system of the City form charges assessed against each developed property.

Additionally, the City reports the following fund types:

<u>Internal Service Fund</u>: This fund accounts for the operations of one department that provides services to other departments or agencies of the government, or to other governments, on a cost-reimbursement basis. The City's central garage provides automotive fleet services to other departments.

<u>Fiduciary Fund Types</u>: Pension trust funds account for the financial operations of the Police Officer and Firefighters' and Employee Retirement funds.

- **5. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting:** The City follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements.
  - a. The City Manager submits to the City Council a proposed operating budget for the ensuring fiscal year. It contains proposed expenditures and the means to finance them, including a proposed property tax millage.
  - b. Public hearings are conducted by the City Council as required by state and federal law to obtain taxpayer comments on the proposed budget.
  - c. The budget and property tax millage is approved by the City Council in September.
  - d. Annual budgets are adopted for the following funds: General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, Debt Service Fund, Capital Projects Fund, Enterprise Funds, and Internal Service Fund.
  - e. The City Council must approve budget amendments that affect revenue accounts or appropriations in more than one department. The City Manager is authorized to transfer any unencumbered appropriation balance or portion thereof between specific classifications of expenditures within a department or office. Expenditures may not exceed legal appropriations at the department level. Appropriations lapse at year-end. All budget amounts presented in the accompanying financial statements and supplemental information have been adjusted for revisions as approved by the City Council during the year.
  - f. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the Governmental Funds.
  - g. Budgets for the governmental funds are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.

# NOTE A SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### 6. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows/Outflows, and Net Position of Fund Balance

<u>Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments</u>: The City utilizes a consolidated cash pool to account for cash, cash equivalents, and investments of all City funds other than those that are required by ordinance to be physically segregated. The consolidated cash pool concept allows each participating fund to benefit from the economies of scale and improved yield that are inherent to a larger investment pool. Formal accounting records detail the individual equities of the participating funds.

Investments in U.S. Treasury and government agency securities are recorded at fair value, as determined by the quoted market prices. If quoted market prices are not available, fair values are estimated on the basis of dealer quotes, pricing models, or quoted market prices for instruments with similar characteristics. The Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund operated by the Florida State Board of Administration is treated as a "2a-7 like" and therefore it is presented at its actual pooled share price of \$1.

<u>Cash Equivalents</u>: For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the proprietary funds consider equity in pooled cash and investments with an original maturity date of three months or less when purchased, both restricted and unrestricted, to be cash equivalents.

<u>Investments</u>: Investments are reported at fair value. Investments in common stock and bonds traded on a national securities exchange are valued at the last reported sales price on the last business day of the year. Securities traded in the over-the-counter market and listed securities for which no sale was reported on that date are valued at the mean between the last reported bid and asked prices. Investments in mutual fund type securities are valued at the net asset value of the fund based on the underlying assets held in the funds. The fair value of an investment is the amount that could reasonably be expected to be received for it in a current sale between a willing buyer and a willing seller, other than in a forced or liquidation sale.

<u>Receivables</u>: Utility (water and sewer) operating revenues are generally recognized on the basis of cycle billings rendered monthly.

<u>Inventories and Prepaid Costs</u>: Inventory is valued at cost using the first-in, first-out method. Inventory in governmental funds consists of supplies held for consumption. The cost is recorded as an expenditure at the time inventory items are consumed rather than when purchased. Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items. Inventories and prepaid costs reported within governmental funds are classified as nonspendable, which indicates that they do not constitute available resources. Inventories and prepaid costs in the governmental-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported as an expense when consumed.

<u>Redevelopment Properties Held for Resale</u>: Real estate properties acquired in economically depressed areas and held for resale to the private sector are stated at lower of cost or market value. These properties are not intended to be used in the City's operations but rather are intended to be converted to cash upon resale.

<u>Restricted Assets</u>: Certain resources of the Water and Sewer Fund are classified as restricted assets and represent assets set aside for customer deposits.

<u>Property Taxes</u>: Under Florida Law, the assessment of all properties and the collection of all City property taxes are consolidated in the offices of the Pasco County Property Appraiser and Pasco County Tax Collector. The laws of the state regulating tax assessments are also designed to assure a consistent property valuation method statewide. Florida Statutes permit cities to levy property taxes at a rate of up to 10 mills. The millage rate in effect for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019 was 8.90000 mills.

# NOTE A SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

The tax levy of the City is established by the City Council prior to October 1 of each year. The Pasco County Property Appraiser incorporates the millages into the total tax levy, which includes the tax requirements of the county, municipalities, independent districts, and the Pasco County School Board.

All property is reassessed according to its fair market value on January 1 of each year. Each assessment roll is submitted to the Executive Director of the State Department of Revenue for review to determine if the rolls meet all of the appropriate requirements of Florida Statutes.

All taxes are due and payable on November 1 of each year or as soon thereafter as the assessment roll is certified and delivered to the Pasco County Tax Collector. All unpaid taxes become delinquent on April 1 following the year in which they are assessed. Discounts are allowed for early payment at the rate of 4% in the month of November, 3% in the month of December, 2% in the month of January and 1% in the month of February. The taxes paid in March are without discount. Delinquent taxes on real property bear interest at 18% per year. On or prior to June 1 following the tax year, certificates are sold for all delinquent taxes on real property. Application for a tax deed on any unredeemed tax certificates may be made by the certificate holder after a period of two years. Unsold certificates are held by Pasco County.

<u>Capital Assets</u>: Land and land rights, buildings, improvements, and machinery and equipment are stated at cost. Capital contributions are recorded at their acquisition value on the date donated.

The City capitalizes expenditures with a cost in excess of \$1,500 or more for equipment and with a useful life in excess of five years and capital improvements and/or additions constructed or acquired in excess of \$10,000. Expenditures for maintenance and repairs are charged to operating expense. The cost of capital assets retired or sold, together with the related accumulated depreciation, is removed from the accounts and any gain or loss on disposition is credited or charged to government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund financial statements.

Depreciation is provided using the straight-line method. The estimated useful lives of the various classes of depreciable capital assets are as follows:

Capital Asset Class	Estimated Useful Life
Infrastructure	20 to-50 Years
Buildings and Improvements	10 to 50 Years
Improvements Other than Buildings	40 to 50 Years
Machinery and Equipment	5 to 10 Years

<u>Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources</u>: The statement of net position includes a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and as such will not be recognized as an expense or expenditure in the current year.

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position reports a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

# NOTE A SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

<u>Unearned Revenue</u>: In instances where assets have been received by the City for services rendered in future periods, asset balances are offset by an unearned revenue liability account in the financial statements.

Compensated Absences: The City follows the provisions of GASB No. 16, Accounting for Compensated Absences, as amended. This statement provides for the measurement of accrued vacation leave and other compensated absences using the pay or salary rates in effect at the balance sheet date. It also requires additional amounts to be accrued for certain salary related payments associated with the payment of compensated absences. Annual vacation accruals vary based on years of service. The maximum number of annual leave hours that an employee may accrue is equal to the employee's rate of annual accrual. Payments for compensated absences are made by the respective fund. Accrued compensated absences are recorded as liabilities in the government-wide financial statements and the proprietary fund financial statements. A liability is reported in the governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations or retirements, and are considered due and payable as of year-end.

<u>Net Position</u>: Net position represents the difference between total assets plus deferred outflows of resources and liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources and is categorized as follows:

- Net investment in capital assets Total capital assets, net of debt issued in the acquisition of these assets and net of depreciation is reported separately in the net position section.
- Restricted This component consists of net position that has constraints placed on it either externally by third parties (creditors, grantors, and contributors) or by law through constitutional provisions of enabling legislation. The City would typically use restricted assets first, as appropriate opportunities arose, but reserves the right to selectively defer the use of these funds. The government-wide statement of net position reports \$8,038,964 of restricted net position.
- Unrestricted Balance are not restricted for specific purposes.

<u>Fund Balance Classification</u>: The governmental fund financial statements present fund balances based on classifications that comprise a hierarchy that is based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the respective governmental funds can be spent. The classifications used in the governmental fund financial statements are as follows:

- Nonspendable This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not
  in spendable form or (b) are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The City has
  classified Redevelopment Properties Held for Resale, Inventories, Prepaid Items, and Repayable
  Advances from Other Funds as being nonspendable as these items are not expected to be converted to
  cash or are not expected to be converted to cash within the next current year.
- Restricted This classification includes amounts for which constraints have been placed on the use of the resources through either (a) externally imposed by creditors (such as through a debt covenant), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The City has classified forfeitures as being restricted as their use is restricted by Florida Statutes for police investigative expenditures. Debt service resources are to be used for future servicing of the revenue note and bonds and are restricted through debt covenants. Infrastructure projects are restricted by Florida Statute and the laws of Pasco County and are legally segregated for funding of infrastructure improvements.

# NOTE A SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

- Committed This classification includes amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to
  constraints imposed by formal action by the City Council that constitutes the most binding constraint,
  which is an ordinance. These amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the City Council
  removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (ordinance) that was employed
  when the funds were initially committed. This classification also includes contractual obligations to the
  extent that existing resources have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual
  requirements.
- Assigned This classification includes amounts that are constrained by the City's intent to be used for a
  specific purpose but are neither restricted nor committed. This intent can be expressed by the City
  Council or through the City Council delegating this responsibility to the City Manager through the
  budgetary process. The City has assigned funds for Capital Projects that are to be used for the repair and
  replacement of equipment, street improvements, debt services and future expenditures, funds designated
  for future expenditures and an amount designated for minimum funding as established by Ordinance
  1119.
- Unassigned This classification includes the residual fund balance for the General Fund. The
  unassigned classification also includes negative residual fund balances of any other governmental fund
  that cannot be eliminated by the offsetting of assigned fund balance amounts.

The spending order of fund balances as established by the City is to first spend restricted amounts when both restricted and unrestricted fund balances are available, unless there are legal restrictions that prohibit such action, such as grant agreements that require a dollar match. Additionally, when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which unrestricted fund balances could be used, the City shall first spend committed fund balance, followed by assigned fund balance, and then unassigned fund balance.

<u>Use of Estimates</u>: The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities as of the date of the financial statements, the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Interfund Transactions: Interfund transactions are reflected as either loans, services provided, reimbursements, or transfers. Loans are reported as receivables and payables as appropriate and are subject to elimination upon consolidation. Services provided, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures/expenses. Reimbursements occur when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund, and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers between governmental or proprietary funds are netted as part of the reconciliation to the government-wide presentation. Amounts reported in the funds as receivable from or payable to fiduciary funds are included in the statement of Net position as receivable from and payable to external parties.

### NOTE B CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND INVESTMENTS

At September 30, 2019, the carrying amount of the City's deposits with financial institutions was \$2,887,996 and the bank account balance was \$4,175,831. The City's cash deposits were fully insured by federal depository insurance or by collateral held by the City's agent pursuant to the Public Depository Security Act of the state of Florida. This act establishes a multiple financial institution collateral pool in which all financial institutions holding public deposits pledge a pool of collateral against all public deposits they collectively hold. In the event of a default or insolvency by a qualified public depository, any loss not covered by deposit insurance or the proceeds from the sale of securities pledged by the defaulting depository is covered by an assessment against the other qualified public depository in default. The assessment is based upon the average share of the public fund deposits held by each of these depositories during the previous 12 months in relation to total public deposits held by all depositories of the same type during the same period.

**Custodial Risk:** Custodial credit risk is the risk that a government will not be able to recover deposits or the value of investments in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution or a third party holding the investments securities. All investments are held in the name of the City and all time deposits are maintained with qualified public depositories, as previously discussed.

Credit Risk: Credit quality risk results from potential default of investments that are not financially sound. Florida Statutes (166.261 and 218.415) authorize municipalities to invest excess funds in time deposits or savings accounts of financial institutions approved by the State Treasurer, obligations of the U.S. Government, U.S. Government Instrumentalities, Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund, and mutual funds investing in U.S. Government securities. The City adopted its own investment policy that also authorizes the City to invest in the following: a) obligations of government-sponsored corporations (Instrumentalities - which are usually "AAA" rated but have no explicit government guarantee) that are eligible as collateral for advances to member banks as determined by the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve; b) collateralized mortgage obligations (CMO) with very accurately defined maturities issued by Federal Agencies and Instrumentalities with an average life less than three years; c) bankers' acceptance guaranteed by banking institutions with a bank rating of "AA" on its long-term debt; d) prime commercial paper having received an "A1/P1" or higher rating by a nationally recognized rating agency; e) nonnegotiable certificates of deposit and bank investment contracts (BIC), which can be insured, collateralized at the Federal Reserve or quality as state qualified public deposits as defined by Florida Statutes; f) taxable or tax-exempt government bonds, notes or other obligations of state or local governments, including municipal corporations and special districts, of investment grade quality; g) repurchase agreements with a "primary securities dealer" or with the City's primary state certified public depository that are collateralized pursuant to state law and pursuant to a Master Repurchase Agreement entered into with the selling institution; h) auction rate securities (Dutch Auctions) rated "AA" or "AAA" with 28 - 35 day resets rated by a nationally recognized rating agency; i) corporate debt of corporations whose long-term debt is rated at least "AA-" or equivalent by a nationally recognized rating agency; j) mortgaged back securities rated "AAA" or better by a nationally recognized rating agency; and k) any other investments authorized by law and by resolution of the City Council.

The Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund (Florida PRIME) is operated by the Florida State Board of Administration and is a local government investment pool (LGIP). The Florida State Board of Administration is a three-member board made up of the state elected officials of Governor, Chief Financial Officer, and Attorney General. This Board is empowered by Florida law to invest funds at the request of local governments. The Florida PRIME is treated as a qualified external investment pool in accordance with GASB Statement No. 79 and is valued using the pooled share price (amortized cost), which approximates fair value.

Qualifying local government investment pools in the state of Florida must comply with applicable Florida statutory requirements. Chapter 218.409(8)(a), Florida Statutes, states that the principal balance within a LGIP trust fund is subject to withdrawal at any time. However, the Executive Director may, in good faith, on the occurrence of an event that has a material impact on liquidity or operations of the trust fund, for 48 hours limit contributions to or withdrawals from the trust fund to ensure that the Board can invest in the monies entrusted to it in exercising its fiduciary responsibility. Such action must be immediately disclosed to all participants, the Trustees, the Joint Legislative Auditing Committee, the Investment Advisory Council, and the Participant Local Government Advisory Council.

### NOTE B CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

With regard to liquidity fees, Chapter 218.409(4) provides authority for an LGIP to impose penalties for early withdrawal, subject to disclosure in the enrollment materials of the amount and purpose of such fees. At present, no such disclosure has been made by the SBA.

At September 30, 2019, there were no redemption fees or maximum transaction amounts, or any other requirements that serve to limit a participant's daily access to 100% of their account value within Florida PRIME.

The Florida Municipal Investment Trust (the Trust) is an investment pool created under the laws of Florida to provide eligible units of local government with an investment vehicle to pool their surplus funds. The Trust is administered by a Board of Trustees consisting of the President and Second Vice President of the Florida League of Cities, two representatives from the Florida Municipal Investment Trust, and three additional members who are elected officials of governmental entities who actively participate in the Trust. The City has invested in the Trust's 0-2 Year High Quality Bond Fund, which invests in government and high quality fixed income securities. The Trust is an authorized investment under the City's investment policy.

The City's investments as of September 30, 2019, consist of the following:

	Weighted Average		Overall Credit Rating
Investment	Maturity	Fair Value	(Standard & Poors)
State Board of Administration - Florida PRIME	37	\$ 15,347,890	AAAm
Florida Municipal Investment Trust - 0-2 Year High			
Quality Bond Fund	0.81 Year	4,278,458	Not Rated
United States Treasury Bill	12 Months	5,409,353	Not Rated
Portfolio Total		\$ 25,035,701	

**Interest Rate Risk:** Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Pursuant to the City's investment policy, as of September 30, 2019, the City minimized the interest rate risk, related to the decline in market value of securities due to rising interest rates, by limiting the maturity of individual securities to not exceed five years from the date of purchase with the exception of securities related to a specific cash flow such as a reserve fund and investing operating funds in primarily shorter-term securities or similar government investment pools so that securities mature to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations, thereby avoiding the need to sell securities in the secondary market prior to maturity.

**Concentration of Credit Risk:** Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributable to the quantity of the government's investment in a single user. Appropriate diversification is maintained between security types and issuers to reduce concentration of credit risk.

A reconciliation of the amount of cash, cash equivalents, and investments to the Statement of Net Position is as follows:

Bank Deposits	\$ 2,887,996
Petty Cash	2,329
Investments	 25,035,701
Total	\$ 27,926,026
Unrestricted:	
Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments	\$ 23,086,007
Restricted:	
Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments - Customer Deposits	4,840,019
Total Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments	\$ 27,926,026

# NOTE B CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

**Pension Trust Funds:** The City has two defined benefit single-employer pension plans: Police Officers' and Firefighters' (Pension Funds).

### Firefighters' Retirement System

**Cash and Cash Equivalents:** Fiduciary Trust Company of the South, Inc. periodically holds uninvested cash in its capacity as custodian of the Firefighters' Retirement System (the Plan). These funds exist temporarily as cash in the process of collection from the sale of securities. At September 30, 2019, the carrying amount of the Plan's cash and cash equivalents was \$4,077.

**Investments:** The Board of Trustees of the Firefighters' Retirement System are authorized to invest and reinvest in such securities or property, real or personal, as shall be approved by the Board of Trustees; including but not limited to stocks, common or preferred, bonds, so long as such stocks or bonds retain one of the three highest quality ratings on a major recognized rating service, and other evidence of indebtedness or ownership, including shares or units of common trust funds approved as investments for pension and profit sharing plans.

The Firefighters' Retirement System held the following fixed investments as of September 30, 2019:

Investment Type	F	air Value	Overall Credit Rating (S&P & Moody's)	Average Effective Duration (Years)
U.S. Government Obligations	\$	821,493	AA	7.2
U.S. Government Agency Obligations		601,482	AA	6.9
Domestic Corporate Bonds		1,265,531	Α	4.9
Domestic Fixed Income Investment Fund		629,400	Not Rated	N/A
Domestic Stocks		4,856,088	Not Rated	N/A
Domestic Equity Investment Fund		2,979,380	Not Rated	N/A
International equity investment fund		1,728,236	Not Rated	N/A
Temporary Investment Funds		137,798	Not Rated	N/A
Total Investments	\$	13,019,408		

<u>Credit Risk</u> – The Plan's investment policy limits its fixed income securities to a qualifying rating of "A" or equivalent as rated by one or more recognized bond rating services at the time of purchase. Fixed income investments that are downgraded to a "BAA" or equivalent rating must be liquidated within a reasonable period of time not to exceed 12 months. Fixed income investments that are downgraded below a "BAA" rating are to be liquidated immediately.

<u>Interest Rate Risk</u> – Through its investment policy, the Plan manages its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. In this regard, the Plan adopted the Barclays Capital Aggregate Bond Index benchmark performance evaluator. The Plan further limited the effective duration of its fixed investment portfolio to 120% of the duration of the Lehman Brothers Aggregate Bond Index duration.

<u>Custodial Credit Risk</u> – Custodial credit risk is defined as the risk that the Plan may not recover cash and investments held by another in the event of a financial failure. The Plan requires all securities to be held by a third-party custodian in the name of the Plan. Securities transactions between a broker-dealer and the custodian involving the purchase or sale of securities must be made on a "delivery vs. payment" basis to ensure that the custodian will have the security or money, as appropriate, in hand at the conclusion of the transaction.

The Plan has no instrument that, in whole or in part, is accounted for as a derivative instrument under GASB Statement No. 53, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Derivative Instruments," during the current plan year.

### NOTE B CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

### Police Officers' Retirement System

**Cash and cash equivalents:** Fiduciary Trust Company of the South, Inc. periodically holds un-invested cash in the capacity as custodians of the Police Officers' Retirement System (the Plan). These funds exist temporarily as cash in the process of collection from the sale of securities. At September 30, 2019, the carrying amount of the Plan's cash and cash equivalents was \$26,065.

**Investments:** The Board of Trustees of the Police Officers' Retirement System are authorized to invest in time, savings and money market accounts of an institution insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation; obligations of the U.S. Government or an agency or instrumentality of the U.S. Government, high capitalization common or preferred stocks, pooled equity funds, high quality bonds or notes and fixed income funds. The Board requires that Plan assets be invested with no more than 70% in stocks and convertible securities measured at cost. Additionally, not more than 5% of the Plan's assets shall be invested in the common stock of any one issuing company. The Plan's investment in the common stock of any single corporation shall not exceed 5% of such corporation's outstanding common or capital stock.

The Police Officers' Retirement System held the following investments as of September 30, 2019:

Investment		Fair Value	Overall Credit Rating (S&P & Moody's)	Average Effective Duration (Years)
U.S. Government Obligations	\$	2,490,508	AA	4.9
U.S. Government Agency Obligations	*	1,107,903	AA	9.1
Domestic Corporate Bonds		4,377,579	Α	6.3
Domestic Stocks		17,692,231	Not Rated	N/A
Real Estate Investment Fund		3,524,471	Not Rated	N/A
Temporary Investment Funds		281,500	Not Rated	N/A
Total Fixed Investments	\$	29,474,192		

<u>Credit Risk</u> – Consistent with state law, the Plan's investment guidelines limit its fixed income securities to a quality rating of "A" or equivalent as rated by one or more recognized bond rating services at the time of purchase. Fixed income investments that are downgraded to a "BAA" or equivalent rating must be liquidated within a reasonable period of time not to exceed 12 months. Fixed income investments that are downgraded below a "BAA" rating are to be liquidated immediately.

<u>Interest Rate Risk</u> – Through its investment policies, the Plan manages it exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. In this regard, the Plan adopted the Barclays Capital Aggregate Bond Index benchmark performance evaluator. Additionally, the Plan further limited the effective duration of its fixed income investment portfolio to 120% of the duration of the Lehman Brothers Aggregate Bond Index.

<u>Custodial Credit Risk</u> – Custodial credit risk is defined as the risk that the Plan may not recover cash and investments held by another in the event of a financial failure. The Plan requires all securities to be held by a third-party custodian in the name of the Plan. Securities transactions between a broker-dealer and the custodian involving the purchase or sale of securities must be made on a "delivery vs. payment" basis to ensure that the custodian will have the security or money, as appropriate, in had at the conclusion of the transaction.

The Plan has no instrument that, in whole or in part, is accounted for as a derivative instrument under GASB Statement No. 53, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Derivative Instruments," during the current plan year.

# NOTE B CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

<u>Fair Value Measurement</u> - The City and the Firefighters' Retirement System and the Police Officers' Retirement System categorize fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. Investments are reported at fair value other than those using Net Asset Value (NAV) or amortized cost. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Fair value determination, other than those measured using the NAV as a practical expedient, are made based upon a hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements).

Level 1 – Inputs are unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets.

Level 2 – Inputs include quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets; quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in inactive markets; inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability; inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data by correlation or other means.

Level 3 – Inputs to the valuation methodology are unobservable inputs in situations where there is little or no market activity for the asset or liability, and the reporting entity makes estimates and assumptions related to the pricing of the asset or liability including assumptions regarding risk.

The investments of the City consist of the following:

- Florida PRIME, which is a qualified external investment pool and is valued at amortized cost of \$15,347,890 as of September 30, 2019.
- United States Treasury Bill, with a fair value of \$5,409,353 as of September 30, 2019. This is considered
  a Level 2 investment, whose pricing was obtained from an independent third-party custodian that utilizes
  matrix pricing.
- 0-2 Year High Quality Bond Fund, which is invested through the Florida Municipal Investment Trust (FMIVT), is an external investment pool. The 0-2 Year High Quality Bond Fund is valued at the net asset value (NAV) of \$4,278,458 as of September 30, 2019. The NAV, provided by FMIVT, is based upon the values of the underlying securities within the fund. The 0-2 Year High Quality Bond Fund invests mainly in U.S. government and agency securities and asset-backed securities. The investment objective of this fund is to meet or exceed the return of its benchmark, the Bank of America ML 1 Year Treasury Note. The fund's underlying portfolio is valued on the 15<sup>th</sup> and last business day of the month. The fund is available to accept contributions or redemptions twice monthly, on the first business day following the portfolio valuation date. The minimum redemption amount is \$5,000, and the Administrator must have advance written notification of intended withdrawals.

# NOTE B CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

The Firefighters' Retirement System had the following recurring fair value measurements comprised of investments as of September 30, 2019:

	2019									
				Fair \	Using					
				Quoted						
				Prices in	5	Significant				
			Ad	ctive Markets		Other	Si	gnificant		
			f	or Identical	(	Observable	Unc	bservable		
		Fair		Assets		Inputs		Inputs		
		Value		(Level 1)		(Level 2)		Level 3)		
Investment by Fair Value Level						_				
Debt Securities:										
U.S. Government Obligations	\$	821,493	\$	-	\$	821,493	\$	-		
U.S. Government Agency Obligations		601,482		-		601,482		-		
Domestic Corporate Bonds		1,265,531		-		1,265,531		-		
Domestic Fixed Income Fund		629,400		629,400		-		-		
Equity Securities:										
Domestic Equity Investment Fund		2,979,380		2,979,380		-		-		
Domestic Stocks		4,856,088		4,856,088		-		-		
International Equity Investment Fund		1,728,236		1,728,236		-		-		
Temporary Investments		137,798		137,798				-		
Total Investments Measured at Fair Value	\$	13,019,408	\$	10,330,902	\$	2,688,506	\$	-		

Debt securities classified as Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using a matrix pricing technique. Matrix pricing is used by International Data Pricing and Reference Data, LLC to value securities based on the securities' relationship to benchmark quoted prices.

The Police Officers' Retirement System had the following recurring fair value measurements comprised of investments as of September 30, 2019:

				20	19			
				Fair \	√alue I	Measurements	Using	
			Δι	Quoted Prices in	Significant Other		c	Significant
				or Identical	(	Observable		observable
	Fair			Assets	`	Inputs	0.	Inputs
		Value		(Level 1)		(Level 2)		(Level 3)
Investment by Fair Value Level				,				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Debt Securities:								
U.S. Government Obligations	\$	2,490,508	\$	-	\$	2,490,508	\$	-
U.S. Government Agency Obligations		1,107,903		-		1,107,903		-
Corporate Bonds		4,377,279		-		4,377,279		-
Equity Securities:								
Domestic Stocks		17,692,231		17,692,231		-		-
Temporary Investments		281,500		281,500				-
Total Investments Measured at Fair Value	\$	25,949,421	\$	17,973,731	\$	7,975,690	\$	-
Investments Measured at Net Asset Value (NAV)		0.504.474						
Real Estate Fund		3,524,471						
Total Investments Measured at Cost		3,524,471						
Total Investments	\$	29,473,892						

# NOTE B CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Debt securities classified as Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using a matrix pricing technique. Matrix pricing is used by International Data Pricing and Reference Data, LLC to value securities based on the securities' relationship to benchmark quoted prices.

The real estate investment fund (U.S. Real Estate Investment Fund, LLC) is an open end, commingled private real estate portfolio. This REIT-based fund is structured as a limited partnership. Its primary focus is to invest in well-leased, income producing properties within major U.S. markets. The fair values of the investments in this fund have been determined using the NAV per unit of the Trust's ownership interest in partners' capital. The investments of the fund are valued quarterly. Withdrawal requests must be made 90 days in advance and may be paid in one or more installments.

### NOTE C RECEIVABLES

The receivables and related allowance for uncollectibles at September 30, 2019 were as follows:

	 eceivable Balance	Ur	owance for collectible Balance	 Net
General Fund:				
Taxes and Franchise Fees	\$ 293,842	\$	-	\$ 293,842
Lot Mowing	22,147		-	22,147
Code Enforcement	1,095,904		821,928	273,976
Red Light Camera Fines	37,875		-	37,875
Other	190,111		-	190,111
Total General Fund	\$ 1,639,879	\$	821,928	\$ 817,951
Redevelopment Fund:				
Lot Mowing	\$ 1,104	\$	-	\$ 1,104
Code Enforcement	296,210		296,210	-
Miscellaneous	41,720		-	41,720
Total Redevelopment Fund	\$ 339,034	\$	296,210	\$ 42,824
Street Improvement Fund:				
Special Assessments	\$ 82,484	\$	40,917	\$ 41,567
Water and Sewer Fund:				
Retail Utility Customers	\$ 2,523,060	\$	511,674	\$ 2,011,386
Impact Fees	16,107		-	16,107
Miscellaneous	18,188		-	18,188
Special Assessments	29,063		27,610	1,453
Total Water and Sewer Fund	\$ 2,586,418	\$	539,284	\$ 2,047,134

### **NOTE D INTERFUND TRANSFERS**

The composition of interfund transfers for the year ended September 30, 2019 is as follows:

					Fur	nd Tra	ansfers In:						
					Debt		Capital		Other		Water		
	General	Re	development		Service		Projects	Governmental		and Sewer			
Fund Transfer Out:	Fund		Fund		Fund		Fund		Funds		Fund		Total
General Fund	\$ -	\$	1,338,110	\$	-	\$	-	\$	300,000	\$	-	\$	1,638,110
Redevelopment Fund	315,870		-		886,890		-		-		389,880		1,592,640
Capital Projects Fund	875,198		-		-		-		200,000		-		1,075,198
Street Improvement Fund	350,000		-		-		-		-		-		350,000
Water and Sewer Fund	4,153,810		-		-		-		-		3,440,604		7,594,414
Stormwater Fund	130,000		-		-		353,000		-		-		483,000
Total	\$ 5,824,878	\$	1,338,110	\$	886,890	\$	353,000	\$	500,000	\$	3,830,484	\$ ^	12,733,362
					_								
						Due	From:						
	General	Re	development	Stre	et Improvement	Inte	ernal Service	S	tormwater	5	Stormwater		
Due To:	Fund		Fund		Fund		Fund		Fund		Fund		Total
General Fund	\$ -	\$	8,885,703	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	8,885,703
Redevelopment Fund	-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Internal Service Fund	-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Water and Sewer Fund	-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Stormwater Fund		_	<u>.</u>		-	_	-	_	-		-	_	-
Total	\$ -	\$	8,885,703	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	8,885,703

The majority of transfers to the General Fund represent each fund's share of operating overhead and administrative costs paid by the General Fund. In addition, the Redevelopment Fund transferred \$886,890 into the Debt Service Fund to make principal and interest payments on the Redevelopment Revenue Note, Series 2016. Also, a portion of transfers made from the Water and Sewer Fund to the General Fund represented payments in lieu of franchise fees on utility billing revenues.

In addition to transfers, the General Fund has a long-term advance to the Redevelopment Fund with an outstanding balance of \$8,885,703 as of September 30, 2019. This amount is made up of \$7,619,352, which is the initial advance, per Resolution 2015-09, and accumulates interest at 4.5% per year. Total interest accrued and unpaid is \$1,875,747. The principal and interest amount is due starting in fiscal year 2021 based on a repayment plan that matures in FY2040. The remaining \$1,266,351 is related to transfers to cover negative cash in previous fiscal years and other costs. The purpose of this advance was to provide the necessary funding to the Redevelopment Fund in order to meet its debt service obligations. The interfund activity is eliminated in the basic Government-Wide financial statement.

### **NOTE E NOTE RECEIVABLE**

In May 1998, the City, along with the cities of Tampa, St. Petersburg and the counties of Pasco, Pinellas, and Hillsborough, entered into an interlocal agreement to reorganize the West Coast Regional Water Supply Authority. As part of this agreement, the City conveyed its interest in the North Pasco Wellfield, including water rights to the Authority, for the net amount of \$13,226,250 that is to be received in the form of credits applied against the cost of water purchased over the next 30 years. For the year ending September 30, 2019, these applied credits totaled \$847,579, represented by a principal portion of \$518,856 and an interest portion of \$328,723 at a rate of 4.865% compounded semi-annually. At September 30, 2019, the \$6,016,399 outstanding balance (\$544,954 - current portion and \$5,471,445 - long-term portion) on the note was reported as a note receivable. The Authority commenced operations under its reorganized form on October 1, 1998 under the name of Tampa Bay Water.

### NOTE F CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity of governmental activities for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019 was as follows:

Governmental Activities:	Beginning Balance 10/1/18		Additions/ Transfers In		Deletions/ Transfers Out		Adjustments and Reclassifications		Ending Balance 9/30/19
Nondepreciable Assets:									
Land, Land Rights, and Improvements	\$	3,822,002	\$	1,720,268	\$	(1,500)	\$	(18)	\$ 5,540,752
Construction in Progress		4,047,702		4,191,955		(4,848,844)		-	3,390,813
Depreciable Assets:									
Buildings and Improvements		27,541,630		421,707		(8,915)		-	27,954,422
Improvements Other than Buildings		10,959,336		96,381		(31,424)		(495)	11,023,798
Machinery and Equipment		11,838,648		971,983		(292,395)		(40,314)	12,477,922
Infrastructure		22,242,546		3,176,337					 25,418,883
Total at Historical Cost		80,451,864		10,578,631		(5,183,078)		(40,827)	85,806,590
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:									
Buildings and Improvements		14,069,252		773,168		(8,915)		-	14,833,505
Improvements Other than Buildings		6,052,616		563,585		(20,426)		-	6,595,775
Machinery and Equipment		8,872,112		753,990		(289,083)		-	9,337,019
Infrastructure		11,785,056		593,711		-			 12,378,767
Total Accumulated Depreciation		40,779,036		2,684,454		(318,424)			43,145,066
Capital Assets, Net	\$	39,672,828	\$	7,894,177	\$	(4,864,654)	\$	(40,827)	\$ 42,661,524

Depreciation charged to the governmental activities as follows:

General Government	\$ 332,617
Public Safety - Police	313,500
Public Safety - Fire	130,182
Public Works	728,073
Culture and Recreation	 1,158,303
Subtotal	 2,662,675
Unallocated Internal Service Funds	 21,779
Total	\$ 2,684,454

# NOTE F CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

Capital asset activity of business-type activities for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019 was as follows:

Business-Type Activities:		Beginning Balance 10/1/18		Additions/ Transfers In		Deletions/ Transfers Out		Adjustments and Reclassifications		Ending Balance 9/30/19
Nondepreciable Assets:										
Land, Land Rights, and Improvements	\$	1,220,787	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,220,787
Construction in Progress		2,178,214		1,061,037		(2,029,861)		-		1,209,390
Depreciable Assets:										
Buildings and Improvements		35,093,677		1,230,756		-		-		36,324,433
Machinery and Equipment		5,716,734		1,410,503		-		-		7,127,237
Infrastructure and Other Improvements	_	44,432,572		1,198,558		-		-		45,631,130
Total at Historical Cost		88,641,984		4,900,854		(2,029,861)		-		91,512,977
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:										
Buildings and Improvements		18,173,384		839,983		-		-		19,013,367
Machinery and Equipment		3,501,158		448,688		-		14,045		3,963,891
Infrastructure and Other Improvements		17,741,328		901,832		-		-		18,643,160
Total Accumulated Depreciation		39,415,870		2,190,503				14,045		41,620,418
Capital Assets, Net	\$	49,226,114	\$	2,710,351	\$	(2,029,861)	\$	(14,045)	\$	49,892,559

### NOTE G LONG-TERM DEBT

Activity relating to long-term governmental liabilities for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019 was as follows:

		Beginning				Ending	A	Amounts
		Balance				Balance	Dι	ue Within
<b>Governmental Activities</b>		10/1/2018	In	creases	Decreases	 9/30/2019	C	ne Year
Redevelopment Note,								
Series 2016	\$	9,720,000	\$	-	\$ 640,000	\$ 9,080,000	\$	657,000
Compensated Absences		479,811		497,868	 499,587	478,092		17,329
Total	\$	10,199,811	\$	497,868	\$ 1,139,587	\$ 9,558,092	\$	674,329

Amounts relating to compensated absences are liquidated in the funds that incurred the liabilities.

### NOTE G LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

Notes payable for the governmental activities is comprised of the following at September 30, 2019:

Non-Ad Valorem Refunding Revenue Note, Series 2016, in the amount of \$11,265,000 was issued on January 25, 2016, to refund the Redevelopment Refunding Revenue Note, Series 2005A, and the Redevelopment Revenue Note, Series 2005B. The Redevelopment Refunding Revenue Note, Series 2005A, was used to refinance the redevelopment bond anticipation note, which had been used to finance the cost of acquiring, constructing and equipping certain capital improvements within the Redevelopment Area. The Redevelopment Revenue Note, Series 2005B, was also issued to finance the acquisition, construction and equipping of capital improvements within the Redevelopment Area. Interest accrues on the Series 2016 note at an annual interest rate of 2.54%. Interest is payable semi-annually on February 1 and August 1. Annual principal payments are due each August 1st in amounts ranging from \$311,000 to \$865,000 through August 1, 2031. This transaction had an aggregate difference in debt service of (\$141,847) and a net present value of savings to the City of \$787,985.

\$ 9,080,000

Total interest expense and fiscal charges for the governmental activities for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019 was \$238,760.

**Restrictions:** The official statement and council resolution authorizing the issuance of the Refunding Revenue Note, Series 2016 (the Note) described above contain certain restrictive covenants. The Note is secured by a covenant to budget, appropriate, and deposit non-ad valorem revenues in the manner and to the extent provided in the council resolution, and is payable solely from pledged revenues, which consist of non-ad valorem revenues budgeted, appropriated, and deposited as provided in the resolution.

The resolution provides that the City will deposit pledged revenues in the Debt Service Fund in amounts sufficient to pay principal of and interest on the Note. The resolution also establishes a reserve fund to be used to pay the principal and interest on the Note when the available assets within the Debt Service Fund are insufficient. The resolution requires that the reserve fund be funded in an amount equal to the contingent reserve requirement in the event the City fails to meet certain financial covenants. It is not reasonably expected that the City will fail to meet the financial covenants that would require the reserve fund to be funded.

Interest on the Note is excludable from gross income for federal income tax purposes. The City has also covenanted that all actions necessary will be taken to maintain the exclusion from gross income of interest on the Note.

Activity relating to long-term governmental liabilities for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019 was as follows:

	Principal			Interest	 Total	
Redevelopment Refunding Revenue Note,				_	 _	
<u>Series 2016</u>						
2020	\$	657,000	\$	230,632	\$ 887,632	
2021		673,000		213,944	886,944	
2022		691,000		196,850	887,850	
2023		708,000		179,299	887,299	
2024		726,000		161,315	887,315	
2025-2029		3,916,000		520,471	4,436,471	
2030-2031		1,709,000		65,380	 1,774,380	
Total	\$	9,080,000	\$	1,567,891	\$ 10,647,891	

# NOTE G LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

Activity relating to long-term liabilities within business-type activities for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019 was as follows:

Business-Type Activities:	Beginning Balance I0/1/2018	Increases	[	Decreases		Ending Balance /30/2019	Amounts Due Within One Year	
Revenue Bond,								
Series 2017A	\$ 712,000	\$ -	\$	47,000	\$	665,000	\$	48,000
Revenue Bond, Series 2012	5,807,261	-		581,013		5,226,248		596,120
Revenue Bond, Series 2019	-	8,723,000		345,000		8,378,000		860,000
Capital Lease, Equipment	330,404	-		78,704		251,700		81,247
Compensated Absences	61,893	102,704		96,508		68,089		4,497
Total	\$ 6,911,558	\$ 8,825,704	\$	1,148,225	\$ 1	4,589,037	\$	1,589,864

Amounts relating to compensated absences are liquidated in the funds that incurred the liabilities.

Bonds payable for business type activities is comprised of the following at September 30, 2019:

Refunding Utility Revenue Bond, Series 2012, in the amount of \$7,462,443 was issued on July 18, 2012 for the purpose of the advance refunding of the Series 2007B Bonds and paying certain costs of issuance of the Series 2012 Bonds. Interest accrues on the Series 2012 Bond at an annual fixed rate of 2.60%. Interest is payable semi-annually on April 1 and October 1. Annual principal payments are due each October 1st in amounts ranging from \$537,953 to \$713,452 through October 1, 2027. The principal and interest payments are secured by and payable solely from a lien on and pledge of the net revenues of the City's utility system.

5,226,248

Water and Sewer Revenue Bond, Series 2017A, in the amount of \$787,000 was issued on February 10, 2017 for the purpose of financing the cost of acquisition of Purchased Assets based on the Utility Asset Acquisition Agreements by and between the City and Advisor Enterprises, Inc., dated November 15, 2016 and by and between the City and LWV Utilities, Inc., dated November 15, 2016, together with certain improvements to the water and sewer system of the City; and to pay the costs of issuing the Series 2017A Bond. Interest accrues on the Series 2017A Bond at an annual fixed rate of 2.53%. Interest is payable semi-annually on April 1 and October 1. Annual principal payments are due each October 1st in amounts ranging from \$29,000 to \$63,000 through October 1, 2031. The principal and interest payments are secured by and payable solely from a lien on and pledge of the net revenues of the City's utility system.

\$ 665,000

Water and Sewer Revenue Bond, Series 2019, in the amount of \$8,723,00 was issued on April 23,2019 for the purpose of financing and/or reimbursing the costs of acquisition of certain water and sewer system assets and construction and equipping of certain improvements to the water and sewer system of the City; and to pay the costs of issuing the Series 2019 Bond. Interest accrues on the Series 2019 Bond at an annual fixed rate of 2.61%. Interest is payable on October 1. Annual principal payments are due each October 1st in amounts ranging from \$800,000 to \$1,000,000 through October 1, 2028. The principal and interest payments are secured by and payable solely from a lien on and pledge of the net revenues of the City's utility system.

\$ 8,378,000

# NOTE G LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

Interest costs incurred for fiscal year ended September 30, 2019 were \$263,864.

**Funding of Business-Type Activities Long-Term Debt:** Debt service payments are secured by a pledge and lien upon, and payable solely from, the net revenues of the City's utility system. The total amount of Water and Sewer Fund charges for services and other income earned by the City and the Change in Net Position before depreciation, interest expense, and net transfers out for the year ended September 30, 2019 was \$14,631,977 and \$7,370,086, respectively.

The annual future debt service requirements for business-type activities long-term debt as of September 30, 2019 are as follows:

	Principal			Interest	Total		
Water and Sewer							
Refunding Revenue Bond, Series 2012							
2020	\$	596,120	\$	135,882	\$	732,002	
2021		611,619		120,383		732,002	
2022		627,521		104,481		732,002	
2023		643,836		88,166		732,002	
2024		660,573		71,426		731,999	
2025-2027		2,086,579		109,430		2,196,009	
Total	\$	5,226,248	\$	629,768	\$	5,856,016	
	-						
	F	Principal		Interest		Total	
Water and Sewer							
Revenue Bond, Series 2017A							
2020	\$	48,000	\$	16,825	\$	64,825	
2021		49,000		15,610		64,610	
2022		51,000		14,370		65,370	
2023		52,000		13,080		65,080	
2024		53,000		11,765		64,765	
2025-2029		287,000		37,925		324,925	
2030-2031		125,000		4,756		129,756	
Total	\$	665,000	\$	114,331	\$	779,331	

### NOTE G LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

	Principal			Total
Water and Sewer	 			
Revenue Bond, Series 2019				
2020	\$ 838,000	\$	218,666	\$ 1,056,666
2021	860,000		196,794	1,056,794
2022	882,000		174,348	1,056,348
2023	905,000		151,328	1,056,328
2024	929,000		127,707	1,056,707
2025-2029	3,964,000		261,991	4,225,991
Total	\$ 8,378,000	\$	1,130,834	\$ 9,508,834

# NOTE G LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

### **Capital Lease**

The City entered into a lease-purchase agreement with Leasing 2, Inc. for the lease of a sewer vacuum truck. The lease term is 5 years for a purchase price of \$446,896 and requires annual installments of \$89,379 with interest at 3.23%. The City may pay in full any time during the term of the lease the outstanding balance. The future minimum capital lease payment as of September 30, 2019 are as follows:

	F	Principal			Total
Water and Sewer				<u> </u>	
Capital Lease, Equipment					
2020	\$	81,247	\$	8,132	\$ 89,379
2021		83,872		5,507	89,379
2022		86,581		2,797	 89,378
Total	\$	251,700	\$	16,436	\$ 268,136

### NOTE H RETIREMENT PLANS

### Florida Retirement System

The Florida Retirement System (FRS) was created by Chapter 121, Florida Statutes, to provide defined benefit pension plan for participating public employees. The FRS was amended in 1998 to add the Deferred Retirement Option Program under the defined benefit plan and amended in 2000 to provide a defined contribution plan alternative to the defined benefit plan for FRS members effective July 1, 2002. This integrated defined contribution pension plan is a FRS Investment Plan. Chapter 112, Florida Statutes, established the Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS) Program, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, to assist retired members of any state-administered retirement system in paying the costs of health insurance.

Provisions relating to the FRS are established by Chapters 121 and 122, Florida Statutes, Chapter 112, Part IV, Florida Statutes: Chapter 238, Florida Statutes; and FRS Rules, Chapter 60S, Florida Administrative Code; wherein eligibility contributions and benefits are defined and described in detail. Such provisions may be amended at any time by further action by the Florida Legislature. The FRS is a single retirement system administered by the Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement, and consists of the two cost sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit plans and other nonintegrated programs. A comprehensive annual financial report of the FRS, which includes its financial statements, required supplementary information, actuarial report, and other relevant information, is available from the Florida Department of Management Services' website (www.dms.myflorida.com).

The City's pension expense totaled \$1,499,625 for both the FRS pension Plan and HIS Plan for the year ended September 30, 2019.

### **Plan Description**

The Florida Retirement System Pension Plan (FRS Plan) is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, with a Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP) for eligible employees. The general classes of membership are as follows:

- Regular Class Members of the FRS who do not qualify for membership in the other classes.
- Elected County Officers Class Members who hold specified elective offices in local government.
- Senior Management Service Class (SMSC) Members in senior management level positions.
- Special Risk Class Members who are special risk employees, such as law enforcement officers, meet the criteria to qualify for this class.

### NOTE H RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

### Florida Retirement System (Continued)

Employees enrolled in the FRS Plan prior to July 1, 2011, vest at six years of creditable service and employees enrolled in the FRS Plan on or after July 1, 2011, vest at eight years of creditable service. All vested members, enrolled prior to July 1, 2011, are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 62 or at any age after 30 years of service, except for members classified as special risk who are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 55 or at any age after 25 years of service. All members enrolled in the FRS Plan on or after July 1, 2011, once vested, are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 65 or any time after 33 years of creditable service, except for members classified as special risk who are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 60 or at any age after 30 years of service. Employees enrolled in the FRS Plan may include up to four years of credit for military service toward creditable service. The FRS Plan also includes an early retirement provision; however, there is a benefit reduction for each year a member retires before his or her normal retirement date. The FRS Plan provides retirement, disability, death benefits, and annual cost-of-living adjustments to eligible participants.

DROP, subject to provisions of Section 121.091, Florida Statutes, permits employees eligible for normal retirement under the FRS Plan to defer receipt of monthly benefit payments while continuing employment with an FRS participating employer. An employee may participate in DROP for a period not to exceed 60 months after electing to participate, except that certain instructional personnel may participate for up to 96 months. During the period of DROP participation, deferred monthly benefits are held in the FRS Trust Fund and accrue interest. The net pension liability does not include amounts for DROP participants, as these members are considered retired and are not accruing additional pension benefits.

### **Benefits Provided**

Benefits under the FRS Plan are computed on the basis of age and/or years of service, average final compensation, and service credit. Credit for each year of service is expressed as a percentage of the average final compensation. For members initially enrolled before July 1, 2011, the average final compensation is the average of the five highest fiscal years' earnings; for members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, the average final compensation is the average of the eight highest fiscal years' earnings. The total percentage value of the benefit received is determined by calculating the total value of all service, which is based on the retirement class to which the member belonged when the service credit was earned. Members are eligible for in-line-of-duty or regular disability and survivors' benefits. The following chart shows the percentage value for each year of service credit earned:

# NOTE H RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

Class, Initial Enrollment, and Retirement Age/Years of Service:	% Value
Regular Class Members Initially Enrolled before July 1, 2011:	<u> </u>
Retirement up to Age 62 or up to 30 Years of Service	1.60
Retirement up to Age 63 or up to 31 Years of Service	1.63
Retirement up to Age 64 or up to 32 Years of Service	1.65
Retirement up to Age 65 or up to 33 Years of Service	1.68
Regular Class Members Initially Enrolled on or after July 1, 2011:	
Retirement up to Age 65 or up to 33 Years of Service	1.60
Retirement up to Age 66 or up to 34 Years of Service	1.63
Retirement up to Age 67 or up to 35 Years of Service	1.65
Retirement up to Age 68 or up to 36 Years of Service	1.68
Elected County Officers	3.00
Senior Management Service Class	2.00
Special Risk Regular:	
Service from December 1, 1970, through September 30, 1974	2.00
Service on and after October 1, 1974	3.00

As provided in Section 121.101, Florida Statutes, if the member is initially enrolled in the FRS before July 1, 2011, and all service credit was accrued before July 1, 2011, the annual cost-of-living adjustment is 3% per year. If the member is initially enrolled before July 1, 2011, and has service credit on or after July 1, 2011, there is an individually calculated cost-of-living adjustment. The annual cost-of-living adjustment is a proportion of 3% determined by dividing the sum of the pre-July 2011 service credit by the total service credit at retirement multiplied by 3%. FRS Plan members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, will not have a cost-of-living adjustment after retirement.

### NOTE H RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

### Florida Retirement System (Continued)

### **Contributions**

Employer contributions are based upon statewide rates established by the state of Florida. From July 1, 2018 through June 30, 2019, the employer rates, which include the health insurance subsidy contributions of 1.66%, and the 0.06% administrative/education fee, are applied to employee salaries as follows: regular employees – 8.26%; senior management – 24.06%; and deferred retirement option plan – 14.03%. From July 1, 2019 through June 30, 2020, the employer rates, which include the health insurance subsidy contributions of 1.66%, and the 0.06% administrative/education fee, are applied to employee salaries as follows: regular employees – 8.47%; senior management – 25.41%; and deferred retirement option plan – 14.60%. Effective July 1, 2011, employees participating in the Plan are required to contribute 3% of their eligible earnings on a pre-tax basis to the Plan. Employees enrolled in the DROP are not subject to the 3% contribution. The City's contributions to the FRS Plan were \$467,100 for the year ended September 30, 2019.

### **Pension Costs**

At September 30, 2019, the City reported a liability of \$5,064,763 for its proportionate share of the FRS Plan's net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2019. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the City's contributions received by FRS during the measurement period for employer payroll paid dates from July 1, 2018, through June 30, 2019, relative to the total employer contributions received from all of FRS's participating employers. At June 30, 2019, the City's proportion was 0.01471%, which was a decrease of 0.00038% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2018.

For the year ended September 30, 2019, the City recognized pension expense of \$1,309,471 for its proportionate share of FRS's pension expense. In addition, the City reported its proportionate share of FRS's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources from the following sources:

		Deferred		Deferred
	C	Outflows of	Ir	nflows of
Description	Resources		R	esources
Differences Between Expected and Actual Economic Experience	\$	300,406	\$	3,143
Changes in Actuarial Assumptions		1,300,849		-
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual Earnings on				
Pension Plan Investments		-		280,209
Changes in Proportion and Differences Between City Contributions				
and Proportionate Share of Contributions		93,016		183,470
City Contributions Subsequent to the Measurement Date		110,064		-
Total	\$	1,804,335	\$	466,822

A total of \$110,064 was reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from City contributions to the FRS Plan subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending September 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as an increase (decrease) in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending September 30,	_	Amount	
2020	_	\$	521,511
2021			107,070
2022			305,774
2023			230,639
2024			50,392
Thereafter			12,063

# NOTE H RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

### Florida Retirement System (Continued)

### **Actuarial Assumptions**

The total pension liability in the July 1, 2019, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.60% Per Year

Salary Increases 3.25%, Average, Including Inflation

Investment Rate of Return 6.90%

Mortality rates for the July 1, 2019 valuation were based on PUB-2010 base table varies by member and sex, projected generationally with scale MP 2018. The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2019, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study completed in 2019 for the period July 1, 2013, through June 30, 2018.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was not based on historical returns, but instead is based on a forward-looking capital market economic model. The allocation policy's description of each asset class was used to map the target allocation to the asset classes shown below. Each asset class assumption is based on a consistent set of underlying assumptions, and includes an adjustment for the inflation assumption. The target allocation, as outlined in the FRS Plan's investment policy and best estimates of arithmetic and geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Annual	Compound Annual	
	Target	Arithmetic	(Geometric)	Standard
Asset Class	Allocation	Return	Return	Deviation
Cash	1.0%	3.3%	3.3%	1.2%
Fixed Income	18.0%	4.1%	4.1%	3.5%
Global Equity	54.0%	8.0%	6.8%	16.5%
Real Estate	11.0%	6.7%	6.1%	11.7%
Private Equity	10.0%	11.2%	8.4%	25.8%
Strategic Investments	6.0%	5.9%	5.7%	6.7%
Totals	100%			
Assumed Inflation - Mean			2.6%	1.7%

### **Discount Rate**

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.90% for the FRS Plan. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee and employer contributions will be made at the rate specified in statute. Based on that assumption, each of the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

### NOTE H RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

### Florida Retirement System (Continued)

### **Pension Liability Sensitivity**

The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability for the FRS Plan, calculated using the discount rate disclosed in the preceding paragraph, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

	1% Decrease	Current	1% Increase
	in Discount	Discount	in Discount
Description	Rate	Rate	Rate
FRS Plan Discount Rate	5.90%	6.90%	7.90%
City's Proportionate Share of the FRS Plan			
Net Pension Liability	\$ 8,755,289	\$ 5,064,763	\$ 1,982,550

### **Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position**

Detailed information about the FRS Plan's fiduciary's net position is available in a separately issued FRS Pension Plan and Other State-Administered Systems Comprehensive Annual Financial Report. That report may be obtained through the Florida Department of Management Services website at <a href="http://www.dms.myflorida.com">http://www.dms.myflorida.com</a>.

### Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy Program

### **Plan Description**

The Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy Program (HIS Plan) is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan established under Section 112.363, Florida Statutes, and may be amended by the Florida Legislature at any time. The benefit is a monthly payment to assist retirees of state-administered retirement systems in paying their health insurance costs and is administered by the Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement.

### **Benefits Provided**

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019, eligible retirees and beneficiaries received a monthly HIS payment of \$5 for each year of creditable service completed at the time of retirement, with a minimum HIS payment of \$30 and a maximum HIS payment of \$150 per month, pursuant to Section 112.363, Florida Statutes. To be eligible to receive a HIS Plan benefit, a retiree under a state-administered retirement system must provide proof of health insurance coverage, which may include Medicare.

### **Contributions**

The HIS Plan is funded by required contributions from FRS participating employers as set by the Florida Legislature. Employer contributions are a percentage of gross compensation for all active FRS members. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019, the contribution rate was 1.66% of payroll pursuant to section 112.363, Florida Statues. The City contributed 100% of its statutorily required contributions for the current and preceding three years. HIS Plan contributions are deposited in a separate trust fund from which payments are authorized. HIS Plan benefits are not guaranteed and are subject to annual legislative appropriation. In the event the legislative appropriation or available funds fail to provide full subsidy benefits to all participants, benefits may be reduced or canceled. The City's contributions to the HIS Plan were \$103,451 for the year ended September 30, 2019.

### NOTE H RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

### Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy Program (Continued)

### **Pension Costs**

At September 30, 2019, the City reported a liability of \$2,040,793 for its proportionate share of the HIS Plan's net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2019. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the City's contributions received during the measurement period for employer payroll paid dates from July 1, 2018, through June 30, 2019, relative to the total employer contributions received from all participating employers. At June 30, 2019, the City's proportion was 0.01824%, which was an increase of 0.00012% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2018.

For the year ended September 30, 2019, the City recognized pension expense of \$190,154 for its proportionate share of HIS's pension expense. In addition, the City reported its proportionate share of HIS's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources from the following sources:

		Deferred	[	Deferred
	O	utflows of	lı	nflows of
Description	Resources		Resources	
Differences Between Expected and Actual Economic Experience	\$	24,788	\$	2,499
Changes in Actuarial Assumptions		236,305		166,798
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual Earnings on				
HIS Program Investments		1,317		-
Changes in Proportion and Differences Between City Contributions				
and Proportionate Share of Contributions		145,033		105,553
City Contributions Subsequent to the Measurement Date		23,862		_
Total	\$	431,305	\$	274,850

A total of \$23,862 was reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from City contributions to the FRS Plan subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended September 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as an increase (decrease) in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending September 30,	 Amount	
2020	\$ 73,311	
2021	58,409	
2022	42,299	
2023	(26,998)	
2024	(28,782)	
Thereafter	14,354	

### **Actuarial Assumptions**

The total pension liability in the July 1, 2019, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.60% Per Year

Salary Increases 3.25%, Average, Including Inflation

Municipal Bond Rate 3.50%

Mortality rates were based on the Generational RP-2000 with Projection Scale BB. The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2019, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study completed in 2019 of the FRS Plan for the period July 1, 2013, through June 30, 2018.

### NOTE H RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

### Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy Program (Continued)

### **Discount Rate**

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 3.50% for the HIS Plan. In general, the discount rate for calculating the total pension liability is equal to the single rate equivalent to discounting at the long-term expected rate of return for benefit payments prior to the projected depletion date. Because the HIS benefit is essentially funded on a pay-as-you-go basis, the depletion date is considered to be immediate, and the single equivalent discount rate is equal to the municipal bond rate selected by the HIS Plan sponsor. The Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-Bond Municipal Bond Index was adopted as the applicable municipal bond index.

### **Pension Liability Sensitivity**

The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability for the HIS Plan, calculated using the discount rate disclosed in the preceding paragraph, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

	1% Decrease	Current	1% Increase
	in Discount	Discount	in Discount
Description	Rate	Rate	Rate
HIS Plan Discount Rate	2.50%	3.50%	4.50%
City's Proportionate Share of the HIS Plan			
Net Pension Liability	\$ 2,329,669	\$ 2,040,793	\$ 1,800,191

### **Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position**

Detailed information about the HIS Plan's fiduciary's net position is available in a separately issued FRS Pension Plan and Other State-Administered Systems Comprehensive Annual Financial Report. That report may be obtained through the Florida Department of Management Services website at <a href="http://www.dms.myflorida.com">http://www.dms.myflorida.com</a>.

### FRS Investment Plan

The Florida State Board of Administration (SBA) administers the defined contribution plan officially titled the FRS Investment Plan (Investment Plan). The Investment Plan is reported in the SBA's annual financial statements and in the state of Florida Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

As provided in Section 121.4501, Florida Statutes, eligible FRS members may elect to participate in the Investment Plan in lieu of the FRS defined benefit plan. City employees participating in DROP are not eligible to participate in the Investment Plan. Employer and employee contributions, including amounts contributed to individual member's accounts, are defined by law, but the ultimate benefit depends in part on the performance of investment funds. Benefit terms, including contribution requirements, for the Investment Plan are established and may be amended by the Florida Legislature. The Investment Plan is funded with the same employer and employee contribution rates that are based on salary and membership class (Regular Class, Elected County Officers, etc.), as the FRS defined benefit plan. Contributions are directed to individual member accounts, and the individual members allocate contributions and account balances among various approved investment choices. Costs of administering plan, including the FRS Financial Guidance Program, are funded through an employer contribution of 0.06% of payroll and by forfeited benefits of plan members. Allocations to the investment member's accounts during the 2018-19 fiscal years, as established by Section 121.72, Florida Statutes, are based on a percentage of gross compensation, by class, as follows: Regular class 6.30%, Special Risk Administrative Support class 7.95%, Special Risk class 14.00%, and Senior Management Service. These allocations include a required employee contribution of 3% of gross compensation for each member class.

#### NOTE H RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

#### FRS Investment Plan (Continued)

For all membership classes, employees are immediately vested in their own contributions and are vested after one year of service for employer contributions and investment earnings. If an accumulated benefit obligation for service credit originally earned under the FRS Pension Plan is transferred to the Investment Plan, the member must have the years of service required for FRS Pension Plan vesting (including the service credit represented by the transferred funds) to be vested for these funds and the earnings on the funds. Nonvested employer contributions are placed in a suspense account for up to 5 years. If the employee returns to FRS-covered employment within the 5-year period, the employee will regain control over their account. If the employee does not return within the 5-year period, the employee will forfeit the accumulated account balance. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019, the information for the amount of forfeitures was unavailable from the SBA; however, management believes that these amounts, if any, would be immaterial to the City.

After termination and applying to receive benefits, the member may rollover vested funds to another qualified plan, structure a periodic payment under the Investment Plan, receive a lump-sum distribution, leave the funds invested for future distribution, or any combination of these options. Disability coverage is provided; the member may either transfer the account balance to the FRS Pension Plan when approved for disability retirement to receive guaranteed lifetime monthly benefits under the FRS Pension Plan, or remain in the Investment Plan and rely upon that account balance for retirement income.

The City's Investment Plan pension expense totaled \$69,671 for the year ended September 30, 2019. Employee contributions to the Investment Plan totaled \$15,465 for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019.

#### Police Officers' and Firefighters' Retirement Systems

#### **Plan Description**

The City contributes to two single-employer defined benefit pension plans, the Police Officers' Retirement System and Firefighters' Retirement System. The plans cover all sworn police officers and uniformed firefighters, respectively. Each plan provides retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The City Ordinances assign the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the Board of Trustees of each retirement plan. The City's pension expense totaled \$(2,982,240) for both the Police Officers' and Firefighters' Retirement Systems for the year ended September 30, 2019.

Each plan issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for that plan. Those reports may be obtained by writing or calling the plan:

Police Officers' Retirement System
6739 Adams Street
New Port Richey, Florida 34652
(727) 841-4554

Firefighters' Retirement System
4901 Madison Street
New Port Richey, Florida 34652
(727) 841-4533

#### City of New Port Richey Police Officers' Retirement System

At September 30, 2019, the Plan's membership consisted of the following:

Vested	35
Nonvested	5
Currently Receiving Benefits	44
DROP Retirees	4
Terminated Employees Entitled to	
Benefits but Not Yet Receiving Them	5

#### NOTE H RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

#### <u>Police Officers' and Firefighters' Retirement Systems (Continued)</u>

City of New Port Richey Police Officers' Retirement System (Continued)

#### Plan Description - Police Officers' Pension Plan

The Plan is a defined benefit plan covering all sworn police officers of the City. Participation in the Plan is required as a condition of employment. Originally established in1969 and amended in 2001, 2004, 2005, and 2018 the Plan provides for pension, death, and disability benefits. The Plan is subject to provisions of Chapter 185, Florida Statutes.

The Plan, in accordance with the above statute, is governed by a five-member pension board. Two police officers, two City residents, and a fifth member elected by the other four members constitute the pension board. The City and the Plan participants are obligated to fund all Plan costs based upon actuarial valuations. The City is authorized to establish benefit levels and the Board of Trustees approves the actuarial assumptions used in the determination of contribution levels.

#### Benefits Provided - Police Officers' Pension Plan

The Plan provides retirement, termination, disability, and death benefits.

Pension Benefits – Under the Plan, participants with 10 or more years of continuous service are entitled to annual pension benefits beginning at normal retirement age (50) or before age 50 if they have completed 20 continuous years of service. Benefits are equal to 3.5% of the participants' average final compensation for each year of credited service provided however, in no extent shall the monthly benefit exceed 75% of average final compensation. A participant's monthly retirement benefit ceases upon the later of death or 120 months from the date of commencement. A participant who terminates prior to 10 continuous years of service forfeits the right to receive all benefits he/she has accumulated. However, he/she retains the right of refund of all personal contributions made to the Plan. All retirees including disability retirees and vested terminated persons who retire on or after October 1, 2004 and their beneficiaries shall receive a \$500 (\$400 as of January 1, 2010) supplemental benefit. This benefit shall also include participants who enter the DROP on or after October 1, 2004. An additional benefit of four hundred dollars per month, payable for life, shall be paid to all retirees who became members of the Plan prior to October 20, 1994. This benefit was temporarily reduced to three hundred dollars per month for the period from January 31, 1993 through September 14, 1994. Effective September 15, 1994 the supplemental benefit returned to four hundred dollars per month. For those who became members on or after October 10, 1994 the additional benefit is two hundred dollars per month.

Death Benefits – For any deceased employee who had been an actively employed participant eligible for early, normal, or delayed retirement, the benefit payable shall be at least equal to the annuity of ten years calculated as of the date of death. Benefits payable under service-connected death for participants ineligible for early retirement shall be payable to the spouse at the rate of 60% of the participant's regular base salary plus \$500 (before January 1, 2010), \$400 or \$200 per month until death. If there is no spouse, or upon the death of the spouse, each unmarried child shall receive 15% of the participant's regular base salary (aggregate not greater than 60%) plus \$500 (before January 1, 2010), \$400 or \$200 per month until age of 18, or the age of 22 if a full-time student at an accredited institution. After five years of continuous service, nonservice-connected death benefits shall be payable to the spouse at the rate of 30% of the participant's regular base salary plus \$400 or \$200 per month until the earlier of death or remarriage of the spouse. Benefits are payable to the children in amounts equal to one-half of the benefits as are payable by reason of service-incurred death.

#### NOTE H RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

#### <u>Police Officers' and Firefighters' Retirement Systems (Continued)</u>

City of New Port Richey Police Officers' Retirement System (Continued)

#### Benefits Provided - Police Officers' Pension Plan (Continued)

Disability Benefits – Benefits payable to participants under service-incurred disability shall be monthly installments of 60% of participant's regular monthly base salary in effect at the date of disability plus \$500 (before January 1, 2010), \$400 or \$200 per month. The benefit shall be paid from the date of disability until recovery or death of the participant and continued to the beneficiary for life. After one year of continuous service, should a participant become disabled due to a nonservice-incurred cause, benefits of 30% of the participant's regular monthly base salary plus \$500 (before January 1, 2010), or \$400 shall be paid monthly from date of disability until recovery or death. For those who became members on or after October 20, 1994 the benefit will equal 5% of regular base salary for each year of service not to exceed 30%. Disability payments may be reduced proportionally to the extent that the disabled participant's benefits received hereunder with additional earned income exceed his earnings for the calendar year preceding disability. An optional form of benefit, providing death benefits, may be elected, but one hundred twenty (120) payments shall be guaranteed in any event. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the benefits for service connected disabilities cannot be reduced below the greater of 42% of average final compensation, 2% of average compensation times the number of years of credited service or 3.25% of regular base salary for each year of credited service not to exceed 75% of regular base salary.

Deferred Retirement Option Plan – Any Plan participant who is eligible to receive a normal or early retirement pension may elect to participate in a deferred retirement option plan (DROP) while continuing his or her active employment as a police officer. Upon participation in the DROP, the participant becomes a retiree for all Plan purposes so that h or she ceases to accrue any further benefits under the pension plan. Normal retirement payments that would have been payable to the participant as a result of retirement are accumulated and invested in the DROP to be distributed to the participant upon his or he termination of employment. Participation in the DROP ceases for a Plan participant after the earlier of sixty months or the date elected by the participant.

Refund and Compulsory Contributions – Nonvested participants, upon termination, may request return of their compulsory contributions or leave them on deposit with the Plan. The Plan does not pay any interest on compulsory account balances or contributions returned.

Covered officers are required to contribute 4.5% of their salary to the Plan for the period from October 1, 1998 through January 16, 1999, 1.9% for the period from January 17, 1999 through the payroll for the week ended July 15, 2000, and 4.5% for the period from July 16, 2000 through the year ended September 30, 2009. Effective November 7, 2017, members will contribute 6.5% of salary, reduced to equal the City contribution in any year that the City contribution is less than 6.5% of covered payroll. If an officer retires, dies, becomes disabled, or terminates employment with the City, accumulated contributions are refunded to the officer or his/her designated beneficiary.

#### Net Pension Liability of the City - Police Officers' Pension Plan

The City's net pension liability was measured as of September 30, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension was determined by an actuarial valuation as of October 1, 2017.

Total Pension Liability \$ 25,911,648

Plan Fiduciary Net Position 29,955,223
City Net Pension Liability \$ (4,043,575)

Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a
Percentage of Total Pension Liability 115.61%

#### NOTE H RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

#### Police Officers' and Firefighters' Retirement Systems (Continued)

City of New Port Richey Police Officers' Retirement System (Continued)

#### Actuarial Assumptions - Police Officers' Pension Plan

The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of October 1, 2017 using the following actuarial assumptions applied to all measurement periods.

Inflation	2.75%
Salary Increases	5.5% to 8.0%
Investment Rate of Return	7.75%
Discount Rate	7.75%

Mortality rates were based on the RP 2000 Combined Healthy Participant, separate rates for males and females, with 90% Blue Collar Adjustment/10% White Collar Adjustment and fully generational mortality improvement projected to each decrement date with Scale BB. For healthy Police Officer participants postemployment, RP 2000 Annuity Mortality Table, separate rates for males and females, with 90% Blue Collar Adjustment / 10% White Collar Adjustment and fully generational mortality improvements projected to each future decrement date with Scale BB. For disabled male participants, 60% RP 2000 Disabled Male Mortality Table setback four years/ 40% RP 2000 Annuitant Male Mortality Table with White Collar Adjustment with no setback, without projected mortality improvements. For disabled female participants, 60% RP 2000 Disabled Female Mortality Table set forward two years/ 40% RP 2000 Annuitant Female Mortality Table with White Collar Adjustment with no setback, without projected mortality improvements.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expenses, and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of the measurement date of September 30, 2018 are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Domestic Equity	60%	4.67%
Domestic Fixed Income	30%	2.50%
Real Estate	10%	4.50%

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that the sponsor contributions will be made a rate to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

#### Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - Police Officers' Pension Plan

The following presents the net pension liability of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 7.75%, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1- percentage-point lower (6.75%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.75%) than the current rate:

#### NOTE H RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

#### Police Officers' and Firefighters' Retirement Systems (Continued)

City of New Port Richey Police Officers' Retirement System (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - Police Officers' Pension Plan (Continued)

	Current Discount		
	1% Decrease Rate 1% Ir		1% Increase
	6.75% 7.75% 8.		8.75%
City's Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$ (1,023,294)	\$ (4,043,575)	\$ (6,564,072)

#### Changes in the Net Pension Liability - Police Officers' Pension Plan

	Increase (Decrease)		
	Total Pension	Plan Fiduciary	Net Pension
	Liability	Net Position	Liability
Beginning Balance	\$ 26,638,691	\$ 26,657,341	\$ (18,650)
Changes for the Year:			
Service Cost	676,144	-	676,144
Interest	1,916,514	-	1,916,514
Benefit Changes	(2,507,861)		(2,507,861)
Differences Between Expected and			
Actual Experience	654,544	-	654,544
Assumption Changes	-	-	-
Contributions - Employer and State	-	1,046,237	(1,046,237)
Contributions - Members	-	111,835	(111,835)
Net Investment Income	-	3,696,996	(3,696,996)
Benefit Payments, including Refunds			
of Member Contributions	(1,466,384)	(1,466,384)	-
Administrative Expense	<u></u> _	(90,802)	90,802
Net Changes	(727,043)	3,297,882	(4,024,925)
Ending Balance	\$ 25,911,648	\$ 29,955,223	\$ (4,043,575)
	<u> </u>		

### Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions – Police Officers' Pension Plan

For the year ended September 30, 2019, the City recognized pension expense of \$(2,506,588). At September 30, 2019, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		Deferred		Deferred
	0	utflows of		Inflows of
Description	R	lesources	F	Resources
Differences Between Expected and Actual Economic Experience	\$	520,964	\$	534,080
Changes of Assumptions or Other Inputs		387,783		-
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual Earnings on				
Police Pension Plan Investments		-		1,617,729
City and State Contributions Subsequent to the Measurement Date		373,667		-
Total	\$	1,282,414	\$	2,151,809

#### NOTE H RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

#### Police Officers' and Firefighters' Retirement Systems (Continued)

City of New Port Richey Police Officers' Retirement System (Continued)

A total of \$373,667 was reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions to the plan subsequent to the measurement date that will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending September 30, 2019.

Amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending September 30,	 Amount	
2020	\$ (311,669)	
2021	(303,957)	
2022	(418,358)	
2023	(209,078)	

#### City of New Port Richey Firefighters' Retirement System

At September 30, 2019, the Plan's membership consisted of the following:

Vested	6
Nonvested	15
Currently Receiving Benefits	24
DROP Retirees	1
Terminated, Entitled to Benefits	12

#### Plan Description - Firefighters' Pension Plan

General -The Plan is a defined benefit pension plan covering all sworn firefighters of the City. Participation in the Plan is required as a condition of employment. Originally established in 1969 and amended in 2011, 2013 and 2018 the Plan provides for pension, death, and disability benefits. The Plan is subject to provisions of Chapter 175 of the State of Florida Statutes.

The Plan, in accordance with the above statute, is governed by a five-member pension board. Two firefighters, two City residents, and a fifth member elected by the other four members constitute the pension board. The City and the Plan participants are obligated to fund all Plan costs based upon actuarial valuations. The City is authorized to establish benefit levels and the Board of Trustees approves the actuarial assumptions used in the determination of contribution levels.

#### Benefits Provided - Firefighters' Pension Plan

Normal retirement date – A member's normal retirement date shall be the first day of the month coincident with, or next following the earlier of the attainment of age fifty-two (52) and accrual of 25 years of credited service; provided, however, that any member who has completed at least ten (10) years of credited service as of the effective date of Ordinance No. 2013-2016, shall be eligible for normal retirement upon the earlier of the attainment of age fifty (50) and the completion of ten (10) years of credited service or the attainment of age forty (40) and the completion of twenty (20) years of credited service. A member may retire on his normal retirement date or on the first date of any month thereafter, and each member shall become one hundred (100) percent vested in his accrued benefit on the member's normal retirement date. Normal retirement under the system is retirement from employment with the City on or after the normal retirement date.

#### NOTE H RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

#### <u>Police Officers' and Firefighters' Retirement Systems (Continued)</u>

City of New Port Richey Firefighters' Retirement System (Continued)

#### **Benefits Provided – Firefighters' Pension Plan (Continued)**

The Normal Retirement Date for benefits earned after September 30, 2013 are for those Members not grandfathered in 2013 is being changed to the earlier of age 52 with 10 years of service or the completion of 23 years of service, regardless of age. Because of this change the assumed Normal Retirement Date for the Members is being changed to be the earlier of age 51 with 10 years of service of the completion of 23 years of service, regardless of age.

Normal retirement benefit – A member retiring hereunder on or after his normal retirement date shall receive a monthly benefit which shall commence on the first day of the month coincident with or next following his retirement and be continued thereafter during member's lifetime, ceasing upon death, but with one hundred twenty (120) monthly payments guaranteed in any event. The monthly retirement benefit shall equal three and onhalf (3½) percent of average final compensation, for each year of credited service for each year of credited service accrued through September 30, 2013; however, the monthly retirement benefit for any member shall not exceed seventy-five (75) percent of average final compensation; provided, however, that in any event the benefit shall equal at least two (2) percent of average final compensation for each year of credited service accrued after September 30, 2013. An additional benefit of two hundred dollars (\$200) per month shall be paid to all normal retirees, ceasing at death. An optional form of benefit may be elected by members as provided in section 17-45.

The benefit accrual rate for service after the effective date of this ordinance is changed from 3.0% to 3.25% of Average Final Compensation for each year of Credited Service. The maximum total benefit remains at 75% of Average Final Compensation.

Early Retirement Benefits - Early Retirement Benefits are being provided upon the attainment of age 50 with 10 years of Credited Service, with a 3.0% reduction for each year that precedes the Normal Retirement Date.

Death Benefits Prior to Vesting or Eligibility for Retirement – If deceased and not receiving monthly benefits, or not yet vested or eligible for normal retirement the beneficiary shall receive a refund of 100% of the participant's accumulated contributions.

Deceased Members Vested or Eligible for Retirement with Spouse as Beneficiary – A beneficiary may, in writing, elect either (a) or (b: (a) If vested or eligible for normal retirement as of date of death, the benefit payable under this option shall be that monthly amount which would have been payable had the member retired under normal retirement, without actuarial reduction, on the date of death, with the resulting benefit then being payable to the spouse beneficiary as if the member had selected the 100% joint and survivor annuity optional form of benefit (b) If vested or eligible for normal retirement as of the date of death, the benefit payable under this option shall be as follows: If vested, but not eligible for normal retirement, the spouse beneficiary shall receive a benefit payable for 10 years, beginning on the date that the deceased member would have been eligible for normal retirement, at the option of the spouse beneficiary. The benefit shall be calculated as for normal retirement based on the member's credited service and average final compensation as of the date of the member's death.

#### NOTE H RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

#### <u>Police Officers' and Firefighters' Retirement Systems (Continued)</u>

City of New Port Richey Firefighters' Retirement System (Continued)

Disability benefits – If a member becomes totally and permanently disabled to the extent the member is unable, by reason of a medically determinable physical or mental impairment, to render useful and efficient service as a firefighter, which disability was directly caused by the performance of his or her duty as a firefighter, the participant shall, upon establishing the same to the satisfaction of the board, be entitled to a monthly pension equal to sixty (60) percent of his or her regular base salary in effect as of the date of disability, but such monthly installment shall not be less than forty-two (42) percent of his or her average final compensation at the time of disability. The benefits shall be paid from the date of disability until recovery, as determined by the board, or for life and continued to the spouse for life upon the member's death. In the event of a member's death who does not have a surviving spouse, or upon the subsequent death of the spouse, the benefits shall be continued to the member's children in equal shares until each such child has attained the eighteenth birthday, or the twenty-second birthday if enrolled in a fully accredited college or university. An additional benefit of one hundred dollars (\$100.00) per month, ceasing at the earlier of age sixty-five (65) or death, shall be paid to all disabled retirees. Terminated persons, either vested or nonvested are not eligible for disability benefits, except that those terminated by the City for medical reasons may apply for a disability within thirty (30) days after termination. Disability retirement benefits paid shall not be less than the accrued retirement benefit at the time of disability.

Effective July 1, 2019, an additional presumption was added to the disability in-line-of-duty presumptions. Diagnosis of cancer or the circumstances that arise out of the treatment of cancer. A firefighter shall be considered totally and permanently disabled in the line of duty if he or she meets the Plan's definition of total and permanently disabled due to the diagnosis of cancer or circumstances that arise out of the treatment of cancer.

To value for this change, we are increasing the in-line-of-duty assumption from 75% of disablements to 90% of disablements for firefighters.

In addition, each person who was receiving a benefit from the plan on October 1, 2019, including joint pensioners and beneficiaries, and who were receiving benefits since October 1, 2009 will receive a one-time additional benefit payment equal to the sum of the current regular monthly benefit payment and the supplemental benefit payment.

Deferred Retirement Option Plan (DROP) – The DROP is being re-opened to all participants. The fixed interest rate alternative for DROP will be 1.5% per annum instead of 6.5%. The quarterly return for the plan return alternative for DROP participants will be no less than 0.0%. In order to value the impact of this change, the projected Normal Retirement Benefits were increased by 0.5%. The election by DROP participants of the earnings alternative will be a one-time irrevocable decision. The Back DROP alternative is eliminated.

A Share Plan is put in place with no current funding.

Refund and Compulsory Contributions – Nonvested participants, upon termination, may request return of their compulsory contributions or leave them on deposit with the Plan. The Plan does not pay any interest on compulsory account balances or contributions returned.

The Member Contribution Rate for all Members not fully grandfathered in 2013 is being reduced from 8.0% to 6.5%. Additionally, in any year where the City's net actuarially required contribution is less than 6.5%, the Member Contributions will be adjusted so that the Members;' and City's contributions reduce by the same dollar amount.

#### NOTE H RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

#### Police Officers' and Firefighters' Retirement Systems (Continued)

City of New Port Richey Firefighters' Retirement System (Continued)

#### Net Pension Liability of the City - Firefighters' Pension Plan

The City's net pension liability was measured as of September 30, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension was determined by an actuarial valuation as of October 1, 2017.

Total Pension Liability	\$ 12,851,492
Plan Fiduciary Net Position	13,164,203
City Net Pension Liability	\$ (312,711)

Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a

Percentage of Total Pension Liability 102.43%

#### Actuarial Assumptions - Firefighters' Pension Plan

The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of October 1, 2017 updated to September 30, 2018 using the following actuarial assumptions applied to all measurement periods.

The most recent actuarial experience study used to review the other significant assumptions was dated November 16, 2010.

The long-term rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of the measurement date of September 30, 2018 are summarized in the following table:

	Target	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Domestic Equity	65%	6.33%
International Equity	15%	5.87%
Fixed Income	20%	2.50%

#### **Discount Rate - Firefighter Pension Plan**

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 8.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that the sponsor contributions will be made a rate to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

#### NOTE H RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

#### Police Officers' and Firefighters' Retirement Systems (Continued)

City of New Port Richey Firefighters' Retirement System (Continued)

#### Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - Firefighters' Pension Plan

The following presents the net pension liability of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 8.00%, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (7.00%) or 1-percentage-point higher (9.00%) than the current rate:

		Current Discount		
	1% Decrease	Rate	1% Increase	
	7.00%	8.00%	9.00%	
City's Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$ 1,114,505	\$ (312,711)	\$ (1,502,979)	

#### Changes in Net Pension Liability – Firefighters' Pension Plan

	Increase (Decrease)		
	Total Pension	Plan Fiduciary	Net Pension
	Liability	Net Position	Liability
Beginning Balance	\$ 13,254,653	\$ 12,156,345	\$ 1,098,308
Changes for the Year:			
Service Cost	282,107	-	282,107
Interest	992,079	-	992,079
Changes in Excess State Money	(728,711)	-	(728,711)
Change of Benefit Terms	-	-	-
Differences Between Expected and			
Actual Experience	(129,673)	-	(129,673)
Changes of Assumptions	-	-	-
Contributions - Employer and State	-	462,112	(462,112)
Contributions - Member	-	101,435	(101,435)
Net Investment Income	-	1,317,970	(1,317,970)
Benefit Payments, including Refunds			
of Member Contributions	(814,132)	(814,132)	-
Administrative Expense		(54,696)	54,696
Net Changes	(398,330)	1,012,689	(1,411,019)
Ending Balance	\$ 12,856,323	\$ 13,169,034	\$ (312,711)

#### NOTE H RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

#### Police Officers' and Firefighters' Retirement Systems (Continued)

City of New Port Richey Firefighters' Retirement System (Continued)

### Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions – Firefighters' Pension Plan

For the year ended September 30, 2019, the City recognized pension expense of \$(475,652). At September 30, 2019, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		Deferred		Deferred	
	Ot	utflows of	Ir	nflows of	
Description	R	esources	Resources		
Differences Between Expected and Actual Economic Experience	\$	-	\$	195,381	
Changes in Actuarial Assumptions		87,985		-	
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual Earnings on					
Firefighter Pension Plan Investments		-		332,467	
City and State Contributions Subsequent to the Measurement Date		484,903			
Total	\$	572,888	\$	527,848	

A total of \$484,903 was reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions to the plan subsequent to the measurement date that will be recognized as an addition to the net pension asset in the year ending September 30, 2019.

Amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending September 30,	 Amount
2020	\$ 42,457
2021	(214,959)
2022	(195,826)
2023	(71,535)
2024	-
Thereafter	-

#### Summary of Defined Benefit Pension Plans

The aggregate amount of net pension liability, related deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources and pension expense for the City's defined benefit pension plans are summarized below:

	Police									
						Officers'	Fii	efighters'		
		FRS Plan		HIS Plan	Р	ension Plan	Pei	nsion Plan		Total
Net Pension Asset	\$	-	\$	-	\$	4,043,575	\$	312,711	\$	4,356,286
Net Pension Liability	\$	5,064,763	\$	2,040,793		-		-	\$	7,105,556
Deferred Outflows of Resources										
Relating to Pensions		1,804,335		431,305		1,282,414		572,888		4,090,942
Deferred Inflows of Resources										
Relating to Pensions		466,822		274,850		2,151,809		527,848		3,421,329
Pension Expense		1,309,471		190,154		(2,506,588)		(475,652)		(1,482,615)

#### NOTE H RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

#### Police Officers' and Firefighters' Retirement Systems (Continued)

#### Summary of Defined Benefit Pension Plans (Continued)

Net pension liabilities associated with the Florida Retirement System and Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy Program are liquidated in the individual fund to which the liability is directly associated. For the Police Officers' and Firefighters' Pension Plans, liabilities are liquidated in the General Fund, which captures public safety expenditures.

#### Defined Contribution Retirement Plan

Plan Description – The City, in accordance with Florida Statute 121, elected to opt out of the Florida Retirement System for newly hired employees effective January 1, 1996, and subsequently established a single-employer, defined contribution retirement plan. The Plan is a "money purchase" plan and is funded through the purchase of annuity contracts from the Variable Annuity Life Insurance Company (VALIC). Effective January 3, 2006, the City Council approved the rejoining of the Florida Retirement System for all eligible new nonuniformed employees and nonuniformed employees previously participating in the single-employer defined contribution pension plan that have elected to participate in the Florida Retirement System.

Employees are fully vested after six years of service and the Plan provides for retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The City of New Port Richey may amend or terminate the Plan at any time, at its sole discretion. However, no amendment may result in a reduction of any participant's vested interest or cause any portion of the plan's assets to revert back to the City. In addition, no amendment may authorize the use of the plan assets for purposes other than the exclusive benefit of participants and their beneficiaries. The Plan is administered by VALIC.

Funding Policy – The Plan does not require contributions from members. The City contributes 10% of the annual compensation of participating employees. For fiscal years ended September 30, 2019, 2018, and 2017, the City contributed approximately \$35,566, \$36,407, and \$37,624, respectively, to the Plan. Contributions made by the City were equal to the required contribution percentage.

#### NOTE I POSTEMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE PLAN

Plan Description – The City provides a defined benefit postemployment health care plan, the Retiree Health Care Program (the Plan), whereby retired employees are able to purchase health care benefits through the City's health care provider. The Plan is administered by the City as a single-employer plan. The Plan is currently unfunded. There is no separate trust through which benefits for retirees are funded. No assets are currently accumulated or earmarked for the Plan. All approved benefits are paid from general assets when due. The City does not issue stand-alone financial statements for the Plan.

To be eligible to participate in the Plan, *General employees* must have a minimum of six years of vesting service with the City under the Florida Retirement System (FRS) or the City's Defined Contribution Plan, must be eligible to receive benefits from FRS or the Defined Contribution Plan, and must either retire at the age of 62 or above, or retire with 30 years of consecutive service with the City. *Firefighter employees* are eligible to participate in the Plan if they retire at the age of 50 or above with 10 years of service. *Police Officer employees* are eligible to participate in the Plan if they retire at the age of 50 or above with 10 years of service or retire after 20 years of service.

The retired employees (including their eligible dependents) that are eligible to participate in the Plan can currently select one of three health care plans offered by the City's health care provider. Retiree Plan participants are required to pay 100% of their respective health care insurance premiums.

#### NOTE I POSTEMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE PLAN (CONTINUED)

The City's overall cost of providing health care benefits is increased as a result of an implicit insurance rate subsidy resulting from retired employees being permitted to pay lower than age-adjusted premiums through the use of blended premiums for both retirees and active employees. The resulting incremental increase in health care insurance premiums results in an actuarial accrued liability to the City based on projected health care costs.

Plan Membership. At September 30, 2019, pension plan membership consists of the following:

Inactive Employees or Beneficiaries Currently Receiving Benefits	9
Active Plan Members	194
Total	203

Funding Policy and Status - The annual required contribution to fund the incremental cost of the health care plan is based on a pay-as-you-go funding approach. Liabilities and OPEB expense were developed using the Entry Age Percent of Pay Actuarial Cost Method as required by GASB Statement No. 75.

Net OPEB Liability - The City's net OPEB Liability was measured as of September 30, 2019, and the total OPEB Liability used to calculate the net OPEB Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of October 1, 2018.

Actuarial Assumptions - Total pension liability was determined by actuarial valuation as of September 30, 2019, using the following actuarial assumptions:

Measurement Date 10/1/2018 Actuarial Valuation Date 10/1/2018

Inflation 2.75% - not explicitly used in valuation

Discount Rate 3.83%
Projected Salary Increases 3.70% - 7.80%

Healthcare Cost Trend Rates Based on the Getzen Model starting at 6.50% gradually decreasing to an

ultimate rate of 4.60% in 2040

Retirees' Share of Benefit- 100% of blended health insurance premium rates except by law 0% for

Related Costs certain conditions for Police Officers and Firefighters death and disability

benefits

Mortality Rates Healthy members based on various RP-2000 mortality tables with varying

Collar adjustments and generational mortality improvements with Scale BB. Disabled employees based on RP-2000 disabled mortality tables setback 4 years for males and set forward 2 years for females and no

projected improvements.

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure total OPEB Liability was 3.83%. This rate is based on a municipal bond rate as required under GASB Statement No. 75 as of the measurement date October 1, 2018.

#### NOTE I POSTEMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE PLAN (CONTINUED)

Changes on Net OPEB liability -

	Total OPE Liability		
Balances - October 1, 2018	\$	3,740,178	
Changes for the Year:			
Service Cost		330,902	
Changes of Benefit Terms		(1,677)	
Difference Between Actual and Expected Experience		(725, 358)	
Interest		141,017	
Changes in Assumptions		(213,150)	
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience			
Benefit Payments		(84,791)	
Net Changes		(553,057)	
Balances - September 30, 2019	\$	3,187,121	

Sensitivity of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate: The following presents the net OPEB liability calculated using the current discount rate of 3.83%, along with what the net OPEB liability would be if the discount rate used was 1-percentage-point lower (2.83%) and 1-percentage-point higher (4.83%).

	1%	Decrease in	1% Increase ir				
Description	Di:	scount Rate	Di	scount Rate	Discount Rate		
OPEB Plan Discount Rate		2.83 %		3.83 %		4.83 %	
Total OPEB Liability	\$	3,885,898	\$	3,187,121	\$	2,651,587	

Sensitivity of the net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates: The following presents the net OPEB liability calculated using the current healthcare cost trend rate of 6.50% graded down to 4.60%, along with what the net OPEB liability would be if the healthcare cost trend rate used was 1-percentage-point lower (5.50% graded down to 3.60%) and 1-percentage-point higher (7.50% graded down to 5.60%).

		1% Increase in		
	Healthcare Cost			
Description	Trend Rate	Trend Rate	Trend Rate	
OPEB Plan Healthcare Cost Rate	5.50% to 3.60%	6.50% to 4.60%	7.50% to 5.60%	
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 2,575,054	\$ 3,187,121	\$ 4,012,245	

*OPEB Costs* - For the year ended September 30, 2019, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$354,895. In addition, the City reported OPEB deferred inflows of resources from the following sources:

	D			
	Οι	Def	erred Inflows	
	Re	of Resources		
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience	\$	-	\$	653,540
Changes of Assumptions		-		437,456
Employer Contributions Subsequent to Measurement Date		63,686		
Totals	\$	63,686	\$	1,090,996

#### NOTE I POSTEMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE PLAN (CONTINUED)

Amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources will be recognized as an increase (decrease) in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended September 30,	 Amount
2020	\$ (123,219)
2021	(123,219)
2022	(123,219)
2023	(123,219)
2024	(123,219)
Thereafter	(474,901)

At September 30, 2019, the City reported deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB totaling \$63,686 from employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date. This deferred outflow of resources will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended September 30, 2020.

#### NOTE J EMPLOYER BENEFITS FROM ON-BEHALF PAYMENTS

The City receives insurance excise tax remittances from the state of Florida on behalf of the Police Officers' Retirement Fund and Firefighters' Retirement Plan that are restricted in purpose for the benefit of the retirement plans and must be transferred immediately upon receipt to each respective retirement plan. The amounts received from the state of Florida on behalf of the Police Officers' Retirement Plan and Firefighters' Retirement Plan for the year ended September 30, 2019 were \$329,121. These amounts have been reported as intergovernmental revenues in the General Fund with a corresponding expenditure classified within Public Safety as part of personal services in the Police and Fire departments.

#### NOTE K DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN

The City has a deferred compensation plan, created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457, in which all full-time employees are eligible to participate. Deferred compensation amounts withheld from participating employees' pay are not taxable as current income until withdrawn from the Plan. As of September 30, 2019, annual contributions by a participant may not exceed the lesser of \$19,000 or 100% of the participant's includable compensation. Employees that are age fifty (50) or older are able to defer an additional \$6,000 as provided by the "catch-up" provisions of the Internal Revenue Code.

#### NOTE L LANDFILL COSTS

In July 1991, the City closed its landfill. State and federal laws require the City to perform post-closure monitoring for 20 years, which began in 1991. The facility is classified as a closed Class III landfill and shall be monitored and maintained in accordance with state requirements. The closed landfill includes a disposal footprint of approximately 55 acres.

On December 19, 2012 a new permit titled "Solid Waste Closure (long-term care) Permit – Landfill" was issued by the Department of Environmental Protection which replaces the previous permit. This extension of the long-term care period was required at the facility for an indefinite period of time until sufficient data has been collected to demonstrate that the site has "stabilized" as defined by Rule 17-701.020 (64), F.A.C. The new permit (which expires May 29, 2027) states that financial assurance is no longer required for the facility. The City incurred expenses of \$4,723 for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2015, for post-closure monitoring and maintenance at the facility. No liability has been reported for landfill closure and post closure care as of September 30, 2019.

#### NOTE M RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is a member of Public Risk Management of Florida (PRM), a liability risk pool. PRM administers insurance activities relating to workers' compensation, property, liability, and automobiles. PRM absorbs the risk of loss up to a specified amount annually and purchases excess and other specific coverage's from third-party carriers. PRM assesses each member its pro rata share of the estimated amount required to meet current-year losses and operating expenses. During the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019, the City had no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the prior year. In addition, there have been no settlements that have exceeded the City's insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

#### NOTE N SIGNIFICANT CONTINGENCIES

<u>Litigation</u> – The City is involved as a defendant or plaintiff in certain litigation and claims arising in ordinary course of operations. In the opinion of legal counsel, the range of potential liabilities will not materially affect the financial position of the City.

<u>State and Federal Grants</u> – Grant monies received and disbursed by the City are for the specific purposes and are subject to review by the grantor agencies. Such audits may result in requests for reimbursement due to disallowed expenditures. Based upon prior experience, the City does not believe that such disallowances, if any, would have a material effect on the financial position of the City.

<u>Arbitrage Rebate</u> – In accordance with the Tax Reform Act of 1986, any interest earnings on borrowed construction funds in excess of the interest costs incurred are required to be rebated to the federal government. There was no arbitrage liability as of September 30, 2019.

<u>Construction Commitments</u> – As of September 30, 2019, the City's commitments with contractors totaled \$4,784,375 for a number of capital projects.

#### NOTE O STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Excess of Expenditures over Appropriations – For the year ended September 30, 2019, expenditures exceeded appropriations in the General Fund by \$56,549, which mainly is derived from Public Safety operating expenditures for Police. Expenditures also exceeded appropriations in the Debt Service Fund by \$527.

Fund Deficits - The Redevelopment Fund has a negative fund balance of \$4,505,344 caused primarily by the receipt in previous fiscal years of a repayable advance totaling \$8,885,703 from the General Fund and the subsequent transfer of the same amount to the Debt Service Fund to pay off a Series 2012 Revenue Note. Since the General Fund advance was not recorded as an Other Financing Source, the transfer to the Debt Service Fund contributed to the reported fund balance deficit at September 30, 2019. The City plans to monitor cash flows in this fund to reduce this deficit over time with increases in collected tax increment financing revenues as the accessed values of properties in the City increases.

#### NOTE P SUBSEQUENT EVENT

Subsequent to year end, the World Health Organization declared the spread of Coronavirus Disease (COVID-19) a worldwide pandemic. The COVID-19 pandemic is having significant effects on global markets, supply chains, businesses, and communities. Specific to the City, COVID-19 may impact various parts of its 2020 operations and financial results including, but not limited to, costs for emergency preparedness and shortages of personnel. Management believes the City is taking appropriate actions to mitigate the negative impact. However, the full impact of COVID-19 is unknown and cannot be reasonably estimated as these events occurred subsequent to year-end and are still developing.

During the period from January 1, 2020 through June 29, 2020, both domestic and international equity markets have experienced significant declines. These losses are not reflected in the financial statements as of and for the year ended September 30, 2019 as these events occurred subsequent to year-end and are still developing.

Required Supplementary Information
Required supplementary information includes budgetary comparison schedules for the general fund and major special revenue funds, and schedules depicting the funding progress and contributions for the single employer defined benefit pension plans.

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#### CITY OF NEW PORT RICHEY, FLORIDA BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE – GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	Budgeted Amounts						Variance with Final Budget Positive		
		Original	AIIIOU	Final	Λot	ual Amounts	(Negative)		
RESOURCES (INFLOWS)		Original		Filial	ACI	uai Amounts		vegative)	
TAXES:									
Ad Valorem	\$	5,033,930	\$	5,033,930	\$	4,975,974	\$	(57,956)	
Franchise Taxes	·	2,740,000		2,899,986		2,983,567		83,581	
Communication Services Tax		670,310		670,310		647,355		(22,955)	
Total Taxes		8,444,240		8,604,226		8,606,896		2,670	
LICENSES AND PERMITS:									
Local Business Tax		150,000		150,000		132,344		(17,656)	
Permits and Fees		343,000		343,000		297,653		(45,347)	
Total Licenses and Permits		493,000		493,000		429,997		(63,003)	
INTERGOVERNMENTAL REVENUE:									
Federal Grants		853,000		853,000		679,280		(173,720)	
State and Local Grants		60,000		62,875		142,066		79,191	
State Excise Tax Rebate - Fire Pension		125,000		108,191		108,190		(1)	
State Excise Tax Rebate - Police Pension		200,000		220,930		220,931		1	
State Revenue Sharing		702,220		702,220		707,763		5,543	
County Occupational Licenses		15,000		15,000		16,583		1,583	
Mobile Home License Tax Rebate		50,000		50,000		39,607		(10,393)	
Municipality Fuel Tax Refund		20,000		20,000		17,336		(2,664)	
Half-Cent Sales Tax		1,093,790		1,093,790		1,085,454		(8,336)	
Alcoholic Beverage Licenses		40,000		40,000 2,000		37,805 3,940		(2,195)	
Firefighters Supplementary Compensation Total Intergovernmental Revenue		2,000 3,161,010		3,168,006		3,058,955		1,940 (109,051)	
CHARGES FOR SERVICES:									
Recreation		615,100		615 200		679,953		64,653	
Public Safety		237,500		615,300 279,078		289,751		10,673	
Street Lights		45,000		45,000		40,680		(4,320)	
Other		80,500		80,500		69,970		(10,530)	
Total Charges for Services		978,100		1,019,878		1,080,354		60,476	
FINES AND FORFEITURES:									
Court Fines		2,169,600		2,169,600		2,010,248		(159,352)	
Other Fines		345,000		469,103		443,158		(25,945)	
Total Fines and Forfeitures		2,514,600		2,638,703		2,453,406		(185,297)	
MISCELLANEOUS REVENUES:									
Investment Income		23,240		23,240		51,617		28,377	
Contributions		-		8,212		17,338		9,126	
Rents		6,280		6,280		4,100		(2,180)	
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets		70,000		70,000		-		(70,000)	
Other		66,200		66,200		88,816		22,616	
Total Miscellaneous Revenues		165,720		173,932		161,871		(12,061)	
TRANSFERS FROM OTHER FUNDS		5,563,290		5,824,878		5,824,878			
Amounts Available for Appropriations		21,319,960		21,922,623		21,616,357		(306,266)	

(continued)

## CITY OF NEW PORT RICHEY, FLORIDA BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE – GENERAL FUND (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

Charges To APPROPRIATIONS (OUTFLOWS)   Charges   Charg		Budgeted Amounts				ual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive		
Capital Covernment   Capital	CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS (OLITELOWS)		Original		Final	(Bud	getary Basis)	(N	legative)
Personnel	CHARGES TO ALT ROLKIATIONS (COTT LOWS)								
Department									
Nanoperaing   1,770		\$	,	\$		\$	,	\$	-
Executive:   265,400   292,416   240,408   52,008	, ,		•						52,007
Personnel   233,410   247,499   247,914   (416)   Personnel   17,800   22,445   22,443   2   2   2   2   2   2   2   2   2	Nonoperating								52,000
Personnel         233,410         247,499         247,914         (415)           Operating         17,800         22,445         22,443         2           Human Resources:         251,210         269,944         270,357         (413)           Human Resources:         136,110         125,245         126,142         (897)           Operating         419,450         446,430         446,154         276           Financial Administration:         555,560         571,675         572,296         (621)           Financial Administration:         Personnel         830,050         824,699         828,405         (3,706)           Operating         251,490         427,143         443,110         (15,967)         (2607)           Capital Outlay         2,000         -	Executive:		205,400		292,416		240,408		52,008
Operating         17,800         22,445         22,443         2           Human Resources:         251,210         269,944         270,357         (413)           Personnel         136,110         125,245         126,142         (897)           Operating         419,450         446,430         446,154         276           Financial Administration:         Fersonnel         830,050         824,699         828,405         (3,706)           Operating         251,490         427,143         443,110         (15,967)           Capital Outlay         2,000         -         -         -         -           Technology Solutions:         277,990         289,703         287,010         2,693           Operating         279,990         289,703         287,010         2,693           Operating         369,230         479,270         485,772         (6,502)           Capital Outlay         246,500         253,353         253,352         1         3,609           City Clerk:         29         49,750         45,309         45,302         7           Personnel         18,540         20,822         20,897         (75)           Operating         3,950			233,410		247.499		247.914		(415)
Human Resources:   251,210			•		· ·				` _′
Personnel         136,110         125,245         126,142         (897)           Operating         419,450         446,154         276           Financial Administration:         555,560         571,675         572,296         (621)           Financial Administration:         830,050         824,699         828,405         (3,706)           Operating         251,490         427,143         443,110         (15,967)           Capital Outlay         2,000         -         -         -           Technology Solutions:         277,990         289,703         287,010         2,693           Operating         369,230         479,270         485,772         (6,502)           Operating         266,500         253,353         253,352         1           City Clerk:         893,720         1,022,326         1,026,134         (3,808)           City Clerk:         893,720         1,022,326         1,026,134         (3,808)           City Clerk:         9ersonnel         18,540         20,822         20,897         (75)           Operating         49,750         45,309         45,309         7           Economic Development:         9ersonnel         159,240         164,344	- Pro-							-	
Operating         419,450         446,30         446,154         276           Financial Administration:         855,560         571,675         572,296         (621)           Personnel         830,050         824,699         828,405         (3,706)           Operating         251,490         427,143         443,110         (15,967)           Capital Outlay         2,000         -         1,271,515         (19,673)           Technology Solutions:           Personnel         277,990         289,703         287,010         2,683           Operating         399,230         479,270         485,772         (6,502)           Capital Outlay         246,500         253,353         253,352         1           Capital Outlay         49,750         282,20         20,897         (75)           Personnel         18,540         20,822         20,897         (75)           Operating         49,750         45,309         45,302         7           Coromic Development:         159,240         164,344         157,991         6,353           Operating         3,950         5,298         5,294         4           Capital Outlay         1,500         -	Human Resources:								` ,
Financial Administration:	Personnel		136,110		125,245		126,142		(897)
Personnel	Operating								
Personnel         830,050         824,699         282,405         (3,706)           Operating         251,490         427,143         443,110         (15,967)           Capital Outlay         2,000         - </td <td></td> <td></td> <td>555,560</td> <td></td> <td>571,675</td> <td></td> <td>572,296</td> <td></td> <td>(621)</td>			555,560		571,675		572,296		(621)
Operating Capital Outlay         251,490 (2,000									()
Capital Outlay         2,000         -			,		,		,		
Technology Solutions:	, ,		,		427,143		443,110		(15,967)
Technology Solutions:         277,990         289,703         287,010         2,693           Personnel         369,230         479,270         445,772         (6,502)           Capital Outlay         246,500         253,353         253,352         1           City Clerk:         893,720         1,022,326         1,026,134         (3,808)           Personnel         18,540         20,822         20,897         (75)           Operating         49,750         45,309         45,309         46,302         7           Operating         68,290         66,131         66,199         (68)           Economic Development:         86,290         66,131         66,199         (68)           Economic Development:         159,240         164,344         157,991         6,353           Operating         3,950         5,298         5,294         4           Capital Outlay         1,500         -         -         -         -           Development Services:         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         - <t< td=""><td>Capital Outlay</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>1 251 8/2</td><td></td><td>1 271 515</td><td></td><td>(10.673)</td></t<>	Capital Outlay				1 251 8/2		1 271 515		(10.673)
Personnel         277,990         288,703         287,010         2,683           Operating         369,230         479,270         485,772         (6,502)           Capital Outlay         246,500         253,353         253,352         1           City Clerk:         893,720         1,022,326         1,026,134         (3,808)           Personnel         18,540         20,822         20,897         (75)           Operating         49,750         45,309         45,302         7           Fersonnel         18,540         20,822         20,897         (75)           Operating         68,290         66,131         66,199         (68)           Economic Development:         18,540         164,344         157,991         6,353           Operating         3,950         5,298         5,294         4           Capital Outlay         1,500         -         -         -         -           Development Services:         -<	Technology Solutions:		1,000,040		1,201,042		1,271,010		(13,073)
Operating Capital Outlay         369,230 246,500 253,353 253,352 241 (89,500)         485,772 253,352			277.990		289.703		287.010		2.693
Capital Outlay         246,500         253,353         253,352         1           City Clerk:         893,720         1,022,326         1,026,134         (3,808)           Personnel         18,540         20,822         20,897         (75)           Operating         49,750         45,309         45,302         7           Economic Development:         68,290         66,131         66,199         (68)           Personnel         159,240         164,344         157,991         6,353           Operating         3,950         5,298         5,294         4           Capital Outlay         1,500         -         -         -           Capital Outlay         164,690         169,642         163,285         6,357           Development Services:         -         -         -         -           Personnel         500,670         433,279         430,185         3,094           Operating         334,890         362,059         362,787         (728)           Capital Outlay         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -									
City Clerk:         893,720         1,022,326         1,026,134         (3,808)           Personnel         18,540         20,822         20,897         (75)           Operating         49,750         45,309         45,302         7           Economic Development:         7         68,290         66,131         66,199         (68)           Personnel         159,240         164,344         157,991         6,353         0,262         2,246         4           Operating         3,950         5,298         5,294         4         4         2,246         1,261         2,246         1,261         4         4         1,279         1,244         4	, ,								
Personnel Operating         18,540 49,750 45,309 45,302 45,302         7           Operating         68,290 66,131 66,199 (68)           Economic Development:         68,290 66,131 66,199 (68)           Personnel Personnel         159,240 164,344 157,991 6,353           Operating 3,950 5,298 5,294 4         4           Capital Outlay 1,500	'								(3,808)
Operating         49,750         45,309         45,302         7           Economic Development:         68,290         66,131         66,199         (68)           Personnel         159,240         164,344         157,991         6,353           Operating         3,950         5,298         5,294         4           Capital Outlay         164,690         169,642         163,285         6,357           Development Services:         80,007         433,279         430,185         3,094           Operating         334,890         362,059         362,787         728           Operating         835,560         795,338         792,972         2,366           Total General Government         4,117,970         4,439,314         4,403,166         36,148           PUBLIC SAFETY:         8         795,338         792,972         2,366           Personnel         5,495,730         5,659,228         5,677,996         (18,768)           Operating         1,756,910         1,938,890         2,044,989         (106,099)           Capital Outlay         359,120         403,211         382,347         20,864           Fire:         8         7,611,760         8,001,329         8,10	City Clerk:								
Economic Development:   Personnel	Personnel		•						(75)
Personnel   159,240   164,344   157,991   6,353   Capital Outlay   1,500   5,298   5,294   4   4   Capital Outlay   164,690   169,642   163,285   6,357   Capital Outlay   50,670   433,279   430,185   3,094   Capital Outlay   334,890   362,059   362,787   (728)   Capital Outlay   5,295   795,338   792,972   2,366   Capital Outlay   7,295   7,29	Operating								
Personnel         159,240         164,344         157,991         6,353           Operating         3,950         5,298         5,294         4           Capital Outlay         1,500         - <td< td=""><td>5</td><td></td><td>68,290</td><td></td><td>66,131</td><td></td><td>66,199</td><td></td><td>(68)</td></td<>	5		68,290		66,131		66,199		(68)
Operating Capital Outlay         3,950         5,298         5,294         4           Capital Outlay         1,500         -         -         -           Development Services:         164,690         169,642         163,285         6,357           Development Services:         500,670         433,279         430,185         3,094           Operating Operating Capital Outlay         334,890         362,059         362,787         (728)           Capital Outlay         -	•		450.040		404044		457.004		0.050
Capital Outlay         1,500         -									
Development Services:   Fersonnel   500,670   433,279   430,185   3,094	, ,		•		5,296		5,294		-
Development Services:           Personnel         500,670         433,279         430,185         3,094           Operating         334,890         362,059         362,787         (728)           Capital Outlay         - <td< td=""><td>Capital Outlay</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>169 642</td><td></td><td>163 285</td><td></td><td>6.357</td></td<>	Capital Outlay				169 642		163 285		6.357
Personnel Operating Operating Operating Capital Outlay         500,670 334,890 362,059 362,787 (728)         430,185 3,094 (728)         3,094 (728)         334,890 362,059 362,787 (728)         362,787 (728)         (728)         72,296 (728)         72,366 (728)         72,457 (728)	Development Services:		,		.00,0 .2		.00,200		0,001
Capital Outlay         -	•		500,670		433,279		430,185		3,094
835,560         795,338         792,972         2,366           Total General Government         4,117,970         4,439,314         4,403,166         36,148           PUBLIC SAFETY: Police: Personnel         5,495,730         5,659,228         5,677,996         (18,768)           Operating         1,756,910         1,938,890         2,044,989         (106,099)           Capital Outlay         359,120         403,211         382,347         20,864           Fire: Personnel Personnel Operating         2,021,040         2,465,787         2,457,756         8,031           Operating         290,780         284,615         274,855         9,760           Capital Outlay         951,310         39,290         67,261         (27,971)           3,263,130         2,789,692         2,799,872         (10,180)	Operating		334,890		362,059		362,787		(728)
Total General Government         4,117,970         4,439,314         4,403,166         36,148           PUBLIC SAFETY: Police: Personnel Operating Operating Operating Capital Outlay Operating Operati	Capital Outlay				-		_		
PUBLIC SAFETY:         Police:       5,495,730       5,659,228       5,677,996       (18,768)         Operating       1,756,910       1,938,890       2,044,989       (106,099)         Capital Outlay       359,120       403,211       382,347       20,864         7,611,760       8,001,329       8,105,332       (104,003)         Fire:         Personnel       2,021,040       2,465,787       2,457,756       8,031         Operating       290,780       284,615       274,855       9,760         Capital Outlay       951,310       39,290       67,261       (27,971)         3,263,130       2,789,692       2,799,872       (10,180)									
Police:         Personnel       5,495,730       5,659,228       5,677,996       (18,768)         Operating       1,756,910       1,938,890       2,044,989       (106,099)         Capital Outlay       359,120       403,211       382,347       20,864         7,611,760       8,001,329       8,105,332       (104,003)         Fire:         Personnel       2,021,040       2,465,787       2,457,756       8,031         Operating       290,780       284,615       274,855       9,760         Capital Outlay       951,310       39,290       67,261       (27,971)         3,263,130       2,789,692       2,799,872       (10,180)	Total General Government		4,117,970		4,439,314		4,403,166		36,148
Personnel         5,495,730         5,659,228         5,677,996         (18,768)           Operating         1,756,910         1,938,890         2,044,989         (106,099)           Capital Outlay         359,120         403,211         382,347         20,864           7,611,760         8,001,329         8,105,332         (104,003)           Fire:           Personnel         2,021,040         2,465,787         2,457,756         8,031           Operating         290,780         284,615         274,855         9,760           Capital Outlay         951,310         39,290         67,261         (27,971)           3,263,130         2,789,692         2,799,872         (10,180)									
Operating Capital Outlay         1,756,910 359,120 403,211 382,347 20,864 7,611,760 8,001,329 8,105,332 (104,003)         1,000,000 (104,003)           Fire:         Personnel			F 40F 700		5 050 000		F 077 000		(40.700)
Capital Outlay         359,120         403,211         382,347         20,864           7,611,760         8,001,329         8,105,332         (104,003)           Fire:           Personnel         2,021,040         2,465,787         2,457,756         8,031           Operating         290,780         284,615         274,855         9,760           Capital Outlay         951,310         39,290         67,261         (27,971)           3,263,130         2,789,692         2,799,872         (10,180)									, ,
Fire:  Personnel 2,021,040 2,465,787 2,457,756 8,031 Operating 290,780 284,615 274,855 9,760 Capital Outlay 951,310 39,290 67,261 (27,971) 3,263,130 2,789,692 2,799,872 (10,180)									
Fire:       Personnel       2,021,040       2,465,787       2,457,756       8,031         Operating       290,780       284,615       274,855       9,760         Capital Outlay       951,310       39,290       67,261       (27,971)         3,263,130       2,789,692       2,799,872       (10,180)	Capital Outlay								
Personnel     2,021,040     2,465,787     2,457,756     8,031       Operating     290,780     284,615     274,855     9,760       Capital Outlay     951,310     39,290     67,261     (27,971)       3,263,130     2,789,692     2,799,872     (10,180)	Fire:		7,011,700		0,001,020		5,100,002		(10-1,000)
Operating         290,780         284,615         274,855         9,760           Capital Outlay         951,310         39,290         67,261         (27,971)           3,263,130         2,789,692         2,799,872         (10,180)			2,021.040		2,465.787		2,457.756		8.031
Capital Outlay         951,310         39,290         67,261         (27,971)           3,263,130         2,789,692         2,799,872         (10,180)			, ,						
3,263,130 2,789,692 2,799,872 (10,180)	, ,								•
Total Public Safety 10,874,890 10,791,021 10,905,204 (114,183)			3,263,130		2,789,692		2,799,872		(10,180)
	Total Public Safety		10,874,890		10,791,021	-	10,905,204		(114, 183)

(continued)

## CITY OF NEW PORT RICHEY, FLORIDA BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE – GENERAL FUND (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

		Budgeted	Amou	ints	Act	ual Amounts	Fir	Variance with Final Budget Positive		
	Oı	riginal		Final	(Buc	lgetary Basis)	1)	Negative)		
CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS (Continued)						<u> </u>				
PUBLIC WORKS:										
Public Works Administration:										
Personnel	\$	308,830	\$	315,092	\$	316,245	\$	(4.452)		
Operating	Φ	97,990	φ	89,240	Ф	92,752	Ф	(1,153) (3,512)		
' 6				,		92,732 22.101		, ,		
Capital Outlay	-	27,000 433,820		22,378 426,710		431,098		(4,388)		
Road and Street Facilities:		433,020		420,710		431,090		(4,300)		
Personnel		324,880		243.420		246,681		(3,261)		
		,		-, -		,		( , ,		
Operating Capital Outlay		308,630		256,190		272,816		(16,626)		
Capital Outlay		25,000		26,120		26,117		(40.004)		
Facilities Maintenance:		658,510		525,730		545,614		(19,884)		
		220 670		222 244		222 226		(4.400)		
Personnel		228,670		222,344		223,826		(1,482)		
Operating		274,710		347,956		351,515		(3,559)		
Capital Outlay		34,500		107,555		47,555		60,000		
Casara da Maiatan anasa		537,880		677,855		622,896		54,959		
Grounds Maintenance:		205.040		000 004		204 470		(4.000)		
Personnel		385,640		299,884		301,170		(1,286)		
Operating		310,450		360,242		364,888		(4,646)		
Capital Outlay		37,000		39,584		39,582	-	(5.020)		
Total Dublic Warles		733,090		699,710		705,640		(5,930)		
Total Public Works	4	2,363,300		2,330,005		2,305,248		24,757		
CULTURE AND RECREATION:										
Library:										
Personnel		641,830		622,950		623,572		(622)		
Operating		316,330		251,341		247,716		3,625		
Capital Outlay		98,900		93,926		96,606		(2,680)		
Capital Callay		1,057,060		968,217		967,894		323		
Recreation:		1,007,000		500,217		307,004		020		
Personnel		736,010		718,317		718,965		(648)		
Operating		345,100		356,344		357,190		(846)		
Capital Outlay		466,000		439,772		440,585		(813)		
Capital Callay		1,547,110		1,514,433		1,516,740		(2,307)		
Swimming Pool:		1,017,110		1,011,100		1,010,710		(2,001)		
Personnel		223,900		209,643		210,941		(1,298)		
Operating		133,300		124,204		124,194		10		
Capital Outlay		63,000		83,026		83,025		1		
Suprice Sullay		420,200		416,873		418,160	-	(1,287)		
Total Culture and Recreation		3,024,370		2,899,523		2,902,794		(3,271)		
Total Guitaro aria resorbation		0,02 .,0. 0		2,000,020		_,00_,.0.		(0,2)		
TRANSFERS TO OTHER FUNDS		1,638,110		1,638,110		1,638,110		-		
						· · ·				
Total Charges to Appropriations	22	2,018,640		22,097,973		22,154,522		(56,549)		
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF RESOURCES OVER										
CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS	_\$	(698,680)	\$	(175,350)	\$	(538,165)	\$	(362,815)		

(continued)

## CITY OF NEW PORT RICHEY, FLORIDA BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE – GENERAL FUND (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

### EXPLANATION OF DIFFERENCES BETWEEN BUDGETARY INFLOWS AND OUTFLOWS AND GAAP REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES

SOURCES/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES: Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "available for appropriation" from the budgetary comparison schedule Differences - budget to GAAP:	\$ 21,616,357
Transfers from other funds and proceeds from sale of capital assets are inflows of budgetary resources but are not revenues for financial reporting purposes	 (5,824,878)
Total revenues as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures, and	
changes in fund balances - governmental funds	\$ 15,791,479
USES/OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:	
Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "total charges to appropriations" from the budgetary comparison schedule	\$ 22,154,522
Difference - budget to GAAP:  Transfers to other funds are outflows of budgetary resources but are not	
expenditures for financial reporting purposes	 (1,638,110)
Total expenditures as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances - governmental funds	\$ 20,516,412

## CITY OF NEW PORT RICHEY, FLORIDA BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE – REDEVELOPMENT FUND YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

RESOURCES (INFLOWS)			Budgeted Original	Amoi	unts Final		tual Amounts	F	ariance with inal Budget Positive (Negative)
Taxes	RESOURCES (INFLOWS)		- 5				<u> </u>		( -3
Fines and Forfeitures	· · ·	\$	1,143,790	\$	1,133,053	\$	1,133,053	\$	-
Fines and Forfeitures	Intergovernmental Revenues		300,000		275,000				-
Investment Income (Loss)	Fines and Forfeitures		, <u>-</u>		, <u>-</u>		1.339		1.339
Surplus (Impairment) of Other Assets   -			(475.000)		(352,400)				
Miscellaneous	, ,		-		(===, ===,				
Transfers from Other Funds 1,338,110 1,338,110 1,338,110 2,338,110  Amounts Available for Appropriation 2,312,800 2,433,223 2,524,142 90,919  CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS (OUTFLOWS)  Current General Government 402,540 420,462 420,956 (494) Capital Outlay 1,495,000 1,475,000 5 1,475,000 Transfer to Other Funds 1,202,760 1,592,560 1,592,640 80  Total Charges to Appropriations 3,100,300 3,488,022 2,013,596 1,474,426  EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF RESOURCES OVER CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS \$ (787,500) \$ (1,054,799) \$ 510,546 \$ 1,565,345   EXPLANATION OF DIFFERENCES BETWEEN BUDGETARY INFLOWS AND OUTFLOWS AND GAAP REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES  SOURCES/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES: Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "available for appropriation" from the budgetary comparison schedule.  Differences - budget to GAAP: Insurance proceeds and Transfers from other funds are inflows of budgetary resources but are not revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances - governmental funds.  USES/OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES: Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "total charges to appropriations" from the budgetary comparison schedule.  Differences - budget to GAAP: Insurance proceeds and Transfers from other funds are inflows of budgetary resources but are not revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances - governmental funds.  USES/OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES: Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "total charges to appropriations" from the budgetary comparison schedule.  Differences - budget to GAAP: Transfers to other funds are outflows of budgetary resources but are not expenditures for financial reporting purposes.  Total expenditures as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in funds are outflows of budgetary resources but are not expenditures for financial reporting purposes.  Total expenditures as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures, expenditures as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures.			5 900		39 460		•		·
Amounts Available for Appropriation 2,312,800 2,433,223 2,524,142 90,919  CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS (OUTFLOWS)  Current General Government 402,540 420,462 420,956 (494) Capital Outlay 1,495,000 1,475,000 - 1,475,000 Transfer to Other Funds 1,202,760 1,592,560 1,592,640 80  Total Charges to Appropriations 3,100,300 3,488,022 2,013,596 1,474,426  EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF RESOURCES OVER CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS \$ (787,500) \$ (1,054,799) \$ 510,546 \$ 1,565,345   EXPLANATION OF DIFFERENCES BETWEEN BUDGETARY INFLOWS AND OUTFLOWS AND GAAP REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES  SOURCES/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES: Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "available for appropriation" from the budgetary comparison schedule.  Differences - budget to GAAP: Insurance proceeds and Transfers from other funds are inflows of budgetary resources but are not revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances - governmental funds.  USES/OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES: Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "total charges to appropriations" from the budgetary comparison schedule.  USES/OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES: Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "total charges to appropriations" from the budgetary comparison schedule.  Differences - budget to GAAP: Transfers to other funds are outflows of budgetary resources but are not expenditures or inpancial reporting purposes.  Total expenditures as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in funds are outflows of budgetary resources but are not expenditures for financial reporting purposes.  Total expenditures as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in funds are outflows of budgetary resources but are not expenditures for financial reporting purposes.  Total expenditures as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in funds are outflows of budgetary resources but are not expenditures for financial reporting purposes.			,						•
CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS (OUTFLOWS)  Current General Government 402,540 420,462 420,956 (494) Capital Outlay 1,495,000 1,475,000 1,592,640 80  Transfer to Other Funds 1,202,760 1,592,650 1,592,640 80  Total Charges to Appropriations 3,100,300 3,488,022 2,013,596 1,474,426  EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF RESOURCES OVER CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS \$ (787,500) \$ (1,054,799) \$ 510,546 \$ 1,565,345   EXPLANATION OF DIFFERENCES BETWEEN BUDGETARY INFLOWS AND OUTFLOWS AND GAAP REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES  SOURCES/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES: Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "available for appropriation" from the budgetary comparison schedule. Differences - budget to GAAP: Insurance proceeds and Transfers from other funds are inflows of budgetary resources but are not revenues for financial reporting purposes. Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "total charges to appropriations" from the budgetary comparison schedule.  USES/OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES: Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "total charges to appropriations" from the budgetary comparison schedule.  \$ 2,013,596  Differences - budget to GAAP: Transfers to other funds are outflows of budgetary resources but are not expenditures for financial reporting purposes.  Total expenditures for financial reporting purposes.  Total expenditures as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures, expenditures, expenditures, as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures, expenditures, expenditures as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures, expenditures as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures, expenditures as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures, expenditures, expenditures as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures, expenditures, expenditures as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures, expenditures, expenditures as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures, expendi	Transicis nom other rands		1,000,110		1,000,110		1,000,110		
Current General Government 402,540 420,462 420,956 (494) Capital Outlay 1,495,000 1,475,000 1 Transfer to Other Funds 1,202,760 1,592,560 1,592,640 80  Total Charges to Appropriations 3,100,300 3,488,022 2,013,596 1,474,426  EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF RESOURCES OVER CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS \$ (787,500) \$ (1,054,799) \$ 510,546 \$ 1,565,345   EXPLANATION OF DIFFERENCES BETWEEN BUDGETARY INFLOWS AND OUTFLOWS AND GAAP REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES  SOURCES/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES: Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "available for appropriation" from the budgetary comparison schedule.  Differences - budget to GAAP: Insurance proceeds and Transfers from other funds are inflows of budgetary resources but are not revenues for financial reporting purposes.  Total revenues as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances - governmental funds.  USES/OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES: Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "total charges to appropriations" from the budgetary comparison schedule.  Differences - budget to GAAP: Transfers to other funds are outflows of budgetary resources but are not expenditures for financial reporting purposes.  Total expensions schedule.  Transfers to other funds are outflows of budgetary resources but are not expenditures for financial reporting purposes.  Total expensions schedule.  Total expenditures as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures, expenditures as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures, expenditures as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures, expenditures as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures, expenditures as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures, expenditures as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures, expenditures as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures, expenditures as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures, expenditures as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures, expenditures, expenditures, expenditures, expenditures, expenditures, expenditures, ex	Amounts Available for Appropriation		2,312,800		2,433,223		2,524,142		90,919
Capital Outlay Transfer to Other Funds 1,495,000 1,475,000 1,592,560 1,592,640 80  Total Charges to Appropriations 3,100,300 3,488,022 2,013,596 1,474,426  EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF RESOURCES OVER CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS \$ (787,500) \$ (1,054,799) \$ 510,546 \$ 1,565,345   EXPLANATION OF DIFFERENCES BETWEEN BUDGETARY INFLOWS AND OUTFLOWS AND GAAP REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES  SOURCES/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES: Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "available for appropriation" from the budgetary comparison schedule.  Differences - budget to GAAP: Insurance proceeds and Transfers from other funds are inflows of budgetary resources but are not revenues as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances - governmental funds.  USES/OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES: Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "total charges to appropriations" from the budgetary comparison schedule.  USES/OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES: Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "total charges to appropriations" from the budgetary comparison schedule.  USES/OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES: Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "total charges to appropriations" from the budgetary comparison schedule.  Transfers to other funds are outflows of budgetary resources but are not expenditures for financial reporting purposes.  Total expenditures as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures, expenditures, as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures, expenditures.	` '								
Capital Outlay Transfer to Other Funds 1,495,000 1,475,000 1,592,560 1,592,640 80  Total Charges to Appropriations 3,100,300 3,488,022 2,013,596 1,474,426  EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF RESOURCES OVER CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS \$ (787,500) \$ (1,054,799) \$ 510,546 \$ 1,565,345   EXPLANATION OF DIFFERENCES BETWEEN BUDGETARY INFLOWS AND OUTFLOWS AND GAAP REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES  SOURCES/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES: Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "available for appropriation" from the budgetary comparison schedule. Differences - budget to GAAP: Insurance proceeds and Transfers from other funds are inflows of budgetary resources but are not revenues for financial reporting purposes. Total revenues as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances - governmental funds.  USES/OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES: Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "total charges to appropriations" from the budgetary comparison schedule.  \$ 2,524,142  USES/OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES: Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "total charges to appropriations" from the budgetary comparison schedule.  \$ 2,013,596  Differences - budget to GAAP: Transfers to other funds are outflows of budgetary resources but are not expenditures for financial reporting purposes. Total expenditures as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures, Total expenditures as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures,	General Government		402.540		420.462		420.956		(494)
Transfer to Other Funds  Total Charges to Appropriations  3,100,300  3,488,022  2,013,596  1,474,426  EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF RESOURCES OVER CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS  \$ (787,500) \$ (1,054,799) \$ 510,546  \$ 1,565,345  EXPLANATION OF DIFFERENCES BETWEEN BUDGETARY INFLOWS AND OUTFLOWS AND GAAP REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES  SOURCES/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:  Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "available for appropriation" from the budgetary comparison schedule.  Differences - budget to GAAP:  Insurance proceeds and Transfers from other funds are inflows of budgetary resources but are not revenues for financial reporting purposes.  Total revenues as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances - governmental funds.  USES/OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:  Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "total charges to appropriations" from the budgetary comparison schedule.  Differences - budget to GAAP:  Transfers to other funds are outflows of budgetary resources but are not expenditures for financial reporting purposes.  Transfers to other funds are outflows of budgetary resources but are not expenditures as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund part of the purposes.  Total expenditures as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in seported on the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances are properting purposes.  Total expenditures as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances.	Capital Outlay		,				-		, ,
Total Charges to Appropriations 3,100,300 3,488,022 2,013,596 1,474,426  EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF RESOURCES OVER CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS \$ (787,500) \$ (1,054,799) \$ 510,546 \$ 1,565,345  EXPLANATION OF DIFFERENCES BETWEEN BUDGETARY INFLOWS AND OUTFLOWS AND GAAP REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES  SOURCES/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES: Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "available for appropriation" from the budgetary comparison schedule. Differences - budget to GAAP: Insurance proceeds and Transfers from other funds are inflows of budgetary resources but are not revenues for financial reporting purposes. Total revenues as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances - governmental funds.  USES/OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES: Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "total charges to appropriations" from the budgetary comparison schedule.  Differences - budget to GAAP: Transfers to other funds are outflows of budgetary resources but are not expenditures for financial reporting purposes. Total expenditures as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures,  Total expenditures as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures, Total expenditures as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures,	• •						1.592.640		
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF RESOURCES OVER CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS  \$ (787,500) \$ (1,054,799) \$ 510,546 \$ 1,565,345   EXPLANATION OF DIFFERENCES BETWEEN BUDGETARY INFLOWS AND OUTFLOWS AND GAAP REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES  SOURCES/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES: Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "available for appropriation" from the budgetary comparison schedule. Differences - budget to GAAP: Insurance proceeds and Transfers from other funds are inflows of budgetary resources but are not revenues for financial reporting purposes. Total revenues as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances - governmental funds.  USES/OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES: Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "total charges to appropriations" from the budgetary comparison schedule. Differences - budget to GAAP: Transfers to other funds are outflows of budgetary resources but are not expenditures for financial reporting purposes. Total expenditures as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures,  1,186,032			1,202,100		1,00=,000		1,00=,010		
EXPLANATION OF DIFFERENCES BETWEEN BUDGETARY INFLOWS AND OUTFLOWS AND GAAP REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES  SOURCES/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES: Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "available for appropriation" from the budgetary comparison schedule.  Differences - budget to GAAP: Insurance proceeds and Transfers from other funds are inflows of budgetary resources but are not revenues for financial reporting purposes. Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "total charges to appropriations" from the budgetary comparison schedule.  USES/OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES: Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "total charges to appropriations" from the budgetary comparison schedule.  Differences - budget to GAAP: Transfers to other funds are outflows of budgetary resources but are not expenditures for financial reporting purposes. Total expenditures for financial reporting purposes. Total expenditures as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures,	Total Charges to Appropriations		3,100,300		3,488,022		2,013,596		1,474,426
EXPLANATION OF DIFFERENCES BETWEEN BUDGETARY INFLOWS AND OUTFLOWS AND GAAP REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES  SOURCES/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES: Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "available for appropriation" from the budgetary comparison schedule.  Differences - budget to GAAP: Insurance proceeds and Transfers from other funds are inflows of budgetary resources but are not revenues for financial reporting purposes. Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "total charges to appropriations" from the budgetary comparison schedule.  USES/OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES: Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "total charges to appropriations" from the budgetary comparison schedule.  Differences - budget to GAAP: Transfers to other funds are outflows of budgetary resources but are not expenditures for financial reporting purposes. Total expenditures as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures, and charges to other funds are outflows of budgetary resources but are not expenditures for financial reporting purposes. Total expenditures as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures,	EVCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF DESCHIPCES OVED								
EXPLANATION OF DIFFERENCES BETWEEN BUDGETARY INFLOWS AND OUTFLOWS AND GAAP REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES  SOURCES/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES: Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "available for appropriation" from the budgetary comparison schedule.  Differences - budget to GAAP: Insurance proceeds and Transfers from other funds are inflows of budgetary resources but are not revenues for financial reporting purposes.  Total revenues as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances - governmental funds.  USES/OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES: Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "total charges to appropriations" from the budgetary comparison schedule.  Differences - budget to GAAP: Transfers to other funds are outflows of budgetary resources but are not expenditures for financial reporting purposes.  Total expenditures as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures,		¢	(797 500)	Ф	(1.054.700)	Ф	510 546	Ф	1 565 245
SOURCES/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES: Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "available for appropriation" from the budgetary comparison schedule.  Differences - budget to GAAP: Insurance proceeds and Transfers from other funds are inflows of budgetary resources but are not revenues for financial reporting purposes.  Total revenues as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances - governmental funds.  USES/OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES: Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "total charges to appropriations" from the budgetary comparison schedule.  Differences - budget to GAAP: Transfers to other funds are outflows of budgetary resources but are not expenditures for financial reporting purposes.  Total expenditures as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures,	CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS	φ	(787,300)	φ	(1,034,799)	φ	310,340	φ	1,303,343
Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "available for appropriation" from the budgetary comparison schedule.  Differences - budget to GAAP: Insurance proceeds and Transfers from other funds are inflows of budgetary resources but are not revenues for financial reporting purposes.  Total revenues as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances - governmental funds.  USES/OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES: Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "total charges to appropriations" from the budgetary comparison schedule.  Differences - budget to GAAP: Transfers to other funds are outflows of budgetary resources but are not expenditures for financial reporting purposes.  Total expenditures as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures,			FLOWS AND						
budgetary comparison schedule.  Differences - budget to GAAP:  Insurance proceeds and Transfers from other funds are inflows of  budgetary resources but are not revenues for financial reporting purposes.  Total revenues as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures,  and changes in fund balances - governmental funds.  USES/OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:  Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "total charges to appropriations" from  the budgetary comparison schedule.  Differences - budget to GAAP:  Transfers to other funds are outflows of budgetary resources but are not expenditures for financial reporting purposes.  Total expenditures as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures,									
Differences - budget to GAAP: Insurance proceeds and Transfers from other funds are inflows of budgetary resources but are not revenues for financial reporting purposes.  Total revenues as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances - governmental funds.  USES/OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES: Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "total charges to appropriations" from the budgetary comparison schedule.  Differences - budget to GAAP: Transfers to other funds are outflows of budgetary resources but are not expenditures for financial reporting purposes. Total expenditures as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures,		n" fror	n the			\$	2,524,142		
budgetary resources but are not revenues for financial reporting purposes.  Total revenues as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances - governmental funds.  USES/OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:  Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "total charges to appropriations" from the budgetary comparison schedule.  Differences - budget to GAAP:  Transfers to other funds are outflows of budgetary resources but are not expenditures for financial reporting purposes.  Total expenditures as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures,  (1,338,110)  \$ 1,186,032	Differences - budget to GAAP:								
budgetary resources but are not revenues for financial reporting purposes.  Total revenues as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances - governmental funds.  USES/OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:  Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "total charges to appropriations" from the budgetary comparison schedule.  Differences - budget to GAAP:  Transfers to other funds are outflows of budgetary resources but are not expenditures for financial reporting purposes.  Total expenditures as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures,  (1,338,110)  \$ 1,186,032	Insurance proceeds and Transfers from other funds are i	nflows	of						
Total revenues as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances - governmental funds.  USES/OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:  Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "total charges to appropriations" from the budgetary comparison schedule.  Differences - budget to GAAP:  Transfers to other funds are outflows of budgetary resources but are not expenditures for financial reporting purposes.  Total expenditures as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures,  1,186,032  \$ 1,186,032  \$ 2,013,596  (1,592,640)							(1,338,110)		
and changes in fund balances - governmental funds.  USES/OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:  Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "total charges to appropriations" from the budgetary comparison schedule.  Differences - budget to GAAP:  Transfers to other funds are outflows of budgetary resources but are not expenditures for financial reporting purposes.  Total expenditures as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures,	Total revenues as reported on the statement of reve	nues, e	expenditures.				, , , , ,		
Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "total charges to appropriations" from the budgetary comparison schedule.  Differences - budget to GAAP:  Transfers to other funds are outflows of budgetary resources but are not expenditures for financial reporting purposes.  Total expenditures as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures,  1 (1,592,640)	and changes in fund balances - governmental fund	ls.	•			\$	1,186,032		
Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "total charges to appropriations" from the budgetary comparison schedule.  Differences - budget to GAAP:  Transfers to other funds are outflows of budgetary resources but are not expenditures for financial reporting purposes.  Total expenditures as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures,  1 (1,592,640)									
the budgetary comparison schedule.  Differences - budget to GAAP:  Transfers to other funds are outflows of budgetary resources but are not expenditures for financial reporting purposes.  Total expenditures as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures,  \$ 2,013,596  (1,592,640)	USES/OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:								
Differences - budget to GAAP:  Transfers to other funds are outflows of budgetary resources but are not expenditures for financial reporting purposes.  Total expenditures as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures,  (1,592,640)	Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "total charges to appropri	ations'	" from						
Transfers to other funds are outflows of budgetary resources but are not expenditures for financial reporting purposes. (1,592,640)  Total expenditures as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures,	the budgetary comparison schedule.					\$	2,013,596		
expenditures for financial reporting purposes. (1,592,640)  Total expenditures as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures,	Differences - budget to GAAP:								
expenditures for financial reporting purposes. (1,592,640)  Total expenditures as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures,		rces bu	ut are not						
Total expenditures as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures,							(1,592,640)		
		evenue	es, expenditures	3,			· · · · /		
			•			\$	420,956		

### CITY OF NEW PORT RICHEY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY - FRS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

Florida Retirement System Pension Plan	2019		2018		2017		2016			2015
City's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.	014706643%	0	.015086751%	0.	015572645%	0.	016258868%	0.	016311776%
City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$	5,064,763	\$	4,544,208	\$	4,606,284	\$	4,105,377	\$	2,106,885
City's Covered Payroll	\$	6,221,783	\$	5,938,263	\$	6,041,876	\$	6,114,037	\$	5,445,154
City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of Its Covered Payroll Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension		81.40%		76.52%		76.24%		67.15%		38.69%
Liability		82.61%		84.26%		83.89%		84.88%		92.00%

Note: The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date (June 30).

Note: Information is required to be presented for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the City will present information for only those years for which information is available.

Note: For June 30, 2015, and later, covered payroll shown includes the payroll for Investment Plan members and payroll on which only UAL rates are charged.

Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy Program (HIS)		2019		2018		2017		2016		2015
City's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0	.018239277%	0	.018119023%	0	.018952904%	0	.019728422%	0	.017911774%
City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$	2,040,793	\$	1,917,738	\$	2,026,532	\$	2,299,266	\$	1,826,719
City's Covered Payroll	\$	6,221,783	\$	5,938,263	\$	6,041,876	\$	6,114,037	\$	5,445,154
City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of Its Covered Payroll		32.80%		32.29%		33.54%		37.61%		33.55%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability		2.63%		2.15%		1.64%		0.97%		0.50%

Note: The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date (June 30).

Note: Information is required to be presented for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the City will present information for only those years for which information is available.

Note: For June 30, 2015, and later, covered payroll shown includes the payroll for Investment Plan members and payroll on which only UAL rates are charged.

#### CITY OF NEW PORT RICHEY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF RETIREMENT CONTRIBUTIONS - FRS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

Florida Retirement System Pension Plan	2019		2018		2017		2016		 2015
Contractually Required Contribution Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required	\$	467,100	\$	444,374	\$	391,266	\$	394,410	\$ 383,864
Contribution		(467,100)		(444,374)		(391,266)		(394,410)	(383,864)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -
City's Covered Payroll	\$	6,252,292	\$	5,956,536	\$	6,271,939	\$	6,010,597	\$ 5,427,103
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Employee Payroll		7.47%		7.46%		6.24%		6.56%	7.07%

Note: The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as the City's fiscal year end (September 30).

Note: Information is required to be presented for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the City will present information for only those years for which information is available.

Note: For September 30, 2015, and later, covered payroll shown includes the payroll for Investment Plan members and payroll on which only UAL rates are charged.

Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy Program (HIS)	2019		 2018	2017	 2016	2015	
Contractually Required Contribution Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required	\$	103,451	\$ 96,959	\$ 100,560	\$ 99,131	\$	74,334
Contribution		(103,451)	(96,959)	(100,560)	(99,131)		(74,334)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	_
City's Covered Payroll Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Employee Payroll	\$	6,252,292 1.65%	\$ 5,956,536 1.63%	\$ 6,271,939 1.60%	\$ 6,010,597 1.65%	\$	5,427,103 1.37%

Note: The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as the City's fiscal year end (September 30).

Note: Information is required to be presented for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the City will present information for only those years for which information is available.

Note: For September 30, 2015, and later, covered payroll shown includes the payroll for Investment Plan members and payroll on which only UAL rates are charged.

# CITY OF NEW PORT RICHEY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS – FIREFIGHTERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS\*

	Se	eptember 30, 2018 *	Se	eptember 30, 2017 *	Se	eptember 30, 2016 *	Se	eptember 30, 2015 *	Se	eptember 30, 2014 *
Measurement Date Total Pension Liability:		2010		2017		2016	_	2015		2014
Service Cost	\$	282,107	\$	252,990	\$	208,740	\$	179,408	\$	167,944
Interest	Ψ	992,079	Ψ	848,665	Ψ	941,721	Ψ	936,203	Ψ	935,634
Change in Excess State Money		(728,711)		243,050		33,395		153,093		154,517
Changes of Benefit Terms		(120,111)		68,651		-		-		-
Differences Between Expected and				00,001						
Actual Experience		(129,673)		(38,501)		(315,508)		(128,221)		_
Changes of Assumptions		(129,073)		(30,301)		351,939		(120,221)		
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of		_		_		331,333		_		
Employee Contributions		(814,132)		(823,984)		(766,095)		(1,615,853)		(600,003)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	_	(398,330)		550,871	_	454,192		(475,370)		658,092
Total Pension Liability - Beginning		13,246,921		12,696,050		12,241,858		12,717,228		12,059,136
Total Pension Liability - Beginning  Total Pension Liability - Ending (a)	\$	12,848,591	\$	13,246,921	\$	12,696,050	\$	12,717,228	\$	12,717,228
Total Felision Liability - Lituing (a)	Ψ	12,040,331	Ψ	13,240,321	Ψ	12,090,030	Ψ	12,241,000	Ψ	12,717,220
Plan Fiduciary Net Position:										
Contributions - Employer and State	\$	462,112	\$	432,534	\$	396,911	\$	482,624	\$	538,130
Contributions - Employee		101,435		94,225		94,075		79,624		75,982
Net Investment Income		1,317,970		1,335,320		881,197		(330,078)		1,006,135
Benefit Payments, including Refunds of										
Employee Contributions		(814,132)		(823,984)		(766,095)		(1,615,854)		(600,003)
Administrative Expense		(54,696)		(63,596)		(64,186)		(46,159)		(42,509)
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position		1,012,689		974,499		541,902		(1,429,843)		977,735
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning		12,148,613		11,174,114		10,632,212		12,062,055		11,147,062
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)	\$	13,161,302	\$	12,148,613	\$	11,174,114	\$	10,632,212	\$	12,124,797
Net Pension Liability - Ending (a) - (b)	\$	(312,711)	\$	1,098,308	\$	1,521,936	\$	1,609,646	\$	592,431
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total Pension Liability		102.43%		91.71%		88.01%		86.85%		95.34%
Covered Employee Payroll  Net Pension Liability as a percentage of Covered	\$	1,327,104	\$	1,183,189	\$	1,201,440	\$	1,199,825	\$	952,337
Employee Payroll		-23.56%		92.83%		126.68%		134.16%		62.21%

#### Notes to Schedule:

Valuation date is beginning of year as of October 1.

<sup>\*</sup> Information is required to be presented for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the City will present information for only those years for which information is available.

## CITY OF NEW PORT RICHEY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS AND NOTES TO SCHEDULE – FIREFIGHTERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS\*

Fiscal Year Ending	Sep	otember 30, 2019 *	Se	ptember 30, 2018 *	Se	ptember 30, 2017 *	Se	ptember 30, 2016 *	Sep	ptember 30, 2015 *
Actuarially Determined Contribution	\$	401,018	\$	364,803	\$	230,006	\$	272,482	\$	337,210
Contributions in Relation to the Actuarially										
Determined Contribution	<u></u>	484,903		1,190,823		305,906		344,470		265,222
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$	(83,885)	\$	(826,020)	\$	(75,900)	\$	(71,988)	\$	71,988
Covered Employee Payroll Contributions as a Percentage of	\$	1,423,723	\$	1,327,104	\$	1,183,189	\$	1,201,440	\$	1,199,825
Covered Employee Payroll		34.06%		89.73%		25.85%		28.67%		22.11%

#### Notes to Schedule:

Actuarial Asset Method:

Salary Increases:

Retirement Age:

Termination Rates:

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of October 1, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rate for the most recent actuarial valuation:

Funding Method: Aggregate Actuarial Cost Method

Amortization Method: N/Ā
Payroll Growth: N/A

Load for Minimum DROP Return: The liabilities for future normal retirement benefits are increased by 0.5% to account for the fact that DROP members' quarterly returns will be subject to a floor of 0.0%.

Each year, the prior actuarial value of assets is brought forward utilizing the historical geometric 4-year average Market Value return. It is possible that over time this technique will produce an insignificant bias above or below market value of assets. 5.00% per year until the assumed retirement age; see table below. We feel this is

reasonable based on long-term expectations.

Interest Rate: 8% per year compounded annually, net of investment related expenses. This is supported

by the target asset allocation of the trust and the expected long-term return by asset class. 10 or more years of service on 10/112013: Earlier of 1) age 41 and 21 years of service, or 2) age 51 and 11 years of service. Less than 10 years of service on 10/1/2013:

Earlier of 1) age 51 with 10 years of service or 2) 23 years of service, regardless of age. Also, any member who has reached Normal Retirement is assumed to continue employment for one additional year. The assumed rates of retirement are consistent with

those approved in conjunction with an actuarial experience study dated November 16, 2010. See table below. The assumed rates of termination were approved in conjunction with

an actuarial experience study dated November 16, 2010.

Disability Rates: See table below. It is assumed that 75% of disablements and active Member deaths are

service related. The assumed rates of disablement are consistent with those used by

other plans containing Florida municipal Firefighters.

Mortality: Healthy Active Lives:

Female: RP2000 Generational, 100% Combined Healthy White Collar, Scale BB. Male: RP2000 Generational, 10% Combined Healthy White Collar / 90% Combined

Healthy Blue Collar, Scale BB.

Healthy Inactive Lives:

Female: RP2000 Generational, 100% Annuitant White Collar, Scale BB. Male: RP2000 Generational, 10% Annuitant White Collar / 90% Annuitant Blue

Collar, Scale BB. Disabled Lives:

Female: 60% RP2000 Disabled Female set forward two years / 40% Annuitant White

Collar with no setback, no projection scale.

Male: 60% RP2000 Disabled Male setback four years / 40% Annuitant White Collar with no setback, no projection scale.

The assumed rates of mortality were mandated by Chapter 2015-157, Laws of Florida. This law mandates the use of the assumptions used in either of the two most recent valuations of the Florida Retirement System (FRS). The above rates are those outlined

in the July 1, 2016 FRS actuarial valuation report for special risk employees. We feel this assumption sufficiently accommodates future mortality improvements.

Decrement Tables:

		% Becoming
	% Terminating	Disabled During
Age	During the Year	the Year
20	9.00%	0.14%
25	8.60%	0.15%
30	7.50%	0.18%
35	5.70%	0.23%
40	3.90%	0.30%
45	2.40%	0.51%

<sup>\*</sup> Information is required to be presented for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the City will present information for only those years for which information is available.

# CITY OF NEW PORT RICHEY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS – POLICE OFFICERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS\*

Measurement Date	September 30, 2018 *		Se	eptember 30, 2017 *	Se	eptember 30, 2016 *	Se	eptember 30, 2015 *	September 30, 2014 *	
Total Pension Liability:										
Service Cost	\$	676,144	\$	770,072	\$	760,315	\$	685,630	\$	728,582
Interest		1,916,514		1,970,862		1,939,254		1,895,631		1,799,225
Changes of benefit terms		(2,507,861)		-		-		-		-
Differences between Expected and										
Actual Experience		654,544		(610,687)		(704,111)		(18,648)		(780,543)
Changes of Assumptions		-		686,077		-		-		-
Benefit Payments, including Refunds of										
Employee Contributions		(1,466,384)		(1,727,246)		(1,456,540)		(1,337,591)		(1,205,714)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability		(727,043)		1,089,078		538,918		1,225,022		541,550
Total Pension Liability - Beginning		26,638,691		25,549,613		25,010,695		23,785,673		23,244,123
Total Pension Liability - Ending (a)	\$	25,911,648	\$	26,638,691	\$	25,549,613	\$	25,010,695	\$	23,785,673
Plan Fiduciary Net Position:										
Contributions - Employer and State	\$	1,046,237	\$	1,262,959	\$	1,182,194	\$	1,118,829	\$	943,208
Contributions - Employee		111,835		111,261		105,320		97,124		90,712
Net Investment Income		3,696,996		3,011,138		1,211,993		1,036,070		2,603,632
Benefit Payments, including Refunds of										
Employee Contributions		(1,466,384)		(1,727,246)		(1,456,540)		(1,337,591)		(1,205,714)
Administrative Expense		(90,802)		(65,265)		(53,575)		(58,144)		(51,602)
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position		3,297,882		2,592,847		989,392		856,288		2,380,236
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning		26,657,341		24,064,494		23,075,102		22,218,814		19,838,578
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)	\$	29,955,223	\$	26,657,341	\$	24,064,494	\$	23,075,102	\$	22,218,814
Net Pension Liability - Ending (a) - (b)	\$	(4,043,575)	\$	(18,650)	\$	1,485,119	\$	1,935,593	\$	1,566,859
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total Pension Liability		115.61%		100.07%		94.19%		92.26%		93.41%
Covered Employee Payroll	\$	2,484,983	\$	2,472,455	\$	2,335,381	\$	2,158,300	\$	1,912,968
Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of	Ψ	, ,	φ	, ,	φ	, ,	φ	, ,	φ	
Covered Employee Payroll		-162.72%		-0.75%		63.59%		89.68%		81.91%

#### Notes to Schedule:

Valuation date is beginning of year as of October 1

Update procedures used to roll forward Total Pension Liability, excluding DROP account balances and reserve for excess State Funds to the measurement date - actual DROP account balances and reserve for excess State funds as of measurement date included in Total Pension Liability.

No assumption changes or benefit changes during the year.

<sup>\*</sup> Information is required to be presented for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the City will present information for only those years for which information is available.

## CITY OF NEW PORT RICHEY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS AND NOTES TO SCHEDULE – POLICE OFFICERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS\*

Fiscal Year Ending	Se	ptember 30, 2019 *	Se	ptember 30, 2018 *	Se	ptember 30, 2017 *	Se	ptember 30, 2016 *	Se	otember 30, 2015 *
Actuarially Determined Contribution Contributions in Relation to the Actuarially	\$	587,634	\$	992,658	\$	1,075,632	\$	1,162,424	\$	1,118,829
Determined Contribution		594,598		1,046,237		1,262,959		1,182,194		1,118,829
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$	(6,964)	\$	(53,579)	\$	(187,327)	\$	(19,770)	\$	
Covered Employee Payroll Contributions as a Percentage of	\$	2,574,417	\$	2,484,983	\$	2,472,455	\$	2,335,381	\$	2,158,300
Covered Employee Payroll		23.10%		42.10%		51.08%		50.62%		51.84%

#### Notes to Schedule:

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of October 1, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial Cost Method: Entry Age Normal

Amortization Method: Level Percentage of Payroll, Closed

Amortization Period 30 years
Asset Valuation Method: 5-year smoothed
Inflation: 2.75% per year
Salary Increases: 5.5% - 8.0%
Investment Rate of Return 7.75%

Retirement Age: Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility

ondition

Mortality For Healthy Police Officer participants during

employment, RP 2000 Combined Healthy Participant Mortality Table, separate rates for males and females, with 90%BlueCollarAdjustment / 10%WhiteCollar Adjustment and fully generational mortality improvements projected to each future decrement date with Scale BB. For healthy Police Officer participants post employment, RP 2000 Annuity Mortality Table, separate rates for males and females, with 90% Blue Collar Adjustment / 10% White Collar Adjustment and fully generational mortality improvements projected to each future decrement date with Scale BB.

For disabled male participants, 60% RP 2000 Disabled Male Mortality Table setback four years/ 40% RP 2000 Annuitant Male Mortality Table with White Collar Adjustment with no setback, without projected mortality improvements. For disabled female participants, 60% RP 2000 Disabled Female Mortality Table set forward two years/ 40% RP 2000 Annuitant Female Mortality Table with White Collar Adjustment

with no setback, without projected mortality improvements.

Cost-of-Living Increases None

<sup>\*</sup> Information is required to be presented for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the City will present information for only those years for which information is available.

## CITY OF NEW PORT RICHEY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) Plan Last Ten Fiscal Years*		2019	2018		
OPEB Liability Beginning of Year Changes for the Year:	\$	3,740,178	\$	3,652,745	
Service Cost		330,902		355,910	
Interest on OPEB Liability		141,017		122,954	
Changes of Benefit Terms		(1,677)		, -	
Difference Between Actual and Expected Experience		(725,358)		-	
Changes of Assumptions		(213,150)		(306,004)	
Benefit Payments		(84,791)		(85,427)	
OPEB Liability End of Year	\$	3,187,121	\$	3,740,178	
Covered-Employee Payroll	\$	9,270,750	\$	9,089,270	
Total OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered Employee Payroll:		34.38%		41.15%	

<sup>\*</sup> The Amounts Presented for Each Fiscal Year were Determined as of September 30.

Note 1: Covered employee payroll based on pay provided for the actuarial valuation as of valuation date, October 1, 2018. GASB Statement No. 75 requires actual covered payroll during the measurement period.

Note 2: There are no assets accumulated in a trust for the payment of the related OPEB benefits.

Note 3: This table will be built out to include a ten-year history.

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Combining Financial Statements
These financial statements provide a more detailed view of the nonmajor funds that were combined for the governmental activities in the fund financial statements and a detail of the individual fiduciary funds.

## CITY OF NEW PORT RICHEY, FLORIDA COMBINING BALANCE SHEET – NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	Street Improvement		Street Lights		Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
ASSETS						
Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments Receivables (Net of Allowance):	\$	2,400,644	\$	365,705	\$	2,766,349
Special Assessments		41,567		-		41,567
Due from Other Governments		136,964		683		137,647
Total Assets	\$	2,579,175	\$	366,388	\$	2,945,563
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES						
LIABILITIES						
Accounts Payable	\$	1,268,794	\$	56,545	\$	1,325,339
Unearned Revenue		50,912		-		50,912
Total Liabilities		1,319,706		56,545		1,376,251
FUND BALANCES Fund Balances						
Restricted - Other Capital Projects		1,259,469		309,843		1,569,312
Total Fund Balances		1,259,469		309,843		1,569,312
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	2,579,175	\$	366,388	\$	2,945,563

# CITY OF NEW PORT RICHEY, FLORIDA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	Street Improvement		Street Lights		Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
REVENUES	•	000 5 47	•	450.040	•	4 000 700
Taxes	\$	833,547	\$	459,216	\$	1,292,763
Investment Income		77,955		-		77,955
Miscellaneous		702,860				702,860
Total Revenues		1,614,362		459,216		2,073,578
EXPENDITURES						
General Government		-		432,626		432,626
Public Works		18,167		-		18,167
Capital Outlay		2,179,941		-		2,179,941
Total Expenditures		2,198,108		432,626		2,630,734
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		(583,746)		26,590		(557,156)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers In		500,000		_		500,000
Transfers Out		(350,000)		_		(350,000)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		150,000		_		150,000
3 ( )		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		_		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		(433,746)		26,590		(407,156)
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year		1,693,215		283,253		1,976,468
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$	1,259,469	\$	309,843	\$	1,569,312

#### CITY OF NEW PORT RICHEY, FLORIDA COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

		Pension T					
	Police Officer		Firefighter		Employee Retirement Funds		
ASSETS							
Cash	\$	26,065	\$	4,077	\$	30,142	
Investments:							
U.S. Government Obligations		2,490,508	90,508 821,493			3,312,001	
U.S. Government Agency Obligations		1,107,903		601,482		1,709,385	
Domestic Corporate Bonds and Stocks	2	2,069,810	(	6,121,619		28,191,429	
Real Estate Investment Trust		3,524,471		-		3,524,471	
Temporary Investment Funds		281,500		137,798		419,298	
Pooled Equity and Fixed Income Funds				5,337,016		5,337,016	
Total Investments	2	9,474,192	1:	3,019,408		42,493,600	
Receivables:							
Employee		1,620		-		1,620	
Accrued Dividends and Interest		58,983		20,097		79,080	
Intergovernmental		220,931		108,190		329,121	
Total Receivables		281,534				409,821	
Prepaid Items		123,363		72,742		196,105	
Total Assets	2	9,905,154	1:	3,224,514		43,129,668	
LIABILITIES							
Accounts Payable		42,851		28,039		70,890	
Total Liabilities		42,851		28,039		70,890	
NET POSITION							
Restricted for Pension Benefits	\$ 2	9,862,303	\$ 13	3,196,475	\$	43,058,778	

## CITY OF NEW PORT RICHEY, FLORIDA COMBINING STATEMENT CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

		Pension T	rust Fu	ınds			
	Pol	ice Officer	F	irefighter	Employee Retirement Fund		
ADDITIONS							
Contributions:							
Employer	\$	373,667	\$	376,713	\$	750,380	
Employee		167,338		92,542		259,880	
State		220,931		108,190		329,121	
Total Contributions		761,936		577,445		1,339,381	
Investment Earnings:							
Net Increase in Fair Value of Investments		376,147		92,542		468,689	
Interest and Dividends		489,005		322,054		811,059	
Other		6,478		-		6,478	
Total Investment Earnings		871,630		414,596		1,286,226	
Less Investment Expense		171,045		54,974		226,019	
Net Investment Earnings		700,585		359,622		1,060,207	
Total Additions		1,462,521		937,067		2,399,588	
DEDUCTIONS							
Benefits		1,424,137		822,828		2,246,965	
Refunds of Contributions		57,340		-		57,340	
Administrative Expense		73,964		81,967		155,931	
Total Deductions		1,555,441		904,795		2,460,236	
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		(92,920)		32,272		(60,648)	
Net Position - Beginning of Year		29,955,223		13,164,203		43,119,426	
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$ 2	29,862,303	\$	13,196,475	\$	43,058,778	

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These schedules are presented to statements. These schedules are Accounting Principles.	Other Supplementary Schedules  provide greater detailed information than reported in the preceding financial not necessary for fair presentation in conformity with Generally Accepted

#### CITY OF NEW PORT RICHEY, FLORIDA BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE – STREET LIGHTS FUND YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

		Budgeted			ual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive		
DESCUIDCES (INEL OMS)		Original		Final	(Budgetary Basis)		<u>(N</u>	legative)
RESOURCES (INFLOWS) Taxes	\$	435,958	\$	442.964	\$	459,216	\$	16,252
Investment Income	<u> </u>	1,001	<u> </u>	1,001	<u> </u>	-	Ψ	-
Amounts Available for Appropriations		436,959		443,965		459,216		15,251
CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS (OUTFLOWS)								
General Government		426,960		433,966		432,626		1,340
Total Charges to Appropriations		426,960		433,966		432,626		1,340
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF RESOURCES OVER CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS	\$	9,999	\$	9,999	\$	26,590	\$	16,591
EXPLANATION OF DIFFERENCES BETWEEN BUDGETA OUTFLOWS AND GAAP REVENUES AND EXPENDITUI		VS AND						
SOURCES/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "available for appropriat	ion" from the	)						
budgetary comparison schedule.					\$	459,216		
Total revenues as reported on the statement of re and changes in fund balances - governmental f	′ '	nditures,			\$	459,216		
USES/OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "total charges to approper the budgetary comparison schedule.					\$	432,626		
Total expenditures as reported on the statement of re and changes in fund balances - governmental fun	′ '	enditures,			\$	432,626		

## CITY OF NEW PORT RICHEY, FLORIDA BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE – STREET IMPROVEMENT FUND YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

							Fin	iance with al Budget
		Budgeted Original	Amou	nts Final		ual Amounts Igetary Basis)		Positive legative)
RESOURCES (INFLOWS)		Original		Tillal	(Duc	igetary basis)	(1)	vegative)
Taxes	\$	807,660	\$	807,660	\$	833,547	\$	25,887
Investment Income		6,300		18,730		77,955		59,225
Miscellaneous Transfers from Other Funds		712,332 500,000		712,332 500,000		702,860 500,000		(9,472)
Turble of the Funds		000,000		000,000		300,000		
Amounts Available for Appropriations		2,026,292		2,038,722		2,114,362		75,640
CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS (OUTFLOWS)								
Public Works		-		12,430		18,167		5,737
Capital Outlay		3,000,000		3,000,000		2,179,941		820,059
Transfers to other funds		350,000		350,000		350,000		
Total Charges to Appropriations		3,350,000		3,350,000		2,548,108		801,892
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF RESOURCES OVER CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS	\$	(1,323,708)	\$	(1,311,278)	\$	(433,746)	\$	877,532
EXPLANATION OF DIFFERENCES BETWEEN BUDGETARY OUTFLOWS AND GAAP REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES	INFLO	WS AND						
SOURCES/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES  Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "available for appropriation" budgetary comparison schedule.  Differences - budget to GAAP: Transfers from other funds and debt proceeds are inflows of					\$	2,114,362		
but are not revenues for financial reporting purposes.	buuge	dary resources				(500,000)		
Total revenues as reported on the statement of revenu	, .	enditures,				<u> </u>		
and changes in fund balances - governmental funds	3.				\$	1,614,362		
USES/OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "total charges to appropriati the budgetary comparison schedule. Differences - budget to GAAP: Transfers to other funds are outflows of budgetary resource:					\$	2,548,108		
expenditures for financial reporting purposes.	s Dut al	C HUL				(350,000)		
Total expenditures as reported on the statement of rev	,	expenditures,			•	, , ,		
and changes in fund balances - governmental funds	S.				\$	2,198,108		

#### CITY OF NEW PORT RICHEY, FLORIDA BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE – DEBT SERVICE FUND YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

		Budgeted Original	Amoun	ts Final		al Amounts getary Basis)	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
RESOURCES (INFLOWS)  Transfers from Other Funds	æ	000 000	œ	000 000	\$	000 000	ф.	
Transfers from Other Funds	\$	886,890	\$	886,890	Ф	886,890	\$	
Amounts Available for Appropriations		886,890		886,890		886,890		-
CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS (OUTFLOWS)  Debt Service								
Principal Retirement		640,000		640,000		640,000		-
Interest and Fiscal Charges		246,890		246,890		247,417		(527)
Total Charges to Appropriations		886,890		886,890		887,417		(527)
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF RESOURCES OVER CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS	\$		\$		\$	(527)	\$	(527)
EXPLANATION OF DIFFERENCES BETWEEN BUDGETARY OUTFLOWS AND GAAP REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES		/S AND						
SOURCES/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "available for appropriation" budgetary comparison schedule. Differences - budget to GAAP:					\$	886,890		
Transfers from other funds and debt proceeds are inflows of but are not revenues for financial reporting purposes.	f budgeta	ary resources				(886,890)		
Total revenues as reported on the statement of revenu	es, expe	nditures,				(000,030)		
and changes in fund balances - governmental funds	S.				\$	-		
USES/OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES  Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "total charges to appropriati the budgetary comparison schedule.  Differences - budget to GAAP:  Transfers to other funds are outflows of budgetary resources.					\$	887,417		
expenditures for financial reporting purposes.						-		
Total expenditures as reported on the statement of rev and changes in fund balances - governmental funds		expenditures,			\$	887,417		

#### CITY OF NEW PORT RICHEY, FLORIDA BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE – CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	Budgeted	I Amou	nts	Act	ual Amounts		ariance with nal Budget Positive
	Original	Final		(Budgetary Basis)		(Negative)	
RESOURCES (INFLOWS)	 						
Taxes	\$ 2,760,470	\$	2,760,470	\$	2,632,026	\$	(128,444)
Intergovernmental Revenue	2,197,000		-		-		-
Investment Income	8,500		8,500		128,476		119,976
Transfers from Other Funds	 353,000		353,000		353,000		<u>-</u>
Amounts Available for Appropriations	5,318,970		3,121,970		3,113,502		(8,468)
CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS (OUTFLOWS)							
Capital Outlay	5,806,000		3,619,000		1,994,454		1,624,546
Transfer to Other Funds	 1,001,000		1,075,198		1,075,198		-
Total Charges to Appropriations	 6,807,000		4,694,198		3,069,652		1,624,546
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF RESOURCES OVER CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS	\$ (1,488,030)	\$	(1,572,228)	\$	43,850	\$	1,616,078

### EXPLANATION OF DIFFERENCES BETWEEN BUDGETARY INFLOWS AND OUTFLOWS AND GAAP REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES

SOURCES/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "available for appropriation" from the	
budgetary comparison schedule.	\$ 3,113,502
Differences - budget to GAAP:	
Transfers from other funds are inflows of budgetary resources but are	
not revenues for financial reporting purposes.	(353,000)
Total revenues as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures,	
and changes in fund balances - governmental funds.	\$ 2,760,502
USES/OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "total charges to appropriations" from	
the budgetary comparison schedule.	\$ 3,069,652
Differences - budget to GAAP:	
Transfers to other funds are outflows of budgetary resources but are not	
expenditures for financial reporting purposes.	(1,075,198)
Total expenditures as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures,	
and changes in fund balances - governmental funds.	\$ 1,994,454

Schedules of Financial Trends Information
These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.

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## CITY OF NEW PORT RICHEY, FLORIDA NET POSITION BY COMPONENT – LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	2010	2011	2012	2013
Governmental Activities:				
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ 19,656,908	\$ 20,746,105	\$ 21,304,827	\$ 24,341,556
Restricted	3,854,717	4,370,155	3,819,762	4,653,007
Unrestricted	6,504,647	5,571,785	6,132,718	3,227,510
Total Governmental Activities Net Position	\$ 30,016,272	\$ 30,688,045	\$ 31,257,307	\$ 32,222,073
Business-Type Activities:				
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ 38,412,817	\$ 37,304,052	\$ 38,714,222	\$ 38,895,570
Restricted	-	-	-	-
Unrestricted	23,127,036	25,564,859	24,855,298	25,837,383
Total Business-Type Activities Net Position	\$ 61,539,853	\$ 62,868,911	\$ 63,569,520	\$ 64,732,953
Primary Government:				
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ 58,069,725	\$ 58,050,157	\$ 60,019,049	\$ 63,237,126
Restricted	3,854,717	4,370,155	3,819,762	4,653,007
Unrestricted	29,631,683	31,136,644	30,988,016	29,064,893
Total Primary Government Activities				
Net Position	\$ 91,556,125	\$ 93,556,956	\$ 94,826,827	\$ 96,955,026

## CITY OF NEW PORT RICHEY, FLORIDA NET POSITION BY COMPONENT – LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (CONTINUED) SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

2014	2015	 2016	 2017	2018	 2019
\$ 20,724,327 5,215,107 10,506,974	\$ 21,994,422 8,704,016 1,505,257	\$ 26,028,231 6,162,908 1,333,624	\$ 25,979,394 5,953,485 1,481,334	\$ 28,997,102 4,734,833 935,224	\$ 32,085,630 4,405,687 5,370,744
\$ 36,446,408	\$ 32,203,695	\$ 33,524,763	\$ 33,414,213	\$ 34,667,159	\$ 41,862,061
\$ 40,710,853	\$ 43,049,853	\$ 43,046,655	\$ 42,717,025	\$ 42,368,692	\$ 34,752,277
2,785,560	3,151,358	3,478,157	3,429,235	3,429,235	3,633,277
13,665,199	10,009,905	9,702,040	 9,018,154	 10,193,453	 19,203,761
\$ 57,161,612	\$ 56,211,116	\$ 56,226,852	\$ 55,164,414	\$ 55,991,380	\$ 57,589,315
\$ 61,435,180	\$ 65,044,275	\$ 69,074,886	\$ 68,696,419	\$ 71,365,794	\$ 66,837,907
8,000,667	11,855,374	9,641,065	9,382,720	8,164,068	8,038,964
24,172,173	11,515,162	11,035,664	10,499,488	11,128,677	24,574,505
\$ 93,608,020	\$ 88,414,811	\$ 89,751,615	\$ 88,578,627	\$ 90,658,539	\$ 99,451,376

#### CITY OF NEW PORT RICHEY, FLORIDA CHANGES IN NET POSITION – LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

		2010		2011		2012		2013
Expenses		_		_				_
Governmental Activities:								
General Government	\$	3,054,628	\$	3,310,681	\$	3,629,266	\$	3,413,510
Public Safety		7,834,782		7,350,804		7,073,227		7,678,591
Public Works		2,013,057		1,499,293		1,584,915		2,007,581
Culture and Recreation		3,392,098		3,225,776		3,100,143		3,205,459
Interest and Fiscal Charges on Long-Term Debt		885,174		1,108,639		1,019,676		963,600
Total Governmental Activities Expenses		17,179,739		16,495,193		16,407,227		17,268,741
Business-Type Activities:								
Water and Sewer		10,433,682		9,874,088		10,386,931		11,060,727
Stormwater Utility		628,092		663,686		688,978		714,851
Total Business-Type Activities Expenses Total Primary Government Expenses	\$	11,061,774 28,241,513	\$	10,537,774 27,032,967	\$	11,075,909 27,483,136	\$	11,775,578 29,044,319
·	Ψ	20,241,313	Ψ	21,032,901	Ψ	21,403,130	Ψ	29,044,519
Program Revenues								
Governmental Activities:								
Charges for Services:	•	4 004 044	•	4 700 440	•	4 000 740	•	0.050.440
General Government	\$	1,804,241	\$	1,733,446	\$	1,908,712	\$	2,959,119
Public Safety		534,461		502,602		547,736		637,961
Public Works		854,986		768,672		766,085		31,011
Culture and Recreation		412,934		456,605		461,879		495,550
Operating Grants and Contributions		569,413		268,662		212,087		336,592
Capital Grants and Contributions		359,021		411,586		165,442		92,098
Total Governmental Activities Program Revenues		4,535,056		4,141,573		4,061,941		4,552,331
Business-Type Activities:								
Charges for Services:								
Water and Sewer		9,071,949		9,339,704		9,450,701		9,794,132
Stormwater Utility		524,905		527,087		522,915		993,449
Operating Grants and Contributions Capital Grants and Contributions		1,622,710 -		1,862,601		1,586,954 -		1,167,928 -
Total Business-Type Activities Program Revenues		11,219,564		11,729,392		11,560,570		11,955,509
Total Primary Government Program Revenues	\$	15,754,620	\$	15,870,965	\$	15,622,511	\$	16,507,840
Net (Expense)/Revenue								
					r.	(40.045.000)	_	(12,716,410)
• • •	\$	(12.644.683)	\$	(12.353.620)	D.	(12.345.286)	\$	
Governmental Activities Net Expense	\$	(12,644,683) 157,790	\$	(12,353,620) 1.191.618	\$	(12,345,286) 484.661	\$	
• • •	\$	(12,644,683) 157,790 (12,486,893)	\$	(12,353,620) 1,191,618 (11,162,002)	\$	(12,345,286) 484,661 (11,860,625)	\$	179,931 (12,536,479)
Governmental Activities Net Expense Business-Type Activities Net Expense Total Primary Government Net Expense		157,790		1,191,618		484,661		179,931
Governmental Activities Net Expense Business-Type Activities Net Expense		157,790		1,191,618		484,661		179,931
Governmental Activities Net Expense Business-Type Activities Net Expense Total Primary Government Net Expense  General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position		157,790		1,191,618		484,661		179,931
Governmental Activities Net Expense Business-Type Activities Net Expense Total Primary Government Net Expense  General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position Governmental Activities:	\$	157,790	\$	1,191,618	\$	484,661 (11,860,625)	\$	179,931 (12,536,479)
Governmental Activities Net Expense Business-Type Activities Net Expense Total Primary Government Net Expense  General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position Governmental Activities: Taxes:		157,790 (12,486,893)		1,191,618 (11,162,002) 5,731,993		484,661		179,931 (12,536,479) 5,167,269
Governmental Activities Net Expense Business-Type Activities Net Expense Total Primary Government Net Expense  General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position Governmental Activities: Taxes: Ad Valorem Franchise Taxes	\$	157,790 (12,486,893) 6,782,693 1,436,506	\$	1,191,618 (11,162,002) 5,731,993 1,323,242	\$	484,661 (11,860,625) 5,322,729	\$	179,931 (12,536,479) 5,167,269 1,196,176
Governmental Activities Net Expense Business-Type Activities Net Expense Total Primary Government Net Expense  General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position Governmental Activities: Taxes: Ad Valorem Franchise Taxes Utility Taxes	\$	157,790 (12,486,893) 6,782,693 1,436,506 1,547,618	\$	1,191,618 (11,162,002) 5,731,993 1,323,242 1,450,542	\$	484,661 (11,860,625) 5,322,729 1,270,726 1,342,740	\$	179,931 (12,536,479) 5,167,269 1,196,176 1,407,935
Governmental Activities Net Expense Business-Type Activities Net Expense Total Primary Government Net Expense  General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position Governmental Activities: Taxes: Ad Valorem Franchise Taxes Utility Taxes Communication Services Tax	\$	157,790 (12,486,893) 6,782,693 1,436,506 1,547,618 953,055	\$	1,191,618 (11,162,002) 5,731,993 1,323,242 1,450,542 881,055	\$	484,661 (11,860,625) 5,322,729 1,270,726 1,342,740 895,727	\$	179,931 (12,536,479) 5,167,269 1,196,176 1,407,935 854,510
Governmental Activities Net Expense Business-Type Activities Net Expense	\$	157,790 (12,486,893) 6,782,693 1,436,506 1,547,618 953,055 804,287	\$	1,191,618 (11,162,002) 5,731,993 1,323,242 1,450,542 881,055 809,572	\$	484,661 (11,860,625) 5,322,729 1,270,726 1,342,740	\$	179,931 (12,536,479) 5,167,269 1,196,176 1,407,935 854,510 784,691
Governmental Activities Net Expense Business-Type Activities Net Expense Total Primary Government Net Expense  General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position Governmental Activities: Taxes: Ad Valorem Franchise Taxes Utility Taxes Communication Services Tax Half-Cent Sales Tax Local Option Gas Tax	\$	157,790 (12,486,893) 6,782,693 1,436,506 1,547,618 953,055 804,287 528,570	\$	1,191,618 (11,162,002) 5,731,993 1,323,242 1,450,542 881,055 809,572 504,016	\$	484,661 (11,860,625) 5,322,729 1,270,726 1,342,740 895,727 742,897 498,890	\$	179,931 (12,536,479) 5,167,269 1,196,176 1,407,935 854,510 784,691 1,566,812
Governmental Activities Net Expense Business-Type Activities Net Expense Total Primary Government Net Expense  General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position Governmental Activities: Taxes: Ad Valorem Franchise Taxes Utility Taxes Communication Services Tax Half-Cent Sales Tax Local Option Gas Tax Infrastructure Tax	\$	157,790 (12,486,893) 6,782,693 1,436,506 1,547,618 953,055 804,287 528,570 1,186,900	\$	1,191,618 (11,162,002) 5,731,993 1,323,242 1,450,542 881,055 809,572 504,016 1,311,649	\$	484,661 (11,860,625) 5,322,729 1,270,726 1,342,740 895,727 742,897 498,890 1,430,997	\$	179,931 (12,536,479) 5,167,269 1,196,176 1,407,935 854,510 784,691 1,566,812 529,683
Governmental Activities Net Expense Business-Type Activities Net Expense Total Primary Government Net Expense  General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position Governmental Activities: Taxes: Ad Valorem Franchise Taxes Utility Taxes Communication Services Tax Half-Cent Sales Tax Local Option Gas Tax Infrastructure Tax State Excise Taxes - Public Safety	\$	157,790 (12,486,893) 6,782,693 1,436,506 1,547,618 953,055 804,287 528,570 1,186,900 358,195	\$	1,191,618 (11,162,002) 5,731,993 1,323,242 1,450,542 881,055 809,572 504,016 1,311,649 358,888	\$	484,661 (11,860,625) 5,322,729 1,270,726 1,342,740 895,727 742,897 498,890 1,430,997 353,945	\$	179,931 (12,536,479) 5,167,269 1,196,176 1,407,935 854,510 784,691 1,566,812 529,683 308,579
Governmental Activities Net Expense Business-Type Activities Net Expense Total Primary Government Net Expense  General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position Governmental Activities: Taxes: Ad Valorem Franchise Taxes Utility Taxes Communication Services Tax Half-Cent Sales Tax Local Option Gas Tax Infrastructure Tax State Excise Taxes - Public Safety Other Taxes	\$	157,790 (12,486,893) 6,782,693 1,436,506 1,547,618 953,055 804,287 528,570 1,186,900 358,195 96,408	\$	1,191,618 (11,162,002) 5,731,993 1,323,242 1,450,542 881,055 809,572 504,016 1,311,649 358,888 310,998	\$	484,661 (11,860,625) 5,322,729 1,270,726 1,342,740 895,727 742,897 498,890 1,430,997 353,945 226,667	\$	179,931 (12,536,479) 5,167,269 1,196,176 1,407,935 854,510 784,691 1,566,812 529,683 308,579 226,285
Governmental Activities Net Expense Business-Type Activities Net Expense Total Primary Government Net Expense  General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position Governmental Activities:  Taxes:  Ad Valorem Franchise Taxes Utility Taxes Communication Services Tax Half-Cent Sales Tax Local Option Gas Tax Infrastructure Tax State Excise Taxes - Public Safety Other Taxes State Revenue Sharing	\$	157,790 (12,486,893) 6,782,693 1,436,506 1,547,618 953,055 804,287 528,570 1,186,900 358,195 96,408 666,104	\$	1,191,618 (11,162,002) 5,731,993 1,323,242 1,450,542 881,055 809,572 504,016 1,311,649 358,888 310,998 668,568	\$	484,661 (11,860,625) 5,322,729 1,270,726 1,342,740 895,727 742,897 498,890 1,430,997 353,945 226,667 668,623	\$	179,931 (12,536,479) 5,167,269 1,196,176 1,407,935 854,510 784,691 1,566,812 529,683 308,579 226,285 610,486
Governmental Activities Net Expense Business-Type Activities Net Expense Total Primary Government Net Expense  General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position Governmental Activities: Taxes: Ad Valorem Franchise Taxes Utility Taxes Communication Services Tax Half-Cent Sales Tax Local Option Gas Tax Infrastructure Tax State Excise Taxes - Public Safety Other Taxes State Revenue Sharing Investment Income (Loss)	\$	157,790 (12,486,893) 6,782,693 1,436,506 1,547,618 953,055 804,287 528,570 1,186,900 358,195 96,408 666,104 125,127	\$	1,191,618 (11,162,002) 5,731,993 1,323,242 1,450,542 881,055 809,572 504,016 1,311,649 358,888 310,998 668,568 74,515	\$	484,661 (11,860,625) 5,322,729 1,270,726 1,342,740 895,727 742,897 498,890 1,430,997 353,945 226,667 668,623 86,018	\$	179,931 (12,536,479) 5,167,269 1,196,176 1,407,935 854,510 784,691 1,566,812 529,683 308,579 226,285 610,486 56,667
Governmental Activities Net Expense Business-Type Activities Net Expense Total Primary Government Net Expense  General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position Governmental Activities:  Taxes:  Ad Valorem Franchise Taxes Utility Taxes Communication Services Tax Half-Cent Sales Tax Local Option Gas Tax Infrastructure Tax State Excise Taxes - Public Safety Other Taxes State Revenue Sharing	\$	157,790 (12,486,893) 6,782,693 1,436,506 1,547,618 953,055 804,287 528,570 1,186,900 358,195 96,408 666,104	\$	1,191,618 (11,162,002) 5,731,993 1,323,242 1,450,542 881,055 809,572 504,016 1,311,649 358,888 310,998 668,568	\$	484,661 (11,860,625) 5,322,729 1,270,726 1,342,740 895,727 742,897 498,890 1,430,997 353,945 226,667 668,623	\$	179,931 (12,536,479) 5,167,269 1,196,176 1,407,935 854,510 784,691 1,566,812 529,683 308,579 226,285 610,486
Governmental Activities Net Expense Business-Type Activities Net Expense Total Primary Government Net Expense  General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position Governmental Activities:  Taxes:  Ad Valorem Franchise Taxes Utility Taxes Communication Services Tax Half-Cent Sales Tax Local Option Gas Tax Infrastructure Tax State Excise Taxes - Public Safety Other Taxes State Revenue Sharing Investment Income (Loss) Miscellaneous Total Governmental Activities	\$	157,790 (12,486,893) 6,782,693 1,436,506 1,547,618 953,055 804,287 528,570 1,186,900 358,195 96,408 666,104 125,127 52,243	\$	1,191,618 (11,162,002) 5,731,993 1,323,242 1,450,542 881,055 809,572 504,016 1,311,649 358,888 310,998 668,568 74,515 55,767	\$	484,661 (11,860,625) 5,322,729 1,270,726 1,342,740 895,727 742,897 498,890 1,430,997 353,945 226,667 668,623 86,018 99,171	\$	179,931 (12,536,479) 5,167,269 1,196,176 1,407,935 854,510 784,691 1,566,812 529,683 308,579 226,285 610,486 56,667 258,804
Governmental Activities Net Expense Business-Type Activities Net Expense Total Primary Government Net Expense  General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position Governmental Activities:  Taxes:  Ad Valorem Franchise Taxes Utility Taxes Communication Services Tax Half-Cent Sales Tax Local Option Gas Tax Infrastructure Tax State Excise Taxes - Public Safety Other Taxes State Revenue Sharing Investment Income (Loss) Miscellaneous Total Governmental Activities  Business-Type Activities:	\$	157,790 (12,486,893) 6,782,693 1,436,506 1,547,618 953,055 804,287 528,570 1,186,900 358,195 96,408 666,104 125,127 52,243	\$	1,191,618 (11,162,002) 5,731,993 1,323,242 1,450,542 881,055 809,572 504,016 1,311,649 358,888 310,998 668,568 74,515 55,767	\$	484,661 (11,860,625) 5,322,729 1,270,726 1,342,740 895,727 742,897 498,890 1,430,997 353,945 226,667 668,623 86,018 99,171	\$	179,931 (12,536,479) 5,167,269 1,196,176 1,407,935 854,510 784,691 1,566,812 529,683 308,579 226,285 610,486 56,667 258,804
Governmental Activities Net Expense Business-Type Activities Net Expense	\$	157,790 (12,486,893) 6,782,693 1,436,506 1,547,618 953,055 804,287 528,570 1,186,900 358,195 96,408 666,104 125,127 52,243 14,537,706	\$	1,191,618 (11,162,002) 5,731,993 1,323,242 1,450,542 881,055 809,572 504,016 1,311,649 358,888 310,998 668,568 74,515 55,767	\$	484,661 (11,860,625) 5,322,729 1,270,726 1,342,740 895,727 742,897 498,890 1,430,997 353,945 226,667 668,623 86,018 99,171 12,939,130	\$	179,931 (12,536,479) 5,167,269 1,196,176 1,407,935 854,510 784,691 1,566,812 529,683 308,579 226,285 610,486 56,667 258,804 12,967,897
Governmental Activities Net Expense Business-Type Activities Net Expense Total Primary Government Net Expense General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position Governmental Activities: Taxes: Ad Valorem Franchise Taxes Utility Taxes Communication Services Tax Half-Cent Sales Tax Local Option Gas Tax Infrastructure Tax State Excise Taxes - Public Safety Other Taxes State Revenue Sharing Investment Income (Loss) Miscellaneous Total Governmental Activities  Business-Type Activities: Local Option Gas Tax Impact Fees (w/Charges for Svcs Water & Sewer - 2015)	\$	157,790 (12,486,893) 6,782,693 1,436,506 1,547,618 953,055 804,287 528,570 1,186,900 358,195 96,408 666,104 125,127 52,243 14,537,706	\$	1,191,618 (11,162,002) 5,731,993 1,323,242 1,450,542 881,055 809,572 504,016 1,311,649 358,888 310,998 668,568 74,515 55,767 13,480,805	\$	484,661 (11,860,625) 5,322,729 1,270,726 1,342,740 895,727 742,897 498,890 1,430,997 353,945 226,667 668,623 86,018 99,171 12,939,130	\$	179,931 (12,536,479) 5,167,269 1,196,176 1,407,935 854,510 784,691 1,566,812 529,683 308,579 226,285 610,486 56,667 258,804 12,967,897
Governmental Activities Net Expense Business-Type Activities Net Expense Total Primary Government Net Expense  General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position Governmental Activities:  Taxes:  Ad Valorem Franchise Taxes Utility Taxes Communication Services Tax Half-Cent Sales Tax Local Option Gas Tax Infrastructure Tax State Excise Taxes - Public Safety Other Taxes State Revenue Sharing Investment Income (Loss) Miscellaneous Total Governmental Activities  Business-Type Activities: Local Option Gas Tax Impact Fees (w/Charges for Svcs Water & Sewer - 2015) Investment Income	\$	157,790 (12,486,893) 6,782,693 1,436,506 1,547,618 953,055 804,287 528,570 1,186,900 358,195 96,408 666,104 125,127 52,243 14,537,706	\$	1,191,618 (11,162,002) 5,731,993 1,323,242 1,450,542 881,055 809,572 504,016 1,311,649 358,888 310,998 668,568 74,515 55,767 13,480,805	\$	484,661 (11,860,625) 5,322,729 1,270,726 1,342,740 895,727 742,897 498,890 1,430,997 353,945 226,667 668,623 86,018 99,171 12,939,130	\$	179,931 (12,536,479) 5,167,269 1,196,176 1,407,935 854,510 784,691 1,566,812 529,683 308,579 226,285 610,486 56,667 258,804 12,967,897
Governmental Activities Net Expense Business-Type Activities Net Expense Total Primary Government Net Expense  General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position Governmental Activities:  Taxes:  Ad Valorem Franchise Taxes Utility Taxes Communication Services Tax Half-Cent Sales Tax Local Option Gas Tax Infrastructure Tax State Excise Taxes - Public Safety Other Taxes State Revenue Sharing Investment Income (Loss) Miscellaneous Total Governmental Activities  Business-Type Activities: Local Option Gas Tax Impact Fees (w/Charges for Svcs Water & Sewer - 2015) Investment Income Miscellaneous	\$	157,790 (12,486,893) 6,782,693 1,436,506 1,547,618 953,055 804,287 528,570 1,186,900 358,195 96,408 666,104 125,127 52,243 14,537,706	\$	1,191,618 (11,162,002) 5,731,993 1,323,242 1,450,542 881,055 809,572 504,016 1,311,649 358,888 310,998 668,568 74,515 55,767 13,480,805	\$	484,661 (11,860,625) 5,322,729 1,270,726 1,342,740 895,727 742,897 498,890 1,430,997 353,945 226,667 668,623 86,018 99,171 12,939,130	\$	179,931 (12,536,479) 5,167,269 1,196,176 1,407,935 854,510 784,691 1,566,812 529,683 308,579 226,285 610,486 56,667 258,804 12,967,897
Governmental Activities Net Expense Business-Type Activities Net Expense Total Primary Government Net Expense General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position Governmental Activities: Taxes: Ad Valorem Franchise Taxes Utility Taxes Communication Services Tax Half-Cent Sales Tax Local Option Gas Tax Infrastructure Tax State Excise Taxes - Public Safety Other Taxes State Revenue Sharing Investment Income (Loss) Miscellaneous Total Governmental Activities  Business-Type Activities: Local Option Gas Tax Impact Fees (w/Charges for Svcs Water & Sewer - 2015) Investment Income Miscellaneous Total Business-Type Activities	\$	157,790 (12,486,893) 6,782,693 1,436,506 1,547,618 953,055 804,287 528,570 1,186,900 358,195 96,408 666,104 125,127 52,243 14,537,706	\$	1,191,618 (11,162,002) 5,731,993 1,323,242 1,450,542 881,055 809,572 504,016 1,311,649 358,888 310,998 668,568 74,515 55,767 13,480,805	\$	484,661 (11,860,625) 5,322,729 1,270,726 1,342,740 895,727 742,897 498,890 1,430,997 353,945 226,667 668,623 86,018 99,171 12,939,130	\$	179,931 (12,536,479) 5,167,269 1,196,176 1,407,935 854,510 784,691 1,566,812 529,683 308,579 226,285 610,486 56,667 258,804 12,967,897
Governmental Activities Net Expense Business-Type Activities Net Expense Total Primary Government Net Expense General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position Governmental Activities: Taxes: Ad Valorem Franchise Taxes Utility Taxes Communication Services Tax Half-Cent Sales Tax Local Option Gas Tax Infrastructure Tax State Excise Taxes - Public Safety Other Taxes State Revenue Sharing Investment Income (Loss) Miscellaneous Total Governmental Activities  Business-Type Activities: Local Option Gas Tax Impact Fees (w/Charges for Svcs Water & Sewer - 2015) Investment Income Miscellaneous Total Business-Type Activities Special Item:	\$	157,790 (12,486,893) 6,782,693 1,436,506 1,547,618 953,055 804,287 528,570 1,186,900 358,195 96,408 666,104 125,127 52,243 14,537,706	\$	1,191,618 (11,162,002) 5,731,993 1,323,242 1,450,542 881,055 809,572 504,016 1,311,649 358,888 310,998 668,568 74,515 55,767 13,480,805	\$	484,661 (11,860,625) 5,322,729 1,270,726 1,342,740 895,727 742,897 498,890 1,430,997 353,945 226,667 668,623 86,018 99,171 12,939,130	\$	179,931 (12,536,479) 5,167,269 1,196,176 1,407,935 854,510 784,691 1,566,812 529,683 308,579 226,285 610,486 56,667 258,804 12,967,897
Governmental Activities Net Expense Business-Type Activities Net Expense Total Primary Government Net Expense General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position Governmental Activities: Taxes: Ad Valorem Franchise Taxes Utility Taxes Communication Services Tax Half-Cent Sales Tax Local Option Gas Tax Infrastructure Tax State Excise Taxes - Public Safety Other Taxes State Revenue Sharing Investment Income (Loss) Miscellaneous Total Governmental Activities  Business-Type Activities: Local Option Gas Tax Impact Fees (w/Charges for Svcs Water & Sewer - 2015) Investment Income Miscellaneous Total Business-Type Activities	\$	157,790 (12,486,893) 6,782,693 1,436,506 1,547,618 953,055 804,287 528,570 1,186,900 358,195 96,408 666,104 125,127 52,243 14,537,706	\$	1,191,618 (11,162,002) 5,731,993 1,323,242 1,450,542 881,055 809,572 504,016 1,311,649 358,888 310,998 668,568 74,515 55,767 13,480,805	\$	484,661 (11,860,625) 5,322,729 1,270,726 1,342,740 895,727 742,897 498,890 1,430,997 353,945 226,667 668,623 86,018 99,171 12,939,130	\$	179,931 (12,536,479) 5,167,269 1,196,176 1,407,935 854,510 784,691 1,566,812 529,683 308,579 226,285 610,486 56,667 258,804 12,967,897
Governmental Activities Net Expense Business-Type Activities Net Expense Total Primary Government Net Expense General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position Governmental Activities: Taxes: Ad Valorem Franchise Taxes Utility Taxes Communication Services Tax Half-Cent Sales Tax Local Option Gas Tax Infrastructure Tax State Excise Taxes - Public Safety Other Taxes State Revenue Sharing Investment Income (Loss) Miscellaneous Total Governmental Activities  Business-Type Activities: Local Option Gas Tax Impact Fees (w/Charges for Svcs Water & Sewer - 2015) Investment Income Miscellaneous Total Business-Type Activities Special Item: Loss from Sale of Property Held for Resale Total Primary Government	\$	157,790 (12,486,893) 6,782,693 1,436,506 1,547,618 953,055 804,287 528,570 1,186,900 358,195 96,408 666,104 125,127 52,243 14,537,706	\$	1,191,618 (11,162,002) 5,731,993 1,323,242 1,450,542 881,055 809,572 504,016 1,311,649 358,888 310,998 668,568 74,515 55,767 13,480,805	\$	484,661 (11,860,625) 5,322,729 1,270,726 1,342,740 895,727 742,897 498,890 1,430,997 353,945 226,667 668,623 86,018 99,171 12,939,130	\$	179,931 (12,536,479) 5,167,269 1,196,176 1,407,935 854,510 784,691 1,566,812 529,683 308,579 226,285 610,486 56,667 258,804 12,967,897
Governmental Activities Net Expense Business-Type Activities Net Expense Total Primary Government Net Expense General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position Governmental Activities: Taxes: Ad Valorem Franchise Taxes Utility Taxes Communication Services Tax Half-Cent Sales Tax Local Option Gas Tax Infrastructure Tax State Excise Taxes - Public Safety Other Taxes State Revenue Sharing Investment Income (Loss) Miscellaneous Total Governmental Activities  Business-Type Activities: Local Option Gas Tax Impact Fees (w/Charges for Svcs Water & Sewer - 2015) Investment Income Miscellaneous Total Business-Type Activities Special Item: Loss from Sale of Property Held for Resale	\$	157,790 (12,486,893) 6,782,693 1,436,506 1,547,618 953,055 804,287 528,570 1,186,900 358,195 96,408 666,104 125,127 52,243 14,537,706	\$	1,191,618 (11,162,002) 5,731,993 1,323,242 1,450,542 881,055 809,572 504,016 1,311,649 358,888 310,998 668,568 74,515 55,767 13,480,805	\$	484,661 (11,860,625) 5,322,729 1,270,726 1,342,740 895,727 742,897 498,890 1,430,997 353,945 226,667 668,623 86,018 99,171 12,939,130	\$	179,931 (12,536,479) 5,167,269 1,196,176 1,407,935 854,510 784,691 1,566,812 529,683 308,579 226,285 610,486 56,667 258,804 12,967,897
Governmental Activities Net Expense Business-Type Activities Net Expense Total Primary Government Net Expense  General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position Governmental Activities:  Taxes:  Ad Valorem Franchise Taxes Utility Taxes Communication Services Tax Half-Cent Sales Tax Local Option Gas Tax Infrastructure Tax State Excise Taxes - Public Safety Other Taxes State Revenue Sharing Investment Income (Loss) Miscellaneous Total Governmental Activities  Business-Type Activities: Local Option Gas Tax Impact Fees (w/Charges for Svcs Water & Sewer - 2015) Investment Income Miscellaneous Total Business-Type Activities Special Item: Loss from Sale of Property Held for Resale Total Primary Government  Change in Net Position (Excluding Transfers)	\$	157,790 (12,486,893) 6,782,693 1,436,506 1,547,618 953,055 804,287 528,570 1,186,900 358,195 96,408 666,104 125,127 52,243 14,537,706	\$	1,191,618 (11,162,002) 5,731,993 1,323,242 1,450,542 881,055 809,572 504,016 1,311,649 358,888 310,998 668,568 74,515 55,767 13,480,805	\$	484,661 (11,860,625) 5,322,729 1,270,726 1,342,740 895,727 742,897 498,890 1,430,997 353,945 226,667 668,623 86,018 99,171 12,939,130 	\$	179,931 (12,536,479) 5,167,269 1,196,176 1,407,935 854,510 784,691 1,566,812 529,683 308,579 226,285 610,486 56,667 258,804 12,967,897
Governmental Activities Net Expense Business-Type Activities Net Expense Total Primary Government Net Expense General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position Governmental Activities: Taxes: Ad Valorem Franchise Taxes Utility Taxes Communication Services Tax Half-Cent Sales Tax Local Option Gas Tax Infrastructure Tax State Excise Taxes - Public Safety Other Taxes State Revenue Sharing Investment Income (Loss) Miscellaneous Total Governmental Activities  Business-Type Activities: Local Option Gas Tax Impact Fees (w/Charges for Svcs Water & Sewer - 2015) Investment Income Miscellaneous Total Business-Type Activities Special Item: Loss from Sale of Property Held for Resale Total Primary Government  Change in Net Position (Excluding Transfers) Governmental Activities	\$	157,790 (12,486,893) 6,782,693 1,436,506 1,547,618 953,055 804,287 528,570 1,186,900 358,195 96,408 666,104 125,127 52,243 14,537,706	\$	1,191,618 (11,162,002) 5,731,993 1,323,242 1,450,542 881,055 809,572 504,016 1,311,649 358,888 310,998 668,568 74,515 55,767 13,480,805	\$	484,661 (11,860,625) 5,322,729 1,270,726 1,342,740 895,727 742,897 498,890 1,430,997 353,945 226,667 668,623 86,018 99,171 12,939,130 	\$	179,931 (12,536,479) 5,167,269 1,196,176 1,407,935 854,510 784,691 1,566,812 529,683 308,579 226,285 610,486 56,667 258,804 12,967,897

## CITY OF NEW PORT RICHEY, FLORIDA CHANGES IN NET POSITION – LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

_	2014		2015		2016		2017		2018		2019
•	0.057.000	•	0.040.770	•	4 0 4 7 4 0 0	•	5.055.570	•	5 400 740	•	5 454 070
\$	3,857,622 7,678,826	\$	3,948,776 7,501,095	\$	4,847,183 11,181,310	\$	5,255,579 9,867,703	\$	5,122,749 10,713,611	\$	5,451,679 6,542,323
	2,533,260		2,525,824		2,765,677		2,959,339		3,004,870		3,021,911
	3,487,705		3,472,055		3,227,168		3,422,156		3,524,029		3,603,000
	710,587		416,559		393,825		282,297		260,118		244,708
	18,268,000		17,864,309		22,415,163		21,787,074		22,625,377		18,863,621
	9,491,918		9,798,540		8,907,807		8,459,773		8,336,216		9,422,740
	837,742		653,911		856,625		675,874		838,209		519,701
_	10,329,660	_	10,452,451	_	9,764,432	_	9,135,647	_	9,174,425	_	9,942,441
\$	28,597,660	\$	28,316,760	\$	32,179,595	\$	30,922,721	\$	31,799,802	\$	28,806,062
\$	3,738,052	\$	2,055,286	\$	4,147,705	\$	2,509,117	\$	3,033,865	\$	2,951,834
	532,867 36,716		360,868 394,107		163,610 408,267		213,985		305,586 42,826		289,751 43,569
	488,520		474,779		537,423		38,559 518,803		573,822		679,942
	407,632		371,365		619,432		935,042		1,015,975		721,346
	71,034		331,170		8,953		140,457		189,541		393,313
	5,274,821		3,987,575		5,885,390		4,355,963		5,161,615		5,079,755
	0.970.336		10 242 280		12 617 220		12,643,966		12 426 192		14 157 007
	9,879,326 992,663		10,343,289 951,875		12,617,220 967,878		1,005,880		13,436,183 1,058,148		14,157,097 1,092,225
	-		-		-		55,337		-		30,000
	10,871,989		11,295,164		13,585,098		13,705,183		14,494,331		15,279,322
\$	16,146,810	\$	15,282,739	\$	19,470,488	\$	18,061,146	\$	19,655,946	\$	20,359,077
\$	(12,993,179)	\$	(13,876,734)	\$	(16,529,773)	\$	(17,431,111)	\$	(17,463,762)	\$	(13,783,866)
_	542,329	_	842,713	_	3,820,666	_	4,569,536	_	5,319,906	_	5,336,881
\$	(12,450,850)	\$	(13,034,021)	\$	(12,709,107)	\$	(12,861,575)	\$	(12,143,856)	\$	(8,446,985)
\$	4,971,732	\$	5,067,125	\$	5,133,835	\$	5,242,171	\$	5,514,362	\$	6,089,939
	1,317,052		1,247,460		1,174,076		1,242,978		1,301,335		1,437,438
	1,494,804		1,352,119		1,375,391		1,388,523		1,455,309		1,546,129
	704,995		656,780		651,949		655,342		674,449		647,355
	813,673				054 707		001 011				
	522 565		882,574 654 244		954,797 742 954		991,044 773 264		1,050,889 811 384		1,085,454 833 547
	522,565 1.673,113		654,244		742,954		773,264		811,384		833,547
	1,673,113		,				773,264 2,713,655				
			654,244 2,036,452		742,954 2,248,051		773,264		811,384 2,904,945		833,547 3,103,243
	1,673,113 293,365		654,244 2,036,452		742,954 2,248,051		773,264 2,713,655		811,384 2,904,945		833,547 3,103,243
	1,673,113 293,365 239,135		654,244 2,036,452 300,040		742,954 2,248,051 321,892		773,264 2,713,655 343,262		811,384 2,904,945 352,072		833,547 3,103,243 329,121
	1,673,113 293,365 239,135 723,724 24,713 (9,794)		654,244 2,036,452 300,040 - 818,358 64,671 213,901		742,954 2,248,051 321,892 - 783,876 66,403 134,233		773,264 2,713,655 343,262 - 803,173 (732,379) 158,389		811,384 2,904,945 352,072 - 799,436 (339,826) 736,011		833,547 3,103,243 329,121 - 823,034 14,577 822,001
	1,673,113 293,365 239,135 723,724 24,713		654,244 2,036,452 300,040 - 818,358 64,671		742,954 2,248,051 321,892 - 783,876 66,403		773,264 2,713,655 343,262 - 803,173 (732,379)		811,384 2,904,945 352,072 - 799,436 (339,826)		833,547 3,103,243 329,121 - 823,034 14,577
	1,673,113 293,365 239,135 723,724 24,713 (9,794)		654,244 2,036,452 300,040 - 818,358 64,671 213,901		742,954 2,248,051 321,892 - 783,876 66,403 134,233		773,264 2,713,655 343,262 - 803,173 (732,379) 158,389		811,384 2,904,945 352,072 - 799,436 (339,826) 736,011		833,547 3,103,243 329,121 - 823,034 14,577 822,001
_	1,673,113 293,365 239,135 723,724 24,713 (9,794) 12,769,077		654,244 2,036,452 300,040 818,358 64,671 213,901 13,293,724		742,954 2,248,051 321,892 - 783,876 66,403 134,233 13,587,457		773,264 2,713,655 343,262 - 803,173 (732,379) 158,389 13,579,422		811,384 2,904,945 352,072 - 799,436 (339,826) 736,011		833,547 3,103,243 329,121 - 823,034 14,577 822,001 16,731,838
	1,673,113 293,365 239,135 723,724 24,713 (9,794)		654,244 2,036,452 300,040 - 818,358 64,671 213,901		742,954 2,248,051 321,892 - 783,876 66,403 134,233		773,264 2,713,655 343,262 - 803,173 (732,379) 158,389		811,384 2,904,945 352,072 - 799,436 (339,826) 736,011 15,260,366		833,547 3,103,243 329,121 - 823,034 14,577 822,001
_	1,673,113 293,365 239,135 723,724 24,713 (9,794) 12,769,077	_	654,244 2,036,452 300,040 - 818,358 64,671 213,901 13,293,724		742,954 2,248,051 321,892 - 783,876 66,403 134,233 13,587,457		773,264 2,713,655 343,262 - 803,173 (732,379) 158,389 13,579,422 - 409,836		811,384 2,904,945 352,072 - 799,436 (339,826) 736,011 15,260,366	_	833,547 3,103,243 329,121 823,034 14,577 822,001 16,731,838
	1,673,113 293,365 239,135 723,724 24,713 (9,794) 12,769,077		654,244 2,036,452 300,040 818,358 64,671 213,901 13,293,724 - 437,135 114,515 551,650		742,954 2,248,051 321,892 - 783,876 66,403 134,233 13,587,457 - 433,761 24,693 458,454		773,264 2,713,655 343,262 - 803,173 (732,379) 158,389 13,579,422 - 409,836 124,065 533,901		811,384 2,904,945 352,072 - 799,436 (339,826) 736,011 15,260,366 - - 421,809 17,357 439,166		833,547 3,103,243 329,121 - 823,034 14,577 822,001 16,731,838
\$	1,673,113 293,365 239,135 723,724 24,713 (9,794) 12,769,077	\$	654,244 2,036,452 300,040 - 818,358 64,671 213,901 13,293,724	\$	742,954 2,248,051 321,892 - 783,876 66,403 134,233 13,587,457 - 433,761 24,693	\$	773,264 2,713,655 343,262 - 803,173 (732,379) 158,389 13,579,422 - 409,836 124,065	\$	811,384 2,904,945 352,072 - 799,436 (339,826) 736,011 15,260,366	\$	833,547 3,103,243 329,121 - 823,034 14,577 822,001 16,731,838
\$	1,673,113 293,365 239,135 723,724 24,713 (9,794) 12,769,077 - 465,495 222,172 687,667 - 13,456,744	\$	654,244 2,036,452 300,040 - 818,358 64,671 213,901 13,293,724 - 437,135 114,515 551,650 - 13,845,374 (583,010)	\$	742,954 2,248,051 321,892 - 783,876 66,403 134,233 13,587,457 - 433,761 24,693 458,454 - 14,045,911 (2,942,316)	\$	773,264 2,713,655 343,262 - 803,173 (732,379) 158,389 13,579,422 - 409,836 124,065 533,901 - 14,113,323	\$	811,384 2,904,945 352,072 - 799,436 (339,826) 736,011 15,260,366 - 421,809 17,357 439,166 - 15,699,532	\$	833,547 3,103,243 329,121 - 823,034 14,577 822,001 16,731,838 - 488,250 19,734 507,984
	1,673,113 293,365 239,135 723,724 24,713 (9,794) 12,769,077 - 465,495 222,172 687,667		654,244 2,036,452 300,040 - 818,358 64,671 213,901 13,293,724 - 437,135 114,515 551,650		742,954 2,248,051 321,892 - 783,876 66,403 134,233 13,587,457 - 433,761 24,693 458,454 - 14,045,911		773,264 2,713,655 343,262 - 803,173 (732,379) 158,389 13,579,422 - 409,836 124,065 533,901 - 14,113,323		811,384 2,904,945 352,072 - 799,436 (339,826) 736,011 15,260,366 - 421,809 17,357 439,166		833,547 3,103,243 329,121 - 823,034 14,577 822,001 16,731,838 - 488,250 19,734 507,984

#### CITY OF NEW PORT RICHEY, FLORIDA FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS – LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	2010		2011	2012	2013		
General Fund:							
Nonspendable	\$	122,878	\$ 36,082	\$ 20,309	\$	24,064	
Restricted		179,333	152,831	82,336		110,734	
Committed		975,933	635,822	949,847		975,529	
Assigned		-	643,925	56,060		242,530	
Unassigned		3,986,510	 3,937,179	 4,391,831		5,485,728	
Total General Fund	\$	5,264,654	\$ 5,405,839	\$ 5,500,383	\$	6,838,585	
All Other Governmental Funds:							
Nonspendable	\$	3,217,840	\$ 3,206,723	\$ 3,206,723	\$	3,206,723	
Restricted		3,675,384	4,217,324	3,737,426		4,542,273	
Assigned to:							
Redevelopment		1,647,685	1,004,950	289,074		-	
Street Improvement		1,429,713	1,318,441	1,974,567		2,580,844	
Debt Service		139,083	137,109	130,682		145,272	
Capital Project Fund		5,204	12,701	10,057		41,175	
Other Gov. Fund		-	-	_		-	
Unassigned (Deficit)						(524,660)	
Total All Other Governmental Funds	\$	10,114,909	\$ 9,897,248	\$ 9,348,529	\$	9,991,627	

#### CITY OF NEW PORT RICHEY, FLORIDA FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS – LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (CONTINUED) SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

 2014	2015	2016		2017		 2018	2019
\$ 7,434,660 38,553 2,956,553	\$ 9,097,360 102,155 2,655,554	\$	8,904,744 101,335 3,025,008	\$	8,896,577 76,138 3,267,511	\$ 8,930,785 34,782 2,885,848	\$ 8,914,550 66,760 2,319,371
948,890	111,242		28,642		31,605	70,068	72,131
 1,811,805	 519,195		62,770		630,060	 272,055	 282,561
\$ 13,190,461	\$ 12,485,506	\$	12,122,499	\$	12,901,891	\$ 12,193,538	\$ 11,655,373
\$ 3,241,550	\$ - 8,677,376	\$	- 6,097,506	\$	- 5,921,141	\$ - 4,741,199	\$ - 4,377,366
-	-		-		-	-	-
3,116,725	-		-		-	-	-
268,111	-		-		-	-	-
4,908,443	-		-		-	-	-
124,590	-		-		-	-	-
 (7,421,423)	(4,990,418)		(4,988,425)		(5,760,694)	 (5,015,890)	 (6,849,712)
\$ 4,237,996	\$ 3,686,958	\$	1,109,081	\$	160,447	\$ (274,691)	\$ (2,472,346)

## CITY OF NEW PORT RICHEY, FLORIDA CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS – LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	2010	2011	2012	2013
Revenues				
Taxes	\$ 12,435,341	\$ 11,202,497	\$ 10,761,809	\$ 11,125,287
Licenses and Permits	316,072	349,795	176,377	441,144
Intergovernmental Revenue	2,744,562	2,605,456	2,114,752	2,199,275
Charges for Services	4,393,928	2,983,696	3,349,502	3,139,900
Fines and Forfeitures	193,888	276,388	987,780	716,261
Investment Income (Loss)	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous Revenue	405,646	270,916	313,889	402,420
Total Revenues	20,489,437	17,688,748	17,704,109	18,024,287
Expenditures				
General Government	3,077,625	3,037,032	3,250,608	2,269,718
Public Safety	8,661,533	7,427,937	7,219,904	7,504,941
Public Works	1,356,920	846,131	812,689	1,321,383
Culture and Recreation	2,192,716	2,070,964	2,051,818	2,044,045
Capital Outlay	2,139,263	1,974,584	2,441,273	1,036,969
Debt Service:	_, ,	1,011,001	_, ,	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Principal Retirement	988,766	1,317,791	1,331,929	1,484,865
Interest and Fiscal Charges	859,365	1,099,006	1,067,039	902,460
Total Expenditures	19,276,188	17,773,445	18,175,260	16,564,381
70101 27401101100	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	,		. 5,55 .,55 .
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	1,213,249	(84,697)	(471,151)	1,459,906
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Proceeds from Borrowing	7,000,000	-	-	-
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets	11,205	8,221	16,976	-
Gain (Loss) from Sale of Properties Held				
for Resale	-	-	-	-
Proceeds from Issuance of Refunded Bonds	-	-	6,449,269	-
Redemption of Refunded Debt	(7,000,000)	-	(6,449,269)	-
Proceeds from Insurance	-	-	-	-
Transfers In	3,420,488	4,271,034	3,288,551	3,333,452
Transfers Out	(3,420,488)	(4,271,034)	(3,288,551)	(2,812,058)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	11,205	8,221	16,976	521,394
Net Change in Fund Balances	1,224,454	(76,476)	(454,175)	1,981,300
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	14,155,109	15,379,563	15,303,087	14,848,912
Prior Period Adjustment	ф. 45 070 500		<u>+</u> 44.040.040	<u>+ 40,000,040</u>
Fund Balances - End of Year	\$ 15,379,563	\$ 15,303,087	\$ 14,848,912	\$ 16,830,212
Debt Service as a Percentage				
of Noncapital Expenditures	10.8%	15.3%	15.2%	15.4%

# CITY OF NEW PORT RICHEY, FLORIDA CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS – LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
\$ 11,090,929	\$ 11,353,527	\$ 11,673,019	\$ 11,982,392	\$ 12,626,315	\$ 13,664,738
337,764	322,553	404,488	390,984	451,759	429,997
2,472,297	2,635,950	3,594,353	3,197,521	3,393,372	3,333,955
3,033,884	640,005	743,141	840,199	988,105	1,080,354
339,445	1,705,093	2,777,550	2,049,281	2,516,235	2,454,745
-	-	-	(750,039)	(360,956)	(6,037)
233,902	348,173	209,204	225,048	807,151	853,839
17,508,221	17,005,301	19,401,755	17,935,386	20,421,981	21,811,591
2,919,051	3,174,239	4,463,664	4,555,614	4,682,137	5,003,396
7,910,644	9,683,755	11,319,074	10,169,514	10,570,319	10,470,824
1,708,078	1,738,639	1,852,146	2,097,798	2,223,566	2,187,827
2,355,535	2,446,502	1,999,993	2,179,970	2,211,104	2,285,871
2,380,655	4,597,311	6,590,420	4,093,734	5,619,468	5,614,638
7,579,989	873,000	11,295,000	609,000	625,000	640,000
710,587	489,100	422,968	284,875	262,764	247,417
25,564,539	23,002,546	37,943,265	23,990,505	26,194,358	26,449,973
(8,056,318)	(5,997,245)	(18,541,510)	(6,055,119)	(5,772,377)	(4,638,382)
22,219	-	-	-	-	-
17,169,557	16,215	72,241	-	-	-
(8,572,040)	_	_	_	_	-
(0,072,010)	_	_	_	-	_
-	_	11,265,000	_	-	_
-	-	-	_	43,826	-
-	7,369,842	31,082,146	9,556,455	9,566,204	8,902,878
-	(3,195,862)	(26,818,762)	(4,320,335)	(4,868,504)	(4,655,948)
8,619,736	4,190,195	15,600,625	5,236,120	4,741,526	4,246,930
563,418	(1,807,050)	(2,940,885)	(818,999)	(1,030,851)	(391,452)
40,000,040	47 400 457	40 470 405	40 004 570	40,000,000	44 040 047
16,830,212	17,428,457	16,172,465	13,231,578	13,062,338	11,918,847
\$4,827	551,058 \$ 16,172,465	¢ 12 221 500	649,759	(112,640)	¢ 11.527.205
\$ 17,428,457	\$ 16,172,465	\$ 13,231,580	\$ 13,062,338	\$ 11,918,847	\$ 11,527,395
35.8%	7.4%	37.4%	4.5%	4.3%	4.3%

## CITY OF NEW PORT RICHEY, FLORIDA TAX REVENUES BY SOURCE, GENERAL FUND – LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

Fiscal Year Ended September 30,	A	Ad Valorem		Franchise Fees		nmunications ervice Tax	Total			
2019	\$	4,956,886	\$	1,437,438	\$	647,355	\$	7,041,679		
2018		4,673,607		1,301,335		674,449		6,649,391		
2017		4,561,087		1,242,978		655,342		6,459,407		
2016		4,476,414		1,174,076		651,949		6,302,439		
2015		4,510,864		1,247,460		656,780		6,415,104		
2014		4,482,608		1,317,052		704,995		6,504,655		
2013		4,661,075		1,196,176		854,510		6,711,761		
2012		4,538,889		1,270,726		895,727		6,705,342		
2011		4,730,981		1,323,242		881,055		6,935,278		
2010		5,396,402		1,436,507		953,055		7,785,964		

## CITY OF NEW PORT RICHEY, FLORIDA SPECIAL ASSESSMENT COLLECTIONS – LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

Fiscal	General Fund	Unassigned Fund Balance at Beginning of Year						
Year	Original Budget	Amount	% of Budget					
2019	\$ 22,350,160	\$ 282,561	1.3%					
2018	20,159,730	272,055	1.3%					
2017	19,628,645	630,060	3.2%					
2016	30,206,880	62,770	0.2%					
2015	20,229,720	519,195	2.6%					
2014	17,684,110	1,811,805	10.2%					
2013	16,637,400	4,391,831	26.4%					
2012	18,227,000	4,391,831	24.1%					
2011	16,084,690	3,937,179	24.5%					
2010	16,039,040	3,986,510	24.9%					

#### **Schedules of Revenue Capacity Information**

These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the City's most significant local revenue source – the property tax.

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## CITY OF NEW PORT RICHEY, FLORIDA ASSESSED VALUE AND JUST VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY – RECERTIFIED TAX ROLL – LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

Fiscal Year Ended September 30,	Just Value Residential Property		Just Value Commercial Property		Just Value overnmental Property	_	lust Value nstitutional Property	Just Value Real Property		
2019	\$ 50	6,297,081	\$	204,833,586	\$ 107,964,299	\$	44,352,309	\$	863,447,275	
2018	42	1,286,674		168,846,082	100,473,652		45,895,216		736,501,624	
2017	39	7,134,374		167,945,635	98,748,596		44,526,874		708,355,479	
2016	39	2,819,017		167,477,041	98,677,708		43,629,871		702,603,637	
2015	38	3,126,881		166,961,843	98,884,754		44,344,555		693,318,033	
2014	37	3,695,338		167,659,998	98,759,224		48,793,955		688,908,515	
2013	34	2,573,329		165,597,184	125,423,466		47,421,246		681,015,225	
2012	42	9,198,804		186,930,312	51,726,052		82,808,277		750,663,445	
2011	47	9,519,975		189,713,682	52,580,818		81,188,459		803,002,934	
2010	54	4,086,637		215,235,686	53,701,963		80,885,361		893,909,646	
2010	54	4,086,637		215,235,686	53,701,963		80,885,361		893,909,646	

Source: Pasco County Property Appraiser

## CITY OF NEW PORT RICHEY, FLORIDA ASSESSED VALUE AND JUST VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY – RECERTIFIED TAX ROLL – LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

Just Value ngible Personal Property Just Value		Just Value	Less: Tax-Exempt Property			Total Taxable Assessed Value	Total Direct Tax Rate
\$ 80,691,958	\$	944,139,233	\$	324,485,156	\$	619,654,077	8.9000
81,277,563		817,779,187		280,151,518		537,627,669	8.9950
83,348,562		791,704,041		277,412,531		514,291,510	9.1500
83,208,411		785,812,048		276,170,720		509,641,328	9.5000
82,418,764		775,736,797		286,808,517		488,928,280	9.5000
88,058,373		776,966,888		292,265,179		484,701,709	9.5799
99,623,513		780,638,738		279,198,147		501,440,591	9.5799
107,332,163		857,995,608		298,640,560		559,355,048	8.3877
112,965,547		915,968,481		314,969,172		600,999,309	8.1037
124,627,122		1,018,536,768		343,419,687		675,117,081	8.1037

### CITY OF NEW PORT RICHEY, FLORIDA DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING PROPERTY TAX RATES – LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

		F	Pasco County		Pa	asco County	School Board	
Fiscal Year	City	Operating	Mosquito Control	Total County - Operating	Operating	Capital Outlay	School Bond	Total School Board
2019	8.9000	7.6076	0.2034	7.8110	4.7790	1.5000	-	6.2790
2018	8.9950	7.6076	0.2154	7.8230	5.0650	1.5000	-	6.5650
2017	9.1500	7.6076	0.2254	7.8330	5.2777	1.5000	-	6.7777
2016	9.5000	7.6076	0.2336	7.8412	5.6090	1.5000	-	7.1090
2015	9.5000	7.3441	0.2400	7.5841	5.6490	1.5000	-	7.1490
2014	9.5799	7.3441	0.1620	7.5061	5.8570	1.5000	-	7.3570
2013	9.5799	6.8623	0.1630	7.0253	5.8410	1.5000	-	7.3410
2012	8.3877	6.3668	0.1920	6.5588	6.1440	1.5000	-	7.6440
2011	8.1037	6.3668	0.1989	6.5657	6.2670	1.5000	-	7.7670
2010	8.1037	6.3668	0.1883	6.5551	5.8400	1.5000	-	7.3400

Notes:

Source: Pasco County Property Appraiser

<sup>(1)</sup> The overall total includes the Florida Coastal Rivers Basin (and excludes the Pinellas Anclote River Basin) because it is the most predominant in the City.

<sup>(2)</sup> The City portion of property taxes is fully committed to operating expenditures.

## CITY OF NEW PORT RICHEY, FLORIDA DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING PROPERTY TAX RATES – LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

Southwest Florida Water Management District	Florida Coastal Rivers Basin	Pinellas Anclote River Basin	Total (1)
0.2955	-	-	23.2855
0.3131	-	-	24.7990
0.3317	-	-	24.7990
0.3488	-	-	24.7990
0.3658	-	-	24.5989
0.3818	-	-	24.8248
0.3928	-	-	24.3390
0.3928	-	-	22.9833
0.3770	0.1885	0.2600	23.0019
0.3866	0.1885	0.3200	22.5739

## CITY OF NEW PORT RICHEY, FLORIDA PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAX PAYERS – CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

			2010					
Taxpayer	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total City Taxable Assessed Value	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total City Taxable Assessed Value		
New Plan Florida Holdings LLC (Southgate Shopping Plaza)	\$ 15,825,641	1	2.77%					
Harbor View MHC LLC	12,084,752	2	2.10%					
Duke Energy	10,564,125	3	1.85%					
Sunshine Lake Estates MHC LLC	9,345,789	4	1.66%	\$ 6,209,329	7	0.74%		
Frontier Florida LLC	7,102,456	5	1.23%					
HCA Health Services of Florida	4,945,674	6	0.83%	18,946,085	1	2.81%		
Rajn Hotels LLC	3,818,794	7	0.71%					
Royal Five Hospitality Inc	3,398,074	8	0.52%					
Gilliss & Gilliss Inc	3,046,330	9	0.69%					
Orchard Ridge Realty LLC (Gulfcoast Harborside Health)	2,744,267	10	0.54%	3,502,200	8	0.52%		
Verizon Communications, Inc.				17,764,284	2	2.63%		
New Plan Realty Trust (Southgate Shopping Plaza)				11,406,637	3	1.69%		
Harborview Investors LLC (Harborview Trailer Park)				11,185,148	4	1.66%		
Florida Power Corporation				7,590,447	5	1.12%		
Mortan Plant Hospital Association, Inc.				6,558,035	6	0.97%		
Sweet Bay LLC Sima Hotels, Inc.				3,501,784	9	0.52%		
(Quality Inns & Suites)				3,501,126	10	0.52%		
	\$ 72,875,902		12.90%	\$ 90,165,075	=	13.18%		

Source: Pasco County Property Appraiser's Office

## CITY OF NEW PORT RICHEY, FLORIDA PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS – LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

Fiscal				Collected	within	the						
Year	Ta	axes Levied	Fiscal Year of the Levy			Su	bsequent		Total Collect	ions to	Date	
Ended		for the		Amount		Percentage		Year			Perc	entage
September 30,	F	iscal Year				f Levy	Co	Collections		Amount		of Levy
2019	\$	5,104,396	\$	4,939,351		96.77%	\$	\$ 17,535		4,956,886		97.11%
2018		4,865,530		4,431,108		91.07%		242,499		4,673,607		96.06%
2017		4,705,767		4,315,635		91.71%		245,452		4,561,087		96.93%
2016		4,754,168		4,284,165		90.11%		192,249		4,476,414		94.16%
2015		4,644,819		4,486,507		96.59%		24,357		4,510,864		97.12%
2014		4,643,394		4,473,225		96.34%		9,383		4,482,608		96.54%
2013		4,803,751		4,653,277		96.87%		7,788		4,661,065		97.03%
2012		4,683,698		4,537,813		96.89%		1,076		4,538,889		96.91%
2011		4,870,318		4,725,924		97.04%		5,057		4,730,981		97.14%
2010		5,470,946		5,282,446		96.55%		113,956		5,396,402		98.64%

Source: Pasco County Property Appraiser

#### **Schedules of Debt Capacity Information**

These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

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#### CITY OF NEW PORT RICHEY, FLORIDA RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE - LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

		Governmental Activities													
Fiscal Year	Revenue Note Series 2000	Capital Leases Payable	Redevelopmt. Bond Anticipation Note	Redevelopmt. Refunding Rev. Note Series 2005A	Redevelopmt. Revenue Note Series 2005B	Redevelopmt. Taxable Rev. Note Series 2006C	Redevelopmt. Taxable Rev. Note Series 2010	Redevelopmt. Ref Taxable Rev. Bond Series 2012	Redevelopmt. Revenue Note Series 2016						
2019	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 9,080,000						
2018	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9,720,000						
2017	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10,345,000						
2016	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10,954,000						
2015	-	-	-	5,497,000	5,487,000	-	-	-	-						
2014	-	-	-	5,934,000	5,923,000	-	-	-	-						
2013	673,522	-	-	6,354,000	6,342,000	-	-	6,067,466	-						
2012	983,068	-	-	6,757,000	6,745,000	-	-	6,436,786	-						
2011	1,275,780	-	-	7,144,000	7,132,000	-	6,702,003	-	-						
2010	1,552,574	-	-	7,516,000	7,503,000	-	7,000,000	-	-						

Notes:

Details regarding the city's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

N/A - Personal income data was not available.

The City has had no general obligation bonded debt in the last ten years.

The Constitution of the State of Florida, Florida Statute 200.181 and the Charter of the City of New Port Richey, Florida set no legal debt margin.

## CITY OF NEW PORT RICHEY, FLORIDA RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE – LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

Business-Type Activities														
	Revenue Bonds ries 1991	Revenue Bonds Series 19		Revenue Bonds Series 2007/		Revenue Bonds ries 2007B	Refunding Revenue Bond Series 2012		Revenue Bond eries 2017A	Capital Leases Payable	 Revenue Bond Series 2019	Total	Percentage of Personal Income	Per Capita
\$	-	\$	-	\$	- \$	-	\$ 5,226,248	\$	665,000	\$ 251,700	\$ 8,378,000	\$ 23,600,948	108.49%	1,473
	-		-		-	-	5,807,261		712,000	330,404	-	16,569,665	0.08%	1,045
	-		-		-	-	6,373,551		758,000	-	-	17,476,551	0.09%	1,075
	-		-		-	-	6,925,490		-	-	-	17,879,490	0.10%	1,106
	-		-		-	-	7,463,443		-	-	-	18,447,443	N/A	1,202
	-		-	654,15	0	-	7,463,443		-	-	-	19,974,593	0.12%	1,322
	-		-	1,280,550	0	-	7,463,443		-	-	-	28,180,981	0.18%	1,895
	-		-	1,883,36	0	-	7,463,443		-	-	-	30,268,657	0.20%	2,038
	-		-	2,461,79	0	7,530,000	-		-	-	-	32,245,573	0.21%	2,156
	-		-	3,015,09	0	7,675,000	-		-	-	-	34,261,664	0.24%	2,298

## CITY OF NEW PORT RICHEY, FLORIDA DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

Governmental Unit	Debt Outstanding	Estimated Percentage Applicable	Estimated Share of Overlapping Debt		
Overlapping Debt: Pasco County School Board (1)	\$ 548,107,984	2.30%	\$ 12,582,647		
City's Direct Debt			\$ 23,600,948		
Total Direct and Overlapping Debt			\$ 36,183,595		

Notes: (1) The City's share is calculated based on the ratio of the 2018 City Taxable Value of \$619,654,077 to the County's Taxable Value of \$26,992,520,000

Source: Pasco County School Board

## CITY OF NEW PORT RICHEY, FLORIDA PLEDGED REVENUE COVERAGE – LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	Public	Revenue Note, Series 2000			Tax	Increment	Redevelopment Revenue Notes					
Year	Service Tax	Principal	Interest	Coverage	R	Revenue		Principal		Interest	Coverage	
2019					\$ 2	2,471,163	\$	640,000	\$	246,888	0.13	
2018	-	-	-	-		1,834,839		625,000		254,826	0.13	
2017	-	-	-	-	,	1,546,795		609,000		284,875	0.13	
2016	-	-	-	-		1,468,482	1	1,295,000		422,968	0.13	
2015	-	-	-	-	,	1,275,820	1	1,295,000		422,968	0.11	
2014	1,356,940	673,522	44,098	1.89	,	1,121,409		7,037,359		535,596	0.15	
2013	1,277,872	309,546	47,586	3.58	,	1,215,412		1,175,319		854,874	0.60	
2012	1,210,723	292,712	64,906	3.39		1,816,481		1,084,717		856,634	0.94	
2011	1,327,868	276,794	81,285	3.71	2	2,275,106		1,040,997		1,017,722	1.11	
2010	1,432,186	261,741	96,773	3.99	(	3,150,770		714,000		726,481	2.19	

Note: The revenue bonds are secured by non ad-valorem revenues.

## CITY OF NEW PORT RICHEY, FLORIDA PLEDGED REVENUE COVERAGE – LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

		Less:									
Utility	Less:	Renewal and	Net	Revenue Bonds							
Service	Operating	Replacement	Available		Series 2	eries 2012, 2017A, and 2019					
Charges	Charges Expenses		Revenue		Principal		Interest	Coverage			
				\$	973,013	\$	263,865				
-	-	-	-		612,290		184,810	-			
-	-	-	-		580,939		192,800	-			
-	-	-	-		537,953		194,050	-			
-	-	-	-		654,150		222,113	-			
-	-	-	-		626,400		248,914	-			
12,802,058	8,869,172	-	3,932,886		602,810		274,639	4.48			
11,963,671	8,931,134	-	3,032,537		684,488		376,012	2.86			
11,901,282	8,260,388	-	3,640,894		698,300		424,772	3.24			
11,477,117	8,768,895	-	2,708,222		671,020		453,006	2.41			

#### **Schedules of Demographic and Economic Information**

These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place.

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### CITY OF NEW PORT RICHEY, FLORIDA DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS – LAST TEN CALENDAR YEARS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	City	Pasco County								
		Per Capita								
				Personal		Personal	Median	School	Unemployment	
Year	Population(1)	Population (1)	_	Income (2)		ncome (2)	Age (2)	Enrollment (3)	Rate (4)	
2019	16,027	527,122	\$	21,754,119	\$	41,270	43.6	74,324	3.80%	
2018	15,863	515,077		20,453,361,000		39,710	44.2	73,645	4.40%	
2017	15,764	505,709		19,000,369,000		37,572	44.2	72,493	5.20%	
2016	15,619	495,868		18,017,635,000		36,336	44.1	69,813	5.10%	
2015	15,351	487,588		N/A		N/A	N/A	68,116	6.1%	
2014	15,107	479,340		16,478,279,000		33,953	44.1	68,904	7.1%	
2013	14,868	473,566		15,679,803,000		32,975	43.8	68,107	8.6%	
2012	14,849	468,562		15,209,746,000		32,318	43.8	67,151	10.5%	
2011	14,959	466,533		15,157,188,000		32,479	43.7	66,657	12.4%	
2010	14,911	464,697		14,405,709,000		30,944	43.6	66,994	13.3%	

N/A - Not Available

#### Sources:

- (1) Bureau of Economic and Business Research
- (2) Bureau of Economic and Business Research-Florida Statistical Abstract
- (3) Florida Department of Education
- (4) Florida Department of Economic Opportunity

## CITY OF NEW PORT RICHEY, FLORIDA PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS – CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

		2019			2010	
Employer	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total City Employment (1)	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total City Employment (1)
North Bay Hospital/Morton Plant	814	1	10.92%	500	3	5.94%
Baycare Behavioral Health, Inc.	329	2	5.04%			
Madison Pointe Rehab & Health	174	3	2.61%	125	10	1.49%
Orchard Ridge Nursing Center	152	4	2.40%	160	7	1.90%
Med-Fleet Systems, Inc.	152	5	2.20%			
Publix Supermarket #1020	142	6	2.02%			
(Southgate)						
Cracker Barrel	122	7	2.01%			
Heather Hills Nursing Home	127	8	1.96%	135	9	1.60%
Applicant Insight, Inc.	123	9	1.95%			
Southern Pines Nursing Home	119	10	1.92%			
Community Hospital				898	1	10.68%
The Harbor				512	2	6.09%
Community Hospital Health Care				259	4	3.08%
TCS Communications				163	6	1.94%
Gulfside Regional Hospice				242	5	2.88%
Vista Marketing				140	8	1.66%
	2,254		33.03%	3,134		37.26%

Note: (1) Does not include government or nonprofit agencies.

Source: City of New Port Richey Billing & Collection Division

### **Schedules of Operating Information**

These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.

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# CITY OF NEW PORT RICHEY, FLORIDA FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT CITY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM – LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

Full-Time Equivalent Employees as of September 30

	Full-Time Equivalent Employees as or September 30											
Function/Program	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010		
General Government:												
Legislative	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0		
Executive	1.8	1.8	3.0	2.4	2.8	2.8	2.8	2.0	2.0	2.0		
Technology Solutions (1)	3.8	4.0	4.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	-	-	-		
Human Resources	2.0	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	2.9	2.6	2.0	2.0	2.0		
Financial Administration	14.0	14.0	14.0	14.6	14.6	14.3	14.3	18.3	20.5	20.3		
City Clerk	0.3	0.3	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0		
Police:												
Supervision	2.0	2.0	3.0	3.8	3.8	2.5	2.5	3.0	3.0	3.0		
Support Services	14.7	14.7	16.2	14.8	14.8	13.6	12.6	11.9	11.9	11.9		
Community Services	8.0	9.0	9.0	11.0	11.0	9.0	9.0	10.0	11.0	11.0		
Patrol	35.9	34.7	34.7	28.7	28.7	26.7	26.7	26.9	22.9	24.9		
Code Enforcement	4.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	2.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	2.0	4.5		
Code Enforcement-Grant Funded	-	-	-	-	1.0	1.0	1.0	-	-	-		
Red Light Camera	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.2	2.0	2.0	-	_	_	_		
Fire:	2.0	2.0	2.0		2.0							
Supervision	4.5	4.0	3.7	2.7	3.0	3.0	2.7	2.8	3.0	3.0		
Firefighting	26.1	24.0	24.0	24.1	23.8	23.8	21.8	23.6	25.6	22.1		
Development:	20	20	20		20.0	20.0	20	20.0	20.0			
Development Department	6.7	7.7	10.0	10.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	-	-		
Redevelopment:												
Economic Development	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	-	-	-	2.0		
Development Department	_	-	_	-	_	-	-	_	9.0	10.0		
Public Works:												
Supervision	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	7.0	7.0	7.0		
Road and Street Facilities	6.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0		
Facilities Maintenance	5.8	6.9	5.5	5.5	_	-	-	_	-	-		
Grounds Maintenance	6.0	9.4	9.4	8.0	_	-	-	-	-	-		
Water Production	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0		
Water Distribution	8.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	11.0	12.0	10.0	10.8	10.8	10.0		
Water Pollution Control	13.0	13.0	13.0	13.0	13.0	13.0	13.0	13.0	13.0	13.0		
Sewer Collection	8.0	9.0	8.0	7.0	7.0	8.0	8.0	7.0	6.0	6.0		
Reclaimed Water Production	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0		
Construction Services	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	-	-	-	-	-		
Stormwater	6.0	6.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	3.0	3.0		
Central Garage	3.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	5.0		
Culture and Recreation:												
Library	13.8	13.8	13.7	13.2	13.9	13.9	13.9	14.8	15.3	15.8		
Recreation	16.6	16.6	14.6	11.9	12.5	16.8	16.8	15.8	16.8	17.8		
Aquatics	8.0	8.0	8.3	7.3	6.4	5.3	5.3	6.3	6.3	6.4		
Total	244.0	251.6	252.8	239.9	224.0	214.6	205.0	210.2	213.1	218.7		
* ***												

Source: City of New Port Richey Accounting & Budgeting Division

<sup>(1)</sup> Previously part of Financial Administration

# CITY OF NEW PORT RICHEY, FLORIDA OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM – LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

Function/Program	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
Police:										
Calls for Service	34,500	38,684	32,741	28,461	28,230	27,274	19,471	19,664	22,253	25,370
Physical Arrests	1,601	1,517	985	953	841	884	761	631	911	874
Parking Violations	0	1	7	5	6	5	4	8	51	45
Traffic Violations	2,560	3,704	2.749	1,649	1,462	2,048	1,211	1,187	2,560	2,350
Fire:	2,000	0,704	2,740	1,040	1,-102	2,040	1,211	1,101	2,000	2,000
Emergency Responses	4,836	3,333	3,856	3,923	3,977	3,921	3,753	3,972	3,563	3,385
Fires Extinguished	48	31	29	27	33	46	47	52	68	64
Inspections	2,071	749	890	1,000	1,100	1,088	1,155	1,124	1,086	1,616
Development Services:	_,-,			.,	1,100	1,000	1,100	.,	,,,,,	1,010
Building Permits	1,547	1,757	1,527	1,696	1,515	1,665	1,502	1,376	1,175	1,278
Building Permit Amount	31,100,483	33,125,842	31,678,000	32,809,997	16,400,350	14,606,289	18,606,369	12,090,800	6,092,700	10,575,127
Public Works:	01,100,100	00,120,012	0.,0.0,000	02,000,007	.0, .00,000	. 1,000,200	10,000,000	.2,000,000	0,002,100	.0,0.0,12.
Street Resurfacing (Miles)	4.96	4.17	_	-	-	_	-	-	4.050	4.866
Recreation:										
Daily Attendance	309,584	263,013	251,452	279,456	281,221	280,521	275,952	257,650	257,643	220,361
Memberships	5,353	3,121	2,341	2,275	2,269	2,254	1,768	1,531	1,674	1,648
Library:										
Attendance (1) (2)	139,344	149,432	491,489	491,256	490,920	471,581	488,847	517,655	443,211	422,388
Volumes in Collection (2)	126,243	126,521	167,452	165,487	157,964	141,152	113,859	97,134	95,467	80,116
Total Volumes Borrowed (2)	371,005	142,492	755,412	754,260	734,425	652,164	323,256	339,504	395,630	349,679
Water:										
New Connections	484	354	10	10	45	13	459	(260)	22	7
Avg.Daily Consumption(MG)	6.24	5.91	5.62	5.27	5.15	5.20	5.13	4.91	3.35	3.84
Sewer:										
New Connections	484	289	112	150	20	8	893	(1,040)	7	12
Average Daily Flow (MG)	6.24	5.91	5.62	5.43	5.25	5.133	4.963	5.161	4.856	5.605
Miles of New Sewer Lines	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.610	-	-	-
Reclaimed Water:										
New Connections	-	5	(6)	(12)	19	224	9	(2)	5	5
Avg.Daily Consumption(MG)	4.70	4.62	4.46	4.97	5.05	5.133	4.867	4.389	4.856	5.605
(Pasco County & City)										
Avg.Daily Consumption(MG)	2.31	2.38	2.19	2.21	2.25	2.267	2.182	1.273	1.168	0.664
(City only)										

#### Notes:

N/A = Not Available

MG = Million Gallons

Source: All data was provided by the various City of New Port Richey departments.

<sup>(1)</sup> Attendance was not reported in this table prior to 2010.

<sup>(2)</sup> In 2018, a change in reporting system and method of how information is recorded resulted in a significant change in statistical information from previous years.

# CITY OF NEW PORT RICHEY, FLORIDA CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM – LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

Function/Program	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
Police:										
Stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Fire:										
Stations	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Public Works:										
Streets (Miles)	80.53	80.53	80.53	80.53	80.53	80.53	80.53	80.53	80.53	80.53
Streetlights	2,776	2,762	2,726	2,726	2,726	2,718	2,714	2,704	2,704	2,704
Recreation:										
Number of Parks	12.00	12.00	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12
Acreage	172.43	172.43	172.43	172.43	172.43	158.50	158.50	158.50	158.50	158.50
Baseball Fields	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Community Centers	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Water:										
Water Mains (Miles)	154.19	150.25	142.65	141.22	141.22	139.56	139.56	138.86	138.86	138.70
Fire Hydrants	697	687	669	669	669	669	669	660	657	657
Storage Capacity (MG)	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5
Number of Connections	17,838	17,354	16,951	16,612	16,550	16,505	16,492	16,033	16,293	16,271
Wastewater:										
Number of Connections	14,753	14,269	13,791	13,750	13,600	13,580	13,572	12,679	13,749	13,742
Sanitary Sewers (Miles)	87.52	84.85	84.85	84.77	84.77	84.77	84.77	84.46	84.46	84.46
Forced Main (Miles)	29.37	29.25	29.25	29.25	29.25	29.25	29.25	29.20	29.20	29.20
Treatment Capacity (MG)	7.5	7.5	7.5	7.5	7.5	7.5	7.5	7.5	7.5	7.5
Reclaimed Water:										
Reclaimed Lines (Miles)	29.00	29.00	29.00	29.00	29.00	29.00	28.12	17.83	16.98	16.89
Number of Connections	496	496	493	503	515	496	272	263	265	260

#### Notes:

N/A = Not Available MG = Million Gallons

Source: All data provided by various City of New Port Richey departments



## INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Honorable Mayor, Members of the City Council, and City Manager
City of New Port Richey, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of New Port Richey, Florida (the City) as of and for the year ended September 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated June 29, 2020. Our report includes a reference to other auditors who audited the financial statements of the Police Officers' Retirement System, and the Firefighters' Retirement System, as described in our report on the City's financial statements. This report does not include the results of the other auditors' testing of internal control over financial reporting or compliance and other matters that are reported on separately by those auditors. The financial statements of the Police Officers' Retirement System and the Firefighters' Retirement System were not audited in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.



To the Honorable Mayor, Members of the City Council, and City Manager
City of New Port Richey, Florida

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we considered to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton/arsonAllen LLP

Tampa, Florida June 29, 2020



#### MANAGEMENT LETTER

To the Honorable Mayor, Members of the City Council, and City Manager City of New Port Richey, Florida

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the financial statements of the City of New Port Richey, Florida (City) as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019, and have issued our report thereon dated June 29, 2020.

#### **Auditors' Responsibility**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General.

#### **Other Reporting Requirements**

We have issued our Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*; and Independent Accountants' Report on an examination conducted in accordance with *AICPA Professional Standards*, AT-C Section 315, regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General. Disclosures in those reports and schedule, which are dated June 29, 2020, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

#### **Prior Audit Findings**

Section 10.554(1)(i)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding financial audit report. See Appendix B – Prior year Findings and Recommendations.

#### Official Title and Legal Authority

Section 10.554(1)(i)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that the name or official title and legal authority for the primary government and each component unit of the reporting entity be disclosed in this management letter, unless disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. The City discloses this information in the notes to the financial statements.



To the Honorable Mayor, Members of the City Council, and City Manager
City of New Port Richey, Florida

#### **Financial Condition and Management**

Section 10.554(1)(i)5.a. and 10.556(7), Rules of the Auditor General, require us to apply appropriate procedures and communicate the results of our determination as to whether or not the City has met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and to identify the specific condition(s) met. In connection with our audit, we determined that the City did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.

Pursuant to Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.b. and 10.556(8), Rules of the Auditor General, we applied financial condition assessment procedures for the City. It is management's responsibility to monitor the City's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and the review of financial information provided by same.

Section 10.554(1)(i)2., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we communicate any recommendations to improve financial management. Our current year findings and recommendations are listed as Appendix A to this Management Letter.

#### **Special District Component Units**

Section 10.554(1)(i)5.c., Rules of the Auditor General, requires, if appropriate, that we communicate the failure of a special district that is a component unit of a county, municipality, or special district, to provide the financial information necessary for proper reporting of the component unit, within the audited financial statements of the county, municipality, or special district in accordance with Section 218.39(3)(b), Florida Statutes. The City does not have any special district component units.

#### **Additional Matters**

Section 10.554(1)(i)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not note any such findings.

#### **Purpose of this Letter**

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, federal and other granting agencies, the Mayor, City Council, City Manager, and applicable management, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Tampa, Florida June 29, 2020

#### APPENDIX A – CURRENT YEAR FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS (CONTINUED)

#### 2019-001 - Investment Policy Compliance

#### Criteria

The City's investment policy establishes investment requirements and allocation limits on security types, issuers, and maturities.

#### Condition

The City's concentration in the State Board Administration exceeds the restrictions within the policy.

#### Cause

The City did not actively monitor compliance with its investment policy.

#### **Effect**

By not complying with its investment policy, the City is not compliant with Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, regarding investment compliance.

#### Recommendation

We recommend that the City either alter its investment allocation or modify its policy, as necessary, in order to align with its current investment diversification objectives. Furthermore, the City should establish a process for monitoring compliance with its investment policy.

#### Management's Response

The City does actively monitor compliance with its Investment Policy and the composition of its investments. During FY2019, the City received \$8,723,000 in bond proceeds, which was for the purchase of a utility system and to fund future water and sewer construction projects, the majority of it to cover the later. The City had to put those funds in an investment account at year-end for future use, which caused the allocation in the City's SBA account to slightly exceed the composition limit.

The City has already engaged a firm to review its Investment Policy, which will include a review of the composition percentages to make them more relative to the City's current economic conditions and liquidity requirements.

#### APPENDIX A – CURRENT YEAR FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS (CONTINUED)

#### 2019-002 - Budgetary Control

#### Criteria

A budget is a financial tool to ensure an organization can fulfill its mission. For a budget to be effective, it must be followed and updated if circumstances change mid-year.

#### Condition

The general fund had total expenditures exceeding the approved budget by \$56,549 for the year ended September 30, 2019. The Debt Service Fund had total expenditures exceeding the approved budget by \$527 for the year ended September 30, 2019.

#### Cause

Expenditure overages that were not anticipated in the budget, were not identified by management prior to being incurred. Best practice would be to bring major unanticipated expenses and identified funding sources to City Council in the form of a budget amendment to be formally adopted in a timely manner.

#### **Effect**

Expenditures exceeded the budget and the budget was not amended in a timely manner.

#### Recommendation

We recommend that as management routinely reviews budget to actual reports, if it appears a budget amendment is needed, an amendment should be provided to City Council before over expending the budget.

#### Management's Response

Management concurs with the comment. Although staff brings budget amendments before City Council when necessary, there was an oversight on bringing a budget amendment to City Council related to the City contribution to the Firefighters' Pension Fund. Instead of continuing to contribute to the Firefighters' Pension Plan, management planned on stopping contributions until an overpayment from previous years was exhausted. Therefore, the cost of contributing to the Plan was not included in the FY18-19 Adopted Budget. These terms, however, were not finalized until near fiscal year-end and the City remained contributing into the Plan until they were. A budget amendment for this was overlooked.

#### APPENDIX A – CURRENT YEAR FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS (CONTINUED)

#### 2019-003 - Compliance with Florida Statute 163.387

#### Criteria

Funds in the Redevelopment Trust Fund may be expended from time to time for the undertakings of a community redevelopment agency as described in the community redevelopment plan for purposes denoted within Florida Statute 163.387.

#### Condition

An invoice paid from the Redevelopment Trust Fund include \$15 of sales tax, which is an unallowable expenditure. In addition, the City recorded expenditures totaling \$2,194 in the financial statements for the year ended September 30, 2019 that is related to the prior year.

#### Cause

Oversight on payment of invoice/billing.

#### **Effect**

Non-compliance with Florida Statute 163.387.

#### Recommendation

We recommend that as management adequately reviews documentation prior to disbursement of payment to vendor.

#### Management's Response

In reference to the sales tax of \$15.12, staff provided the City's tax exempt certificate for the purchase; however, sales tax was still charged. Staff disputed the charge with the Vendor. However, after time lapsed, the Vendor would not provide the City with a refund.

As for the two expenditures that totaled \$2,193.50, both were requisitioned close to the City's cut off period for review of PY expenditures and were deemed immaterial to record back to the previous fiscal year.

#### APPENDIX A – CURRENT YEAR FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS (CONTINUED)

#### 2019-004 - Utility Billing Rates

#### Criteria

The City annually increases utility rates by 4% based on Ordinance No. 2014-030 and clarify the utility billing system. Rate increases are effective on bill for November 2018.

#### Condition

During our testing of recalculation of rates for the November bill, we selected parameters (unit type, service type, and meter size), applicable to the increase based on the above Ordinance and to the City, and noted that a certain parameter rate was not reflected accurately in the system, resulting in certain customers being underbilled. This was corrected in the Utility System (SunGard) in August of 2019. Additionally, we noted a certain parameter rate that was inaccurately entered in SunGard for the rate increase, resulting in customers being overcharged. This was corrected in December of 2018.

#### Cause

Lack of adequate review of utility rates calculated and entered into SunGard.

#### **Effect**

Underbilling of \$10 occurred for certain customers with this specific parameter up until July 2019 during the fiscal year. Additionally, eleven customers were overcharged in the aggregate amount of approximately \$5,500, which was not refunded. This was corrected in December of 2018.

#### Recommendation

We recommend a detailed review of utility rates calculated, prior to the rates being entered into SunGard, be performed by a member of management other than the preparer of the rate increase calculation. Furthermore, testing should be performed on a sample of customer bills with parameters that are affected by the rate increase to ensure that the rates are accurately adjusted within the system.

#### Management's Response

Management does perform a review of utility rates; however, documentation of the review was not in place for FY19. Management agrees that the annual review should be documented and has already been put in place with the new Utility Billing software that was implemented in December 2019.

Additionally, during the fiscal year audited, the City was still utilizing an outdated Utility Billing system that made input of annual utility rates and review very difficult and allowed for human error. Now that the City is utilizing a new Utility Billing software, utility rates will be rolled forward in the software systematically, which leaves less room for error and makes review much easier.

### APPENDIX B – PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

1	Prior Year Findings		Current Year Status	
Finding Reference #	Comment	Cleared	Partially Cleared	Not Cleared
2018-001	Timeliness of Closing Process	X		
2017-002	Prior Period Adjustments	х		



#### INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor, Members of the City Council, and City Manager City of New Port Richey, Florida

We have examined the City of New Port Richey, Florida's (City) compliance with Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, regarding the investment of public funds during the year ended September 30, 2019. Management of the City is responsible for the City's compliance with the specified requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the City's compliance with the specified requirements based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we plan and perform the examination to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the City complied, in all material respects, with the specified requirements referenced above. An examination involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about whether the City complied with the specified requirements. The nature, timing, and extent of the procedures selected depend on our judgment, including an assessment of the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error. We believe that the evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the City's compliance with specified requirements.

Our examination disclosed noncompliance with requirements set forth in Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, applicable to the City's investment of public funds during the year ended September 30, 2019. In our opinion, because of the effect of the noncompliance with its investment policy, the City has not complied with the aforementioned requirements for the year ended September 30, 2019.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the City and the Auditor General, state of Florida and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

lifton Larson Allen LLP

Tampa, Florida June 29, 2020



City of New Port Richey 5919 Main Street New Port Richey, FL 34652